Important Safety Notice

AWARNING

Indicates a strong possibility of severe personal injury or death if instructions are not followed.

CAUTION: Indicates a possibility of equipment damage if instructions are not followed.

NOTE:

Gives helpful information.

Detailed descriptions of standard workshop procedures, safety principles and service operations are not included. It is important to note that this manual contains *some* warnings and cautions against some specific service methods which could cause **PERSONAL INJURY** to service personnel or could damage a vehicle or render it unsafe. Please understand that those warnings could not cover all conceivable ways in which service, whether or not recommended by Honda, might be done or of the possibly hazardous consequences of each conceivable way, nor could Honda investigate all such ways. Anyone using service procedures or tools, whether or not recommended by Honda, *must statisfy himself thoroughly that neither personal safety nor vehicle safety will be jeopardized by the service methods or tools selected*.

Type Codes

- * Throughout this addendum, the following abbreviations are used to identify individual model.
- The asterisk (*) indicates that this addendum is applicable for the corresponding area type.

Code	Available	Area Type	
ED	*	European direct sales	
Ē	*	U.K.	
F	*	France	
G (G I /GII/GIII)	*	Germany (Full power/Limited power) .	
U	*	Australia	
SA		South Africa	
ND		North Europe	100100
SW	*	Switzerland	
SD		Sweden	
FI		Finland	
N		Norway	
IT		Italy	
В		Belgium	
H ,		Netherland	
AR	*	Austria	
D (DK, DM)		General export (km/h, mph)	
SP	*	Spain	

Introduction

This service manual describes the service procedures of the CB750F2.

This Model Specific Manual includes every service procedure that is of a specific nature to this particular model. Basic service procedures that are common to other Honda Motorcycle/Motor Scooter/ATV are covered in the Common Service Manual. This Model Specific Service Manual should be used together with the Common Service Manual in order to provide complete service information on all aspects of this motorcycle.

Performing the first scheduled maintenance is very important.

It compensates for the initial wear that occurs during the break-in period.

Section 1 and 3 apply to the whole motorcycle, Section 2 illustrates procedures for removal/installation of components that may be required to perform service described in the following sections. Sections 4 through 17 described in the following sections. Sections 4 through 17 describe parts of the motorcycle, grouped according to location.

Find the section you want on this page, then turn the table of contents on the first page of the section.

Mont sections describe the service procedure through system illustration. Refer to the next page for details on how to use this manual.

If you don't know the source of the trouble, go to section 18 Troubleshooting.

ALL INFORMATION, ILLUSTRATION, DIRECTIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDED IN THIS PUBLICATION ARE BASED ON THE LATEST PRODUCT INFORMATION AVILABLE AT THE TIME OF APPROVAL FOR PRINTING. HONDA MOTOR CO., LTD. RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES AT ANY TIME WITHOUT INCURRING ANY OBRIGATION WHATEVER. NO PART OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE REPRODUCED WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION. THIS MANUAL IS WRITTEN FOR PERSONS WHO HAVE ACQUIRED BASIC KNOWLEDGE OF MAINTENANCE ON HONDA MOTORCYCLES, MOTOR SCOOTERS OR ATVS.

HONDA MOTOR CO., LTD.
SERVICE PUBLICATION OFFICE

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How To Use This Manual

Finding The Information You Need

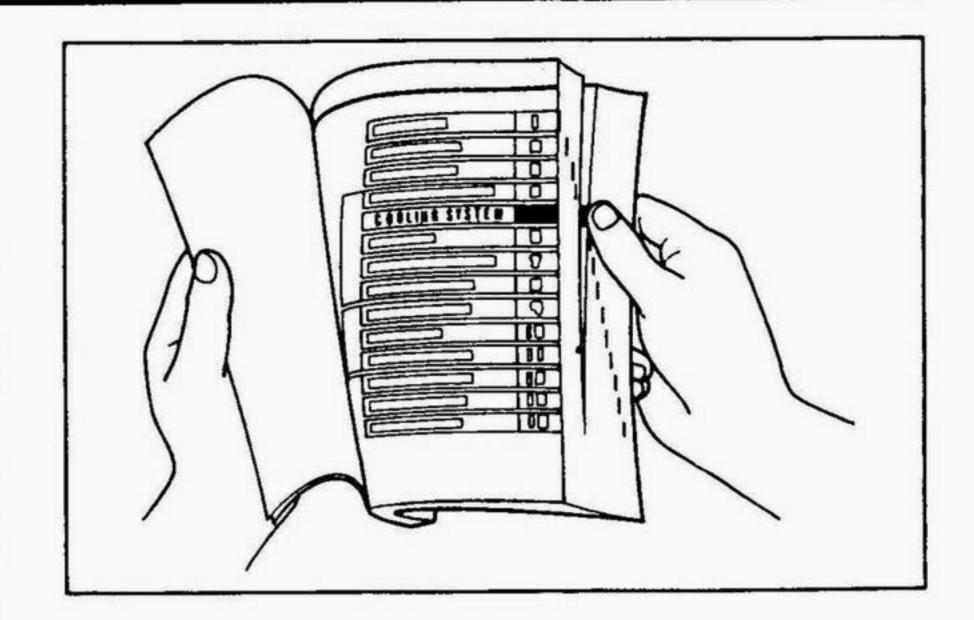
 This manual is divided into sections which cover each of the major components of the motorcycle.

To quickly find the section you are interested in, the first page of each section is marked with a black tab that lines up with one of the thumb index tabs before this page.

The first page of each section lists the table of contents within the section.

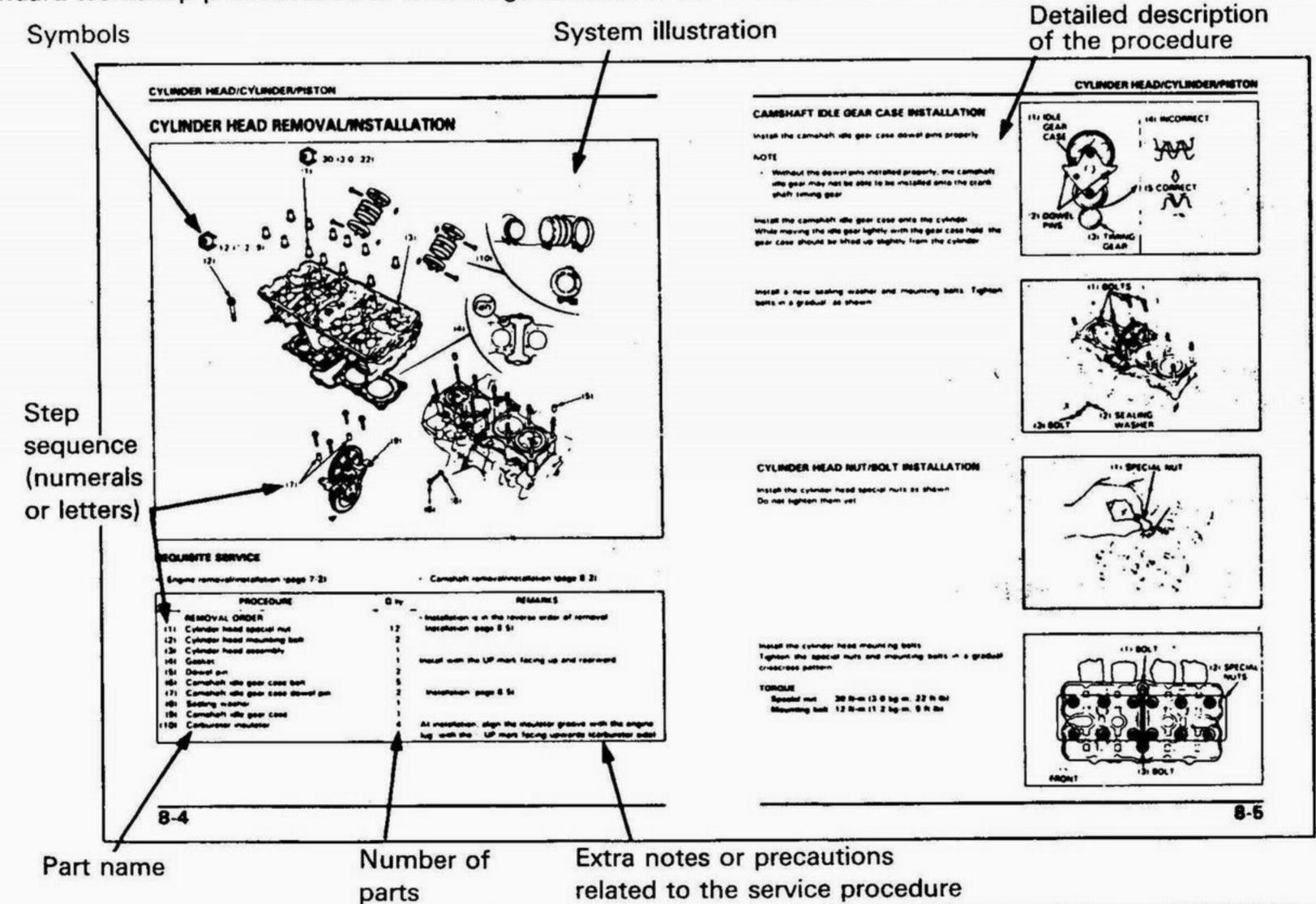
Read the sevice information and troubleshooting related to the section before you begin working.

 An index of the entire book is provided in the last chapter to directly locate the information you need.



Understanding The Instructions

- The removal and installation of parts are for the most part illustrated by large and clear illustrations that should provide the reader with visual aid in understanding the major point for servicing.
- The system illustrations are augmented by callouts whose numbers or letters indicate the order in which the parts should be removed or installed.
- The sequence of steps represented numerically are differentiated from the ones represented alphabetically to notifly the reader that they must perform these steps seperately.
 - For example, if the steps prior and up to camshaft removal are performed with the engine installed, but the subsequent steps like cylinder head removal require engine removal, the callouts are grouped in numerical and alphabetical orders.
- The illustrations may contain symbols to indicate necessary service procedures and precautions that need to be taken.
 Refer to the next page for the meaning of each symbol.
- Also in the illustration is a chart that lists information such as the order in which the part is removed/installed, the name
 of the part, and some extra notes that may be needed.
- Step by step instructions are provided to supplement the illustrations when detailed explanation of the procedure is necessary or illustrations alone would not suffice.
- Service procedures required before or after the procedure are described on that particular page, or inspection/adjustment procedures required following the installation of parts, are described under the title Requisite Service.
- · Standard workshop procedures and knowledge covered in the Common Service Manual are abbreviated in this manual.



Symbols

The symbols uned throughout this manual show specific service procedures. If supplementary information is required pertaining to these symbols, it would be explained specifically in the text without the use of the symbols.

	Replace the part(s) with new one(s) before assembly.
S. TOOL	Use special tool.
O.P. TOOL	Use optional tool. Use the same procedure you use to order parts.
10 (1.0, 7.2)	Torque secification 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7.2 ft-lb).
701	Use recommended engine oil, unless otherwise specialed.
Mo OII	Use molybdenum oil solution (mixture of engine oil and molybdenum grease in a ratio of 1:1).
GREASE	Use multi-purpose grease (Lithium based multi-purpose grese NLGI #2 or equivalent).
- FMMH	Use molybdenum disulfide grease (containing more than 3% molybdenum disulfide, NLGI #2 or equivalent). Example: Molykote® BR-2 plus manufactured by Dow Corning, U.S.A. Multi-purpose M-2 manufactured by Mitsubishi Oil Japan
MEN	Use molybdenum disulfide paste (containing more than 40% molybdenum disulfide, NLGI #2 or equivalent). Example: Molykote® G-n Paste manufactured by Dow Corning, U.S.A. Honda Moly 60 (U.S.A. only) Rocol ASP manufactured by Rocol Limited, U.K. Rocol Paste manufactured by Sumico Lubricant, Japan
- SH	Use silicone grease.
LOCK	Apply a locking agent. Use a middle strength locking agent unless otherwise specified.
SEADS	Apply sealant.
BRAKE	Use brake fluid, DOT 3 or DOT 4. Use the recommended brake fluid, unless otherwise specified.
FORK	Use Fork or Suspension Fluid.

1. General Information

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General Safety

Carbon Monoxide

If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.

AWARNING

 The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death.

Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.

Gasoline

Work in a well ventilated area. Keep cigarettes, flames or sparks away from the work area or where gasoline is stored.

AWARNING

 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Hot Components

AWARNING

 Engine and exhaust system parts become very hot and remain hot for some time after the engine is run. Wear insulated gloves or wait until the engine and exhaust system have cooled before handling these parts.

Used Engine/Transmission Oil

AWARNING

 Used engine oil (or transmission oil in two-strokes) may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Brake Dust

Never use an air hose or dry brush to clean brake assemblies.

AWARNING

 Inhaled asbestos fibers have been found to cause respiratory disease and cancer.

Brake Fluid

CAUTION

 Spilling fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts will damage them. Place a clean shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
 KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

MEMO

Coolant

Under some conditions, the ethylene glycol in engine coolant is combustible and its flame is not visible. If the ethylene glycol does ignite, you will not see any flame, but you can be burned.

AWARNING

- Avoid spilling engine coolant on the exhaust system or engine parts. They may be hot enough to cause the coolant to ignite and burn without a visible flame.
- Coolant (ethylene glycol) can cause some skin irritation and is poisonous if swallowed. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Do not remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. The coolant is under pressure and could scald you.
- Keep hands and clothing away from the cooling fan, as it starts automatically.

If it contacts your skin, wash the affected areas immediately with soap and water. If it contacts your eyes, flush them thoroughly with fresh water and get immediate medical attention. If it is swallowed, the victim must be forced to vomit then rinse mouth and throat with fresh water before obtaining medical attention. Because of these dangers, always store coolant in a safe place, away from the reach of children.

Nitrogen Pressure

For shock absorbers with a gas-filled reservoir:

A WARNING

- Use only nitrogen to pressurize the shock absorber. The use of an unstable gas can cause a fire or explosion resulting in serious injury.
- The shock absorber contains nitrogen under high pressure. Allowing fire or heat near the shock absorber could lead to an explosion that could result in serious injury.
- Failure to release the pressure from a shock absorber before disposing of it may lead to a possible explosion and serious injury if it is heated or pierced.

To prevent the possibility of an explosion, release the nitrogen by pressing the valve core. Then remove the valve stem from the shock absorber reservoir.

Before disposal of the shock absorber, release the nitrogen by pressing the valve core. Then remove the valve stem from the shock absorber.

Battery Hydrogen Gas & Electrolyte

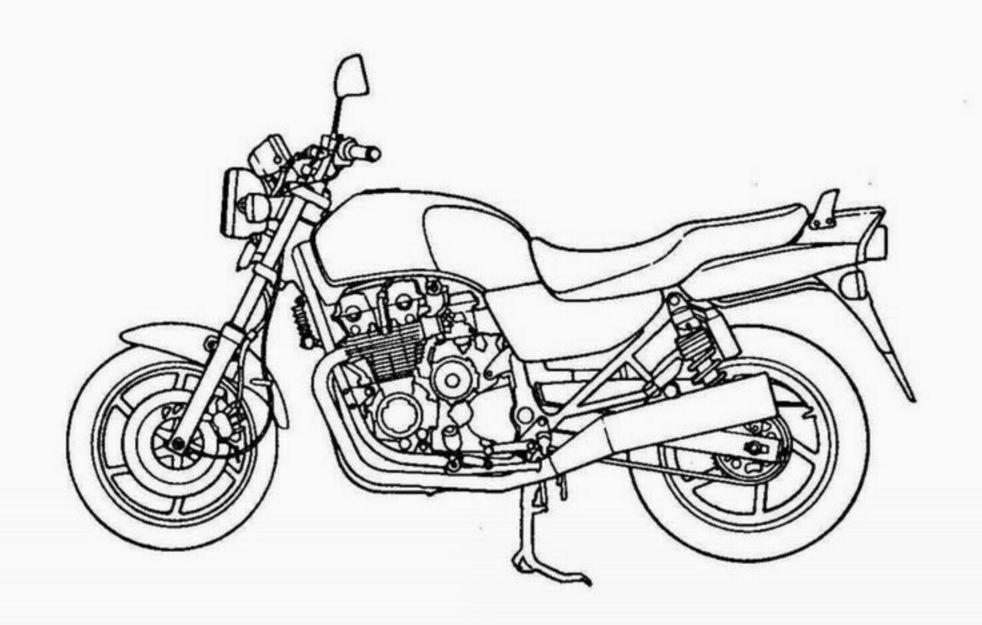
AWARNING

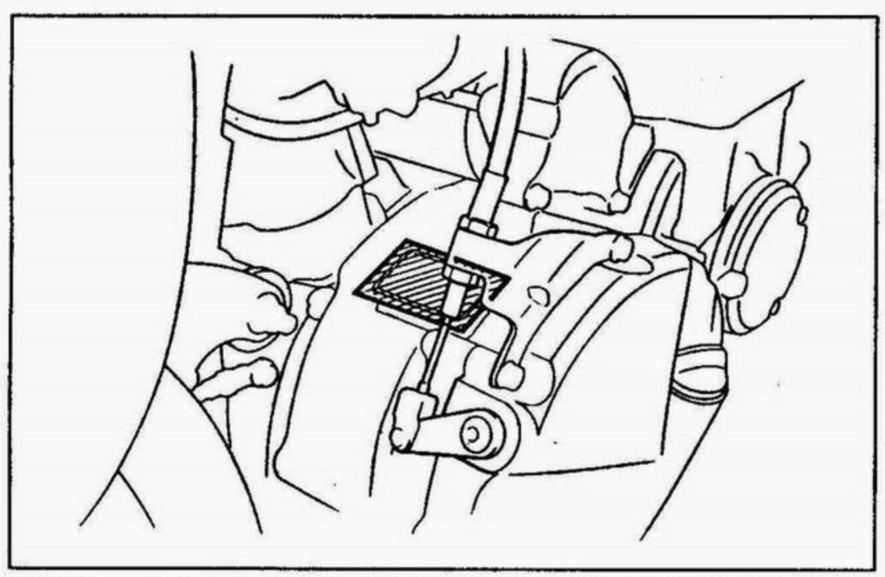
- The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation when charging.
- The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte).
 Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns.

Wear protective clothing and a face shield.

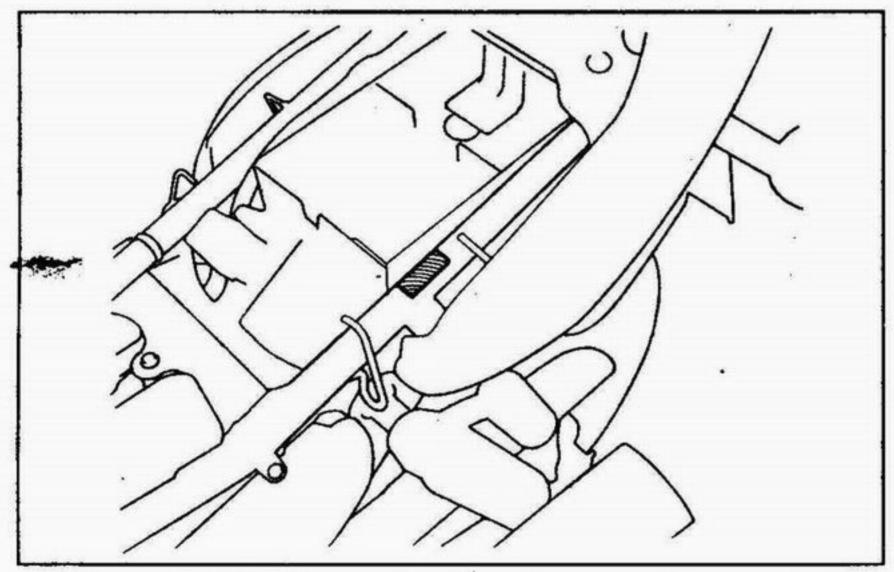
- If electrolyte gets on your skin flush with water.
- If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician.
- Electrolyte is poisonous.
 - If swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and follow with milk of magensia or vegetable oil and call a physician. KEEP.OUT OF REACH OF CHILDTEN.

Model Identiication

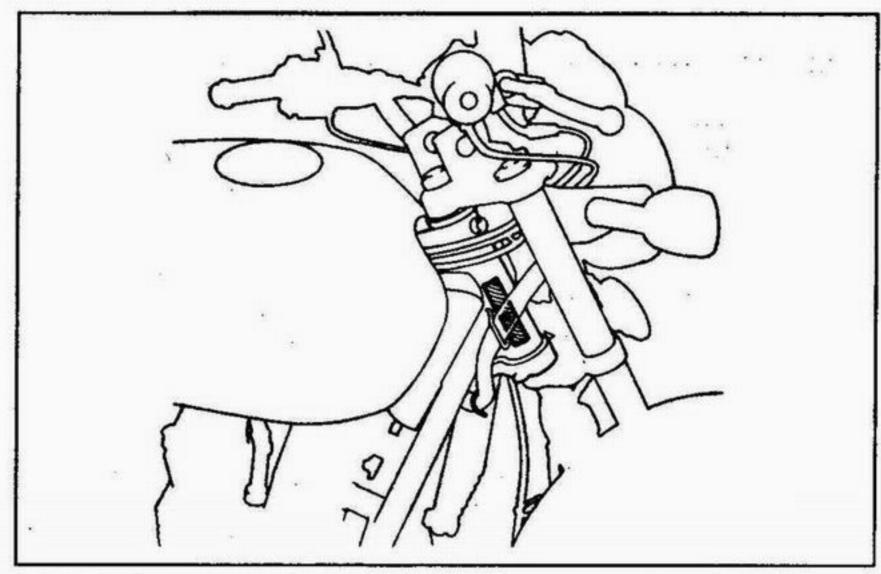




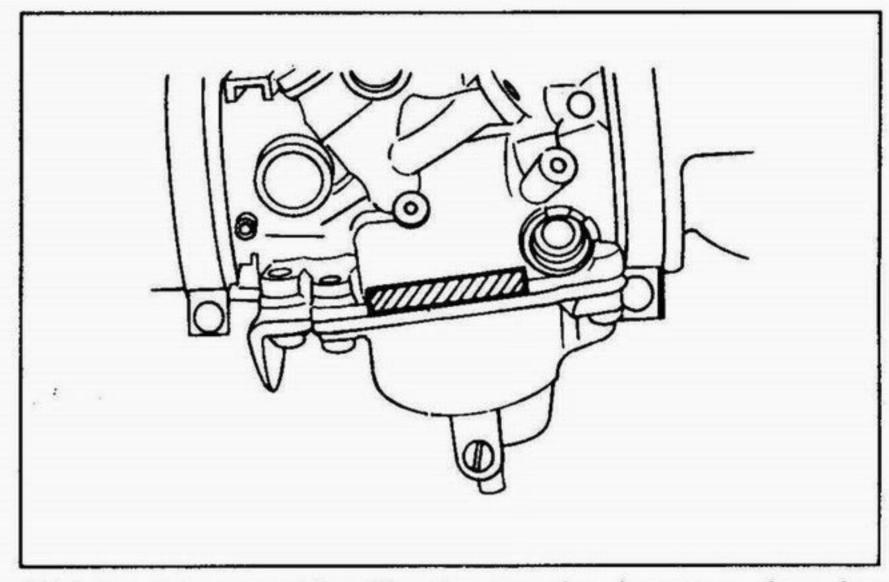
(2) The engine serial number is stamped on the upper right of the crankcase.



(4) The color label is attached as shown. When ordering color-coded parts, always specify the designated color code.



(1) The frame serial number is stamped on the right side of the steering head.



(3) The carburetor identification number is stamped on the left side of the carburetor body.

Specifications

General — Item		Specifications	
Dimensions Overall length G, AR, SW		2,220 mm (87.4 in)	
		2,155 mm (84.8 in)	
	Overall width	780 mm (30.7 in)	
	Overall height	1,100 mm (43.3 in)	
	Wheelbase	1,495 mm (58.9 in)	
	Seat height	795 mm (31.3 in)	
		338 mm (13.3 in)	
	Footpeg height	130 mm (5.1 in)	
	Ground clearance	215 kg (474 lbs)	
	Dry weight	235 kg (518 lbs)	
	Curb weight	190 kg (419 lbs)	
	Maximum weight capacity		
Frame	Frame type	Double cradle Telescopic fork	
	Front suspension	130 mm (5.1 in)	
	Front wheel travel		
	Rear suspension	Swingarm	
	Rear wheel travel	110 mm (4.3 in)	
	Rear damper	Reserve-tank type	
	Front tire size	120/70ZR17, 120/70R17 58V	
	Rear tire size	150/70ZR17, 150/70R17 69V	
	Tire brand (Bridgestone) FR/RR		
	Tire brand (Dunlop) FR/RR	D202F/D202	
	Tire brand (Yokohama) FR/RR		
	Tire brand (Michelin) FR/RR	A89X/M89X	
	Front brake	Hydraulic disc brake	
	Rear brake	Hydraulc disc brake	
	Caster angle	26°	
	Trail length	91 mm (3.6 in)	
	Fuel tank capacity	20 lit. (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	
	Fuel tank reserve capacity	3 lit. (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt)	
Engine	Bore and stroke	67.0×53.0 mm (2.6×2.1 in) .	
-	Displacement	747 cc (45.6 cu-in)	
	Compression ratio	9.3:1	
	Valve train	Silent multi-link chain drive and DOHC with rocker arm	
	Intake valve opens (at 1 mm lift)	0°BTDC	
	Intake valve closes (at 1 mm lift)	35°ABDC	
	Exhaust valve opens (at 1 mm lift)	30°BBDC	
	Exhaust valve closes (at 1 mm lift)	-5°ATDC	
	Lubrication system	Forced pressure and wet sump	
	Oil pump type	Trochoid	
	Cooling system	Air cooled	
	Air filtration	Paper filter	
	Crankshaft type	Unit-type	
	Engine dry weight	82 kg (181 lbs)	
	Firing order	1-2-4-3	
	Cylinder arrangement	In-line four	
	Cylinder arrangement Cylinder number	THE MILE TOUR	
	Front $(#1)(#2)(#3)(#4)$		

General (cont'd) Item		Specifications	
Carburetor	Carburetor type Throttle bore	Constant vacuum 4 carburetors 34 mm (1.3 in)	
Drive Train	Clutch system Clutch operation system Transmission Primary reduction Secondary reduction Third reduction Final reduction Gear ratio 1st Gear ratio 2nd Gear ratio 3rd Gear ratio 4th Gear ratio 5th Gear ratio 6th Gear ratio reverse Gearshift pattern	Multi-plate, wet Mechanical type 5 speeds 1.780 (73/41) 2.667 (40/15) 3.000 (42/14) 2.056 (37/18) 1.545 (34/22) 1.240 (31/25) 1.074 (29/27) Left foot operated return system 1-N-2-3-4-5	
Electrical	Ignition system Starting system Charging system Regulator/rectifier type Lighting sysem AC regulator type	Full transistor ignition Starter motor Triple phase output alternator Field control/triple phase full-wave rectification Battery ——	

Item	Standard	Service Limit
Engne oil capacity at draining at disassembly at oil filter change Recommended engine oil OIL VISCOSITIES TOW Single grade 20 20W 30	2.8 lit. (2.9 US qt, 2.5 Imp qt) 3.8 lit. (4.0 US qt, 3.3 Imp qt) 3.0 lit. (3.2 US qt, 2.6 Imp qt) Use Honda 4-stroke Oil or equivalent API Service Classification: SE, SF or SG Viscosity: SAE 10W-40	
20W-50 20W-40 10W-40 10W-30	Other viscosities shown in the chart may be used when the average temperature in your riding area is within the indicated range.	
20 40 60 60 100 F Oil pressure (80°C/176°F)	630 kPa (6.3 kg/cm², 90 psi) at	
	6,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	0 00 (0 000)
Oil pump rotor tip clearance ① body clearance ② end clearance ③	0.10 (0.004) 0.15-0.22 (0.006-0.009) 0.02-0.07 (0.001-0.003)	0.20 (0.008) 0.35 (0.014) 0.10 (0.004)
Fuel System——————		
Carburetor identification number		
E, F, ED, SP, U AR	VE66E VE66G	
G I	VE66H	
V (GD)	V 20011	
GII	VE66J	
GIII	VE66J VE66L	
GIII SW	VE66J	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude)	VE66J VE66K VE66K	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G	VE66J VE66L VE66K ———————————————————————————————————	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII	VE66L VE66K 	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G	VE66L VE66K 	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front)	VE66L VE66K 	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear)	VE66L VE66K 	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear)	VE66L VE66K 	
GIII SW Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening	VE66L VE66K —— #112 #110 #108 —— #35	
Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G	VE66J VE66K ———————————————————————————————————	
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Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G AR SW	VE66J VE66K ———————————————————————————————————	
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Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G AR SW Pilot screw high altitude adjustment Air screw initial opening Air screw high altitude adjustment Float level Carburetor vacuum difference Base carburetor (For carburetor synchronization) Idle speed	VE66L VE66K #112 #110 #108 #35 2 turns out 2-1/4 turns out 2-3/4 turns out	
Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G AR SW Pilot screw high altitude adjustment Air screw initial opening Air screw high altitude adjustment Float level Carburetor vacuum difference Base carburetor (For carburetor synchronization) Idle speed SW	VE66L VE66K #112 #110 #108 #35 2 turns out 2-1/4 turns out 2-3/4 turns out	
Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G AR SW Pilot screw high altitude adjustment Air screw initial opening Air screw high altitude adjustment Float level Carburetor vacuum difference Base carburetor (For carburetor synchronization) Idle speed SW Throttle grip free play	VE66L VE66K #112 #110 #108 #35 2 turns out 2-1/4 turns out 2-3/4 turns out	
Main jet (High altitude) (2, 3) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (1, 4) E, F, ED, SP, U, AR, G GII, GIII (Front) (Rear) Slow jet Jet needle clip position Pilot screw initial opening E, F, ED, SP, U, G AR SW Pilot screw high altitude adjustment Air screw initial opening Air screw high altitude adjustment Float level Carburetor vacuum difference Base carburetor (For carburetor synchronization) Idle speed SW	VE66L VE66K #112 #110 #108 #35 2 turns out 2-1/4 turns out 2-3/4 turns out	

Cylinder Head	Standard	Service Limit
Cylinder compression	981-1373 kPa (10.0-14.0 kg/cm²,	
	142-199 psi)/250 min-1(rpm)	
Cylinder compression synchronization difference		392kPa (4.0kg/
		cm ² , 57psi)
Valve clearance IN		
EX		
Cylinder head warpage		0.10 (0.004)
Cam lobe height (1) IN	32.252-32.412 (1.2697-1.2760)	32.17 (1.266)
IN (California model)	32.252-32.412 (1.2697-1.2760)	32.17 (1.266)
EX	32.136-32.296 (1.2651-1.2714)	3.05 (0.907)
EX (California model)	32.136-32.296 (1.2651-1.2714)	32.05 (0.907)
		0.10 (0.004)
Camshaft runout ②	0.020-0.062 (0.0007-0.0024)	0.09 (0.003)
Camshaft oil clearance A		0.12 (0.004)
В	0.055-0.097 (0.0021-0.0038)	0.12 (0.004)
HOLD HOLD HOLD		
Camshaft journal O.D. (A)	25.959-25.980 (1.0220-1.0228)	*
(B)	25.929-25.950 (1.0208-1.0216)	
Camshaft holder I.D. (A)	26.000-26.033 (1.0236-1.0249)	
(B)	26.010-26.031 (1.0240-1.0248)	
Valve stem O.D. IN	4.975-4.990 (0.1959-0.1965)	4.97 (0.195)
EX	4.955-4.970 (0.1951-0.1957)	4.94 (0.194)
Valve guide I.D. IN	5.000-5.012 (0.1969-0.1973)	5.04 (0.198)
EX	5.000-5.012 (0.1969-0.1973)	5.04 (0.198)
Stem-to-guide clearance IN	0.010-0.037 (0.0006-0.0017)	0.07 (0.003)
EX	0.030-0.057 (0.0012-0.0022)	0.09 (0.004)
Valve guide projection above cylinder head IN		1
EX		
Before guide installation: 1. Chill the valve guides in the freezer section of a refrigerator for about an hour.		
2. Heat the cylinder head to 100-150°C (212-300°F)		
Valve seat width	0.9-1.1	1.5 (0.06)
Valve spring free length IN	43.7 (1.720)	42.2 (1.66)
EX	43.7 (1.720)	42.2 (1.66)
inner IN		
inner EX		
outer IN	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
outer EX		
Rocker arm I.D. IN		
EX	l —— ·	
Sub-rocker arm I.D. IN		
EX		
Rocker arm shaft O.D. IN		
Sub-rocker arm shaft O.D. IN		
Rocker arm-to-rocker arm shaft clearance		
Sub-rocker arm-to-rocker arm shaft clearance		
Valve lifter O.D.	· ·	
Valve lifter 0.D.		
Hydraulic lash adjuster assist spring free length	<u> </u>	
Hydraulic lash adjuster assist spring free length Hydraulic lash adjuster compression stroke with kerosene	0-0.2 (0-0.008)	

Cylinder/Piston Item	Standard	Service Limit
Cylinder I.D. Cylinder out of round Cylinder taper Cylinder warpage Piston mark direction Piston O.D. (D) Piston O.D. measurement point (H) Piston pin hole I.D. (d)	67.000-67.010 (2.6378-2.6381) —— "IN" mark facing (toward the intake side 66.960-66.990 (2.636-2.637) 14 mm (0.55 in) from the bottom 17.002-17.008 (0.6694-0.6696)	67.10 (2.641) 0.05 (0.002) 0.05 (0.002) 0.10 (0.004) 66.90 (2.634) 17.05 (0.671)
(d) — (H)		
Cylinder-to-piston clearance Piston pin O.D. Piston-to-piston pin clearance Connecting rod-to-piston pin clearance Top ring-to-ring groove clearance Second ring-to-ring groove clearance Top ring end gap Second ring end gap Oil ring (side rail) end gap Top ring mark Second ring mark	0.010-0.050 (0.0003-0.0019) 16.994-17.000 (0.6691-0.6693) 0.002-0.014 (0.0001-0.0006) 0.016-0.040 (0.0004-0.0020) 0.015-0.045 (0.0006-0.0018) 0.015-0.30 (0.006-0.0018) 0.15-0.30 (0.006-0.012) 0.30-0.45 (0.012-0.018) 0.20-0.70 (0.008-0.028) "M" Mark side facing up "RN" Mark side facing up	0.10 (0.004) 16.98 (0.669) 0.04 (0.002) 0.06 (0.002) 0.06 (0.002) 0.05 (0.019) 0.65 (0.025) 0.9 (0.035)
Crankshaft Connecting rod small end I.D. Connecting rod big end side clearance radial clearance Crankshaft runout ①	17.016-17.034 (0.6699-0.6706) 0.05-0.20 (0.002-0.008)	17.07 (0.672) 0.3 (0.01) 0.05 (0.002)
Crankpin oil clearance Connecting rod bearing selection Main journal oil clearance	0.024-0.057 (0.0009-0.0022) See page 9-15 0.020-0.054 (0.0007-0.0021) See page 9-14	0.06 (0.002)

See page 9-14

Main journal bearing selection

Transmission Item	Standard	Service Limit
Transmission gear I.D. M5	28.000-28.021 (1.1024-1.1032)	28.04 (1.104)
C1	24.000-24.021 (0.9449-0.9457)	24.04 (0.946)
C2, 3, 4	31.000-31.025 (1.2205-1.2215)	31.04 (1.222)
Transmission gear bushing O.D. M5	27.959-27.980 (1.1007-1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)
C2, 3, 4	30.950-30.975 (1.2185-1.2195)	30.93 (1.222)
Transmission gear bushing I.D. M5	24.985-25.006 (0.9837-0.9845)	25.03 (0.985)
C2	27.985-28.006 (1.1018-1.1026)	28.03 (1.104)
Gear-to-bushing clearance at M5 gear	0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024)	0.10 (0.004)
C2, 3, 4	0.025-0.075 (0.0010-0.0030)	0.11 (0.004)
Mainshaft O.D. at M5 gear	24.959-24.980 (0.9826-0.9835)	24.94 (0.982)
M5		
Countershaft O.D. at C1 gear	19.987-20.000 (0.7869-0.7874)	19.97 (0.786)
C2 gear	27.967-27.980 (1.1011-1.1016)	27.94 (1.100)
	27.007 27.000 (1.1011 1.1010)	27.04 (1.100)
C2		
d C1		
T U U U†		
Gear-to-shaft clearance		
Gear bushing-to-shaft clearance at M5 gear	0.005-0.047 (0.0002-0.0019)	0.09 (0.003)
C2	0.005-0.047 (0.0002-0.0019)	0.08 (0.003)
Shift fork claw thickness (L)		0.08 (0.003)
(C)	6.43-6.50 (0.253-0.256) . 6.43-6.50 (0.253-0.256)	6.1 (0.24)
(C) (R)		6.1 (0.24)
Shift fork I.D. (L)	6.43-6.50 (0.253-0.256)	6.1 (0.24)
	14.000-14.021 (0.5512-0.5520)	14.04 (0.553)
(C) (R)	14 000 14 021 (0 FE12 0 FE20)	14.04.(0.550)
Shift fork shaft O.D.	14.000-14.021 (0.5512-0.5520)	14.04 (0.553)
Jint lork shall O.D.	13.966-13.984 (0.5498-0.5505)	13.90 (0.547)

Clutch System — Item	Standard	Service Limit
Clutch lever free play	10-20 (3/8-3/4)	
Recommended clutch fluid		
Clutch master cylinder I.D.		
Clutch master piston O.D.		
Clutch outer I.D.		
Clutch outer guide O.D.		
I.D.	24.995-25.012 (0.9841-0.9847)	25.08 (0.987)
Mainshaft O.D. at clutch outer guide		
Clutch spring free heigth		
Clutch spring free length		
Clutch disc thickness		
Clutch disc thickness (A)	3.22-3.38 (0.127-0.133)	2.90 (0.11)
(B)	3.22-3.38 (0.127-0.133)	2.90 (0.11)
	3.42-3.58 (0.127-0.133)	3.20 (0.12)
(C)	3.42-3.56 (0.135-0.141)	0.3 (0.01)
Clutch plate warpage		0.3 (0.01)
Centrifugal clutch drum I.D.		
bushing O.D.		
Centrifugal clutch center guide I.D.		
O.D.	-:	
Centrifugal clutch center guide collar height		1
Centifugal clutch weight lining thickness		
Centrifugal clutch spring free length		
Clutch lining thickness		
Crankshaft O.D. at clutch center	·	
(Reserve tank) Radiator cap relief pressure		
Thermostat begins to open		
Thermostat fully open		
Thermostat valve lift	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Drive Train —	·	
Recommended final drive oil		
Final drive gear oil capacity at disassembly	<u> </u>	
at draining		
Final drive gear backlash		
Final drive gear backlash difference between		
measurement		
Ring gear-to-stop pin clearance (A)		
Stop pin shim		
Ring gear spacer		
Pinion spacer		
Final drive gear assembly preload		
25 C.		
Output gear backlash		
Output gear I.D.	1	•
Output gear bushing O.D.		
I.D.		
Output drive shaft O.D.		
Output gea damper spring free length		
Output shaft adjustment shim		
Countershaft drive shaft adjustment shim		2000

Wheels/Tires - Item		Standard	Service Limit
Minimum tire tread depth (FR)			1.5 (0.06)
(RR)			2.0 (0.08)
Cold tire pressure Driver only (FR)	*	250 kPa (2.50 kg/cm², 36 psi)	
Driver only (RR)		250 kPa (2.50 kg/cm², 36 psi)	
Driver and passenger (FR)		250 kPa (2.50 kg/cm², 36 psi)	1
Driver and passenger (RR)		290 kPa (2.90 kg/cm², 42 psi)	
Front and rear axle runout			0.2 (0.008)
Front and rear wheel rim runout	(Radial)		2.0 (0.08)
	(Axial)		2.0 (0.08)
Front wheel hub-to-rim distance			
Front wheel hub standard surface			
Rear wheel hub-to-rim distance		. ————	
Rear wheel hub standard surface			
Wheel balance weight (Front)			60 g (2.1 oz)
(Rear)			60 g (2.1 oz)
Drive chain slack		30-40 (1.18-1.57)	
Drive chain size/link (DID)		DID 525 V9/112	
(RK)		RK 525 SM4/112	

Front Suspension —		
Fork spring free length	270.8 (10.66)	265.4 (10.45)
Fork spring free length A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
В		
Fork spring direction	Tapered coil end facing down	_ -
Fork tube runout		0.2 (0.01)
Recommended fork oil	Fork fluid	
Fork oil level	110 (4.33)	
Fork oil level (R)		
(L)		
Fork oil capacity	482cm ³ (16.30 US oz, 16.91 Imp oz)	
Fork oil capacity (R)		
(L)		
Fork air pressure	•	
Steering bearing preload	1.0-1.5 kg (2.2-3.3 lb)	-

Shock absorber spring free length	252.7 (9.95)	247.7 (9.75)
Shock absorber spring free length (A)		
(B)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Damper gas pressure	490 kPa (5 kg/cm², 71.1 psi)	
Damper compressed gas	Nitrogen	
Damper rod compressed force at 10 mm compressed	6.5-10 kg	
Damper drilling point	see page 11-9	
Shock absorber spring installed length (Standard)		<u> </u>
(Adjustable range)		
Shock absorber spring adjuster standard position ·	2nd groove	
Shock absorber spring direction	Tapered coil facing down	
Recommended shock absorber oil		
Shock absorber oil capacity		
air pressure	· ———	

Brakes ———	Item :	Standard	Service Limit
ront brake fluid		DOT 4	
brake lever free pl	ay		
brake pad wear in			To the groove
brake disc thickne	ess	5.0 (0.20)	4.0 (0.16)
brake disc runout			0.25 (0.012)
master cylinder I.		12.700-12.743 (0.5000-0.5017)	12.76 (0.502)
master cylinder r.		12.657-12.684 (0.4983-0.4994)	12.65 (0.498)
caliper cylinder I.		25.400-25.450 (1.0000-1.0020)	25.46 (1.002)
caliper cylinder I.			
Camper Cymrider 1.	(Lower)		
caliper piston O.E	•	25.335-25.368 (0.9974-0.9987)	25.33 (0.997)
caliper piston O.E			
caliper pistori O.L	(Lower)		·
brake drum I.D.	(LOVVCI)		
brake lining thick	ness		·
Rear brake fluid	1000	DOT 4	
brake pedal heigh	+		
brake pedal free p			
brake pad wear in			To the groove
brake disc thickn	ess	5.0 (0.20)	4.0 (0.16)
run			0.25 (0.01)
master cylinder I.		12.700-12.743 (0.5000-0.5017)	12.76 (0.502)
master piston O.		12.657-12.684 (0.4983-0.4994)	12.65 (0.498)
caliper cylinder I.		38.180-38.230 (1.5031-1.5051)	38.24 (1.506)
caliper piston O,		38.115-38.148 (1.5006-1.5019)	38.11 (1.500)
brake drum I.D.			
brake lining thick	ness		

Г Battery/Charging System ————		
Alternator/charging coil resistance (At 20°C/68°F) Regulator/rectifier regulated voltage/amperage Battery capacity Battery specific gravity (Fully charging) (Needs charging)	0.4-0.6 Ω 13.0-15.0 V/below 0.5 A/2,000 rpm 12V-14Ah 1.270-1.290 Below 1.260	
Battery charging rate (Normal) (Quick)	1.4 A/10h	
Battery voltage (Fully charged 20° C/68° F) (Needs charging 20° C/68° F)		
Alternator field coil resistance (At 20°C/68°F) AC regulator regulated voltage (With analogue type) (With digital type)	2.1-2.6 Ω	

Ignition System Item	Standard	Service Limit
Spark plug (Standard NGK)	DPR8EA-9	
(Standard NIPPONDENSO)	X24EPR-U9	
(For extended high speed riding NGK)	DPR9EA-9	
(For extended high speed riding NIPPONDENSO)	X27EPR-U9	
Spark plug gap	0.8-0.9 mm (0.031-0.035 in)	
gnition timing "F" mark	10°BTDC	
Advance start	10°/1,500 rpm	
	33°/4,000 rpm	
stop Full advance	33°/4,000 rpm	
Alternator exciter coil resistance (At 20°C/68°F)	———	
Ignition coil resistance (Primary: at 20°C/68°F)	2.6-3.2 Ω	
(Secondary with plug cap)	18-22 kΩ	
(Secondary with plug cap)	13-17 kΩ	
	297-363 Ω	
Pulse generator resistance (At 20°C/68°F)	237-303 12	1
Lights/Meters/Switches —		T
Main fuse	30A	
AND THE PARTY OF T	10A×2, 15A×1	
G , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10A×3, 15A×1	
Headlight (High/Iow beam)	12V60/55W (H4)	
Tail/brake light	12V21/5W×2	
License light		-
Position light bulb E, F, ED, SP, AR, SW, G	12V 4W	
Front turn signal/running light		
Front turn signal/running light	12V 21W×2	
Rear turn signal light	12V 21W×2	
Instrument lights	12V 3.4W×2	
Oil pressure warning indicator	12V 1.7W	
Tail/brake light warning indicator		I
Side stand warning indicator	12V 1.7W	
	120 1.700	
Lom fuel indicator		
Coolant temperature indicator		
Oil temperature indicator	12V 1.7W	
High beam indicator		
Turn signal indicator	12V 1.7W	
Neutral indicator	12V 1.7W	
Revrse indicator		I
Overdrive indicator		
Oil temerature sensor resistance		
Fuel unit resistance (At full level)		
(At low level)		
Fuel pump flow capacity (min./minute)		
Coolant temperature sensor resistance (At 50°C/122°F)	2700.25 - 1	
(At 100°C/212°F)		1
Starting System		1
	42.175-42.200 (1.6604-1.6614)	
Starter driven gear O.D.		
Starter clutch outer I.D.		
Starter motor brush spring tenshon	920 g	19

Torque Values

Standard ———————————————————————————————————	Torque N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Item	Torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
5 mm hex bolt and nut	5 (0.5, 3.5)	5 mm screw	4 (0.4, 3)
6 mm hex bolt and nut	10 (1.0, 7.2)	6 mm screw	9 (0.9, 7)
8 mm hex bolt and nut	22 (2.2, 16)	6mm flange bolt (8 mm head)	10 (1.0, 7.2)
10 mm hex bolt and nut	35 (3.5, 25)	6mm flange bolt (10 mm head) and nut	12 (1.2, 9)
12 mm hex bolt and nut	55 (5.5, 40)	8 mm flange bolt and nut	27 (2.7, 20)
		10 mm flange bolt and nut	40 (4.0, 29)

Torque specifications listed below are for important fasteners. Others should be tightened to standard torque values listed above.

Notes:

- 1. Apply sealant to the threads.
- 2. Apply a locking agent to the threads.
- 3. Apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 4. Left hand threads.
- 5. Stake.
- 6. Apply oil to the threads and flange surface.
- 7. Apply clean engine oil to the O-ring.
- 8. Torque wrench scale reading using a special tool.
- 9. Apply grease to the threads and flange surface.
- 10. UBS bolt.
- 11. U-nut.
- 12. ALOC bolt; Replace with a new one.

Engine	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Lubrication:				
Oil drain bolt	1 1	12	35 (3.5, 25)	
Oil filter	1	20	10 (1.0, 7.2)	Note 7
Oil pump driven sprocket bolt] 1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Oil pipe bolt	. 2	8	13 (1.3, 9)	
Oil pipe bolt	2	10	22 (2.2, 16)	
Oil chamber cover bolt	2	10	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Sealing bolt	6	20	30 (3.0, 22)	Note 1
Air separator cover bolt	1	9	28 (2.8, 20)	
Oil pressure switch	1	PT 1/8	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 1
Cylinder Head/Cylinder:	i	1		
Cam sprocket bolt	4	7	19 (1.9, 14)	Note 2, 10
Cylinder head cap nut	12	9	2 (2.8, 20)	Note 3
Camshaft holder bolt	20	6	14 (1.4, 10)	
Cylinder head cover bolt	8	6	10 (1.0, 7.2)	
Head cover breather plate bolt	3	5	6 (0.6, 4.3)	Note 2
Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt	4	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Spark plug	4	12	15 (1.5, 11)	
De-foaming chamber cover bolt	. 4	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Clutch/Gearshift Linkage	- (
Change cover cap	1	24	8 (0.8, 5.8)	į.
Clutch center lock nut	1	22	110 (11.0, 80)	Note 5
Shift drum stopper arm bolt	1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Shift return spring pin bolt	1	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
Gearshift spindle joint bolt	1	6	14 (1.4, 10)	
Gearshift pedal mounting bolt	1	8	27 (2.7, 20)	

Engine	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Crankcase/Crankshaft				1
Crankcase bolt	14	8	23 (2.3, 17)	
Crankcase bolt	16	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Alternator rotor bolt	1	10	34 (3.4, 25)	
Alternator cover bolt	3 .	6	11 (1.1, 8)	
Crankcase breather plate bolt	3	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Connecting rod nut	8	8	32 (3.2, 23)	Note 3
Countershaft bearing cover bolt	3	8	23 (2.3, 17)	Note 2
Shift fork bolt (M)	1	7	18 (1.8, 13)	
Alternator shaft nut	1	10	34 (3.4, 25)	
Pulse rotor bolt	1 1	10	35 (3.5, 25)	
Alternator drive chain tensioner bolt	3 .	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Alternator drive chain slipper bolt	1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Alternator drive chain slipper pin bolt	1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	Note 2
Drive sprocket bolt	1	10	40 (40, 29)	A :

Frame	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque N⋅m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Lubrication:				
Oil cooler mounting bolt	2	6	7 (0.7, 5.1)	
Fuel Systems:				1
Tank cap screw	2	4	0.03 (0.3, 2.2)	
Fuel valve nut	1	20	23 (2.3, 17)	
Fuel tank mounting bolt	. 1 -	8	27 (2.7, 20)	1
Air cleaner case mounting bolt	4	6	12 (1.2, 9)	1
Breather tank mounting bolt	2	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Front Suspension:				
Steering stem nut	1	24	105 (10.5, 76)	
Steering head bearing adjusting nut	1 1	26	28 (2.8, 20)	Note 6
Fork pinch bolt (upper)	2	8	22 (2.2, 16)	
Fork pinch bolt (lower)	2	10	50 (5.0, 36)	
Fork cap bolt	2	37	23 (2.3, 17)	
Fork socket bolt	2	8	20 (2.0, 14)	Note 2
Handlebar holder bolt	4	8	25 (2.5, 18)	
Fork drain bolt	2	6	7.5 (0.75, 5.4)	
Handlebar weight mounting screw	2	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	
Clutch lever holder bolt	2	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	
Clutch lever pivot nut	1	6	6 (0.6, 4.3)	
Rear Suspension:				
Swingarm pivot nut	1 1	14	89 (8.9, 65)	Note 9, 1
Absorber mounting bolt (upper)	2	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
Absorber mounting bolt (lower)	2	10	35 (3.5, 25)	
Drive chain adjuster lock nut	2	8	21 (2.1, 15)	
Wheels:				
Front axle bolt	1	14	59 (5.9, 43)	
Front axle pinch bolt	4	8	21 (2.1, 15)	
Rear axle nut	1	16	89 (8.9, 65)	Note 11
Driven sprocket nut	5	12	98 (9.8, 72)	Note 6, 11

Frame Item	Q'ty	Thread dia. (mm)	Torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	Remarks
Brake:				
Brake pedal pinch bolt	1	8	27 (2.7, 20)	Note 12
Front caliper bracket bolt	4	8	31 (3.1, 22)	Note 12
Rear caliper bracket bolt	1	8	23 (2.3 17)	
Brake hose bolt	7	10	35 (3.5, 25)	
Rear brake hose mounting bolt	2	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	Note 2
Brake lever pivot nut	1	6	6 (0.6, 4.3)].
Brake caliper bleed valve	3	8	5.5 (0.55, 4.0)	
Pad pin plug	3	10	2.5 (0.25, 1.8)	
Pad pin	3	10	18 (1.8, 13)	
Front caliper pin bolt	2	8	23 (2.3, 17)	Note 2
Front caliper bracket pin bolt	2	8	13 (1.3, 9)	Note 2
Rear caliper pin bolt	1	12	28 (2.8, 20)	
Front master cylinder holder bolt	2	6	12 (1.2, 9)	1
Rear master cylinder mounting bolt	2	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	İ
Rear reservoir tank mounting bolt	2	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Reservoir hose joint mounting screw	1	4	1.5 (0.15, 1.1)	Note 2
Master cylinder push rod lock nut	1	8	18 (1.8, 13)	
Front brake disc bolt	12	8	42 (4.2, 30)	Note 12
Rear brake disc bolt	4	8	42 (4.2, 30)	Note 12
Frame/Exhaust Systems:				
Ignition switch mounting bolt	2	8	25 (2.5, 18)	
Exhaust pipe joint nut	8	7	20 (2.0, 14)	
Exhaust pipe joint hat	2	8	27 (2.7, 20)	1
Muffler center mounting bolt	1	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
Muffler center stay mounting bolt	2	10	40 (4.0, 29)	
Muffler mounting bolt	2	10	40 (4.0, 29)	
Exhaust pipe cover mounting bolt	6	6	9 (0.9, 6.5)	1
Side stand pivot bolt	1 1	10	10 (1.0, 7.2)	
Side stand pivot bolt Side stand pivot nut	1 1	10	40 (4.0, 29)	Note 11
Center stand pivot holt	,	10	40 (4.0, 29)	
Side stand switch mounting bolt	1	6	10 (1.0, 7.2)	Note 12
	À	1 2	12 (1.2, 9)	
Front fender mounting bolt	7	2	12 (1.2, 9)	
Rear fender mounting bolt	1 7	12	55 (5.5, 40)	
Turn signal mounting nut	4	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
Grab rail mounting bolt Grab rail stay mounting bot	1 4	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
	1	6	12 (1.2, 9)	
Seat lock mounting bolt	2	8	27 (2.7, 20)	1
Headlight mounting bolt	2	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
Horn mounting bolt		0	5 (0.5, 3.6)	
Footpeg rubber mounting bolt	1 4	1 2		
Footpeg mounting bolt	4	8	27 (2.7, 20)	
Engine front mounting bolt		10	50 (5.0, 36)	
Engine front bracket bolt	4	8	40 (4.0, 29)	
Right engine lower bracket bolt	2	8	40 (4.0, 29)	
Engine lower mounting bolt (Left)	1	10	60 (6.0, 43)	
Engine lower mounting bolt (Right)	1	10	50 (5.0, 36)	
Engine rear mounting bolt	1	10	50 (5.0, 36)	
Engine rear bracket bolt	2	8	40 (4.0, 29)	

Tools

Description	Tool Number	Applicability
Maintenance:		
Pilot screw wrench (Except SW type)	07908-4730001	
Pilot screw wrench (SW type)	07KMA-MN90000	
Oil filter wrench	07HAA-PJ70100	
Lubrication:		
Oil pressure gauge	07506-3000000	
Oil pressure gauge attachment	07510-MJ10100	
Fuel System:		
Float level gauge	07401-0010000	
Cylinder Head/Cylinder/Piston:		1
Valve spring compressor	07757-0010000	1
Valve spring compressor attachment	07959-KM30101	
Valve guide driver	07942-MA60000	
Valve guide reamer	07984-MA60001	
Valve seat cutter	0,001,1111,100001	
seat cutter, 24.5 mm (45° EX)	07780-0010100	
27.5 mm (45° IN)	07780-0010200	
flat cutter, 25 mm (32° EX)	07780-0010200	7(4)
28 mm (32° IN)	07780-0012000	
interior cutter, 22 mm (60° EX)	07780-0012100	
26 mm (60° IN)	07780-0014500	
cutter holder, 5 mm	07781-0010400	
Piston ring compressor	07954-3690000	
Piston base	07958-3000000	
Hydraulic tappet bleeder	07933-3000000 07973-MJ00000	
Clutch/Gearshift Linkage:	07373-101300000	
Clutch center holder	07JMB-MN50300	
Lock nut wrench, 26×30 mm	07716-0020203	
Extension bar	07716-0020500	
Crankshaft/Transmission: Universal holder	07725 0020000	
	07725-0030000	i -
Bearing remover Remover handle	07936-3710300	
	07936-3710100 07741-0010201	
Sliding weight Attachment, 37×40 mm	07741-0010201	
Attachment, 37 × 40 mm	07746-0010200	
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0010300	
Driver		
Inner driver B	07749-0010000	
	07746-0020100	
Inner driver C	07746-0030100	
Attachment, I.D. 25 mm	07746-0020400	
Attachment, I.D. 25 mm	07746-0030200	
Attachment, I.D. 30 mm	07746-0030300	
Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering:	07046 2710500	
Ball race remover	07946-3710500	
Ball race remover	07953-MJ10000	
- attachment	07953-MJ10100	
-driver handle	07953-MJ10200	
Steering stem driver	07946-MB00000	
Driver	07749-0010000	
Attachment, 42×47 mm	07746-0010300	
Attachment, 52×55 mm	07746-0010400	
Steering stem socket wrench	07916-3710100	
Lock nut wrench, 30×32 mm	07716-0020400	
Bearing remover head, 20 mm	07746-0050600	
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100	
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500	
Fork seal driver	07947-KA50100	
Fork seal driver attachment	07947-KF00100	

Description	Tool Number	Applicability
Rear Wheel/Suspension:		
Shock absorber compressor	07GME-0010000	
Spring compressor attachment	07959-MB10000	
Spring compressor attachment	07967-KC10100	
Driver	07749-0010000	
Attachment, 28×30 mm	07946-1870100	
Attachment, 42×47 mm	07746-0010300	
Pilot, 17 mm	07746-0040400	
Attachment, 32×35 mm	07746-0010100	
Pilot, 15 mm	07746-0040300	
Pilot, 20 mm	07746-0040500	
Pilot, 22 mm	07746-0041000	
Bearing remover head, 17 mm	07746-0050500	
Bearing remover shaft	07746-0050100	
Driver shaft	07946-MJ00100	
Needle bearing remover attachment	07GMD-KT70200	
Bearing remover, 15 mm	07936-KC10000	
-remover shaft, 15 mm	07936-KC10100	
-remover head, 15 mm	07936-KC10200	
-sliding weight	07741-0010201	
Brake System:		
Snap ring pliers	07914-3230001	
Charging System/Alternator:		
Flywheel puller	07933-2160000	
Electrical Equipment:		
Peak voltage adaptor	07HGJ-0020100	
or Imrie diagnostic tester	Model 625	
Digital multimeter (KOWA)	07411-0020000	
Analogue tester	07308-0020001	
	(SANWA)	
	or TH-5H (KOWA)	

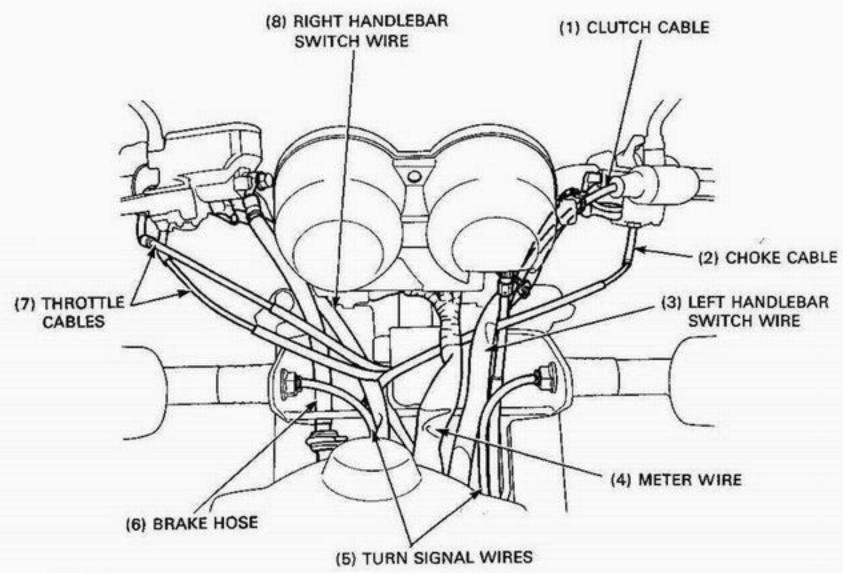
Lubrication & Seal Points

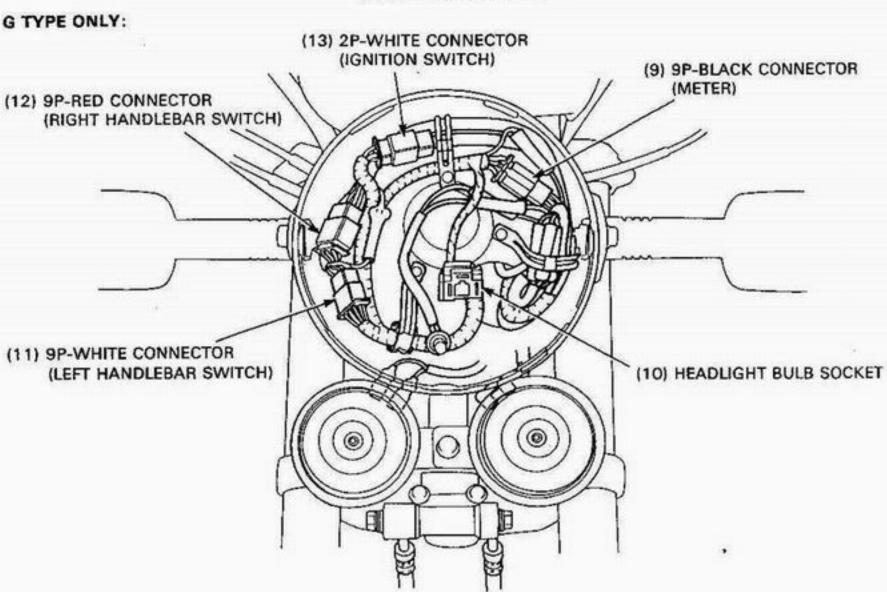
Engine Location	Material	Remarks
Hydraulic tappet hole Camshaft holder de-foaming chamber Cam chain/alternator chain Transmission gear teeth and bushings Piston pin hole and outer surface Piston pin outer surface Each bearings Piston ring sliding surface Piston ring and ring groove Cylinder sliding surface Alternator shaft damper cam Clutch lifter Shift fork claw and pivot inner surface Shift drum O-rings	Engine oil	
Clutch discs		
Rocker arm slipper surface and pivot inner surface Camshaft lobe and journal Connecting rod small end Valve stem (valve guide sliding surface) Valve guide (valve stem sliding surface) Transmission gear shift fork grooves Crankshaft bearing sliding surface Connecting rod bearing sliding surface Crankshaft thrust sliding surface Primary driven gear	Molybdenum disulfide oil (a mixture of 1/2 engine oil and 1/2 molybdenum disulfide grease)	
Hydraulic tappet	Kerosene	
Upper crankcase mating surface -countershaft bearing cover mating surface -clutch cover mating surface Cylinder head/cylinder head cover gasket surface	Liquid sealant	Do not apply sealant to the main journal bearings.

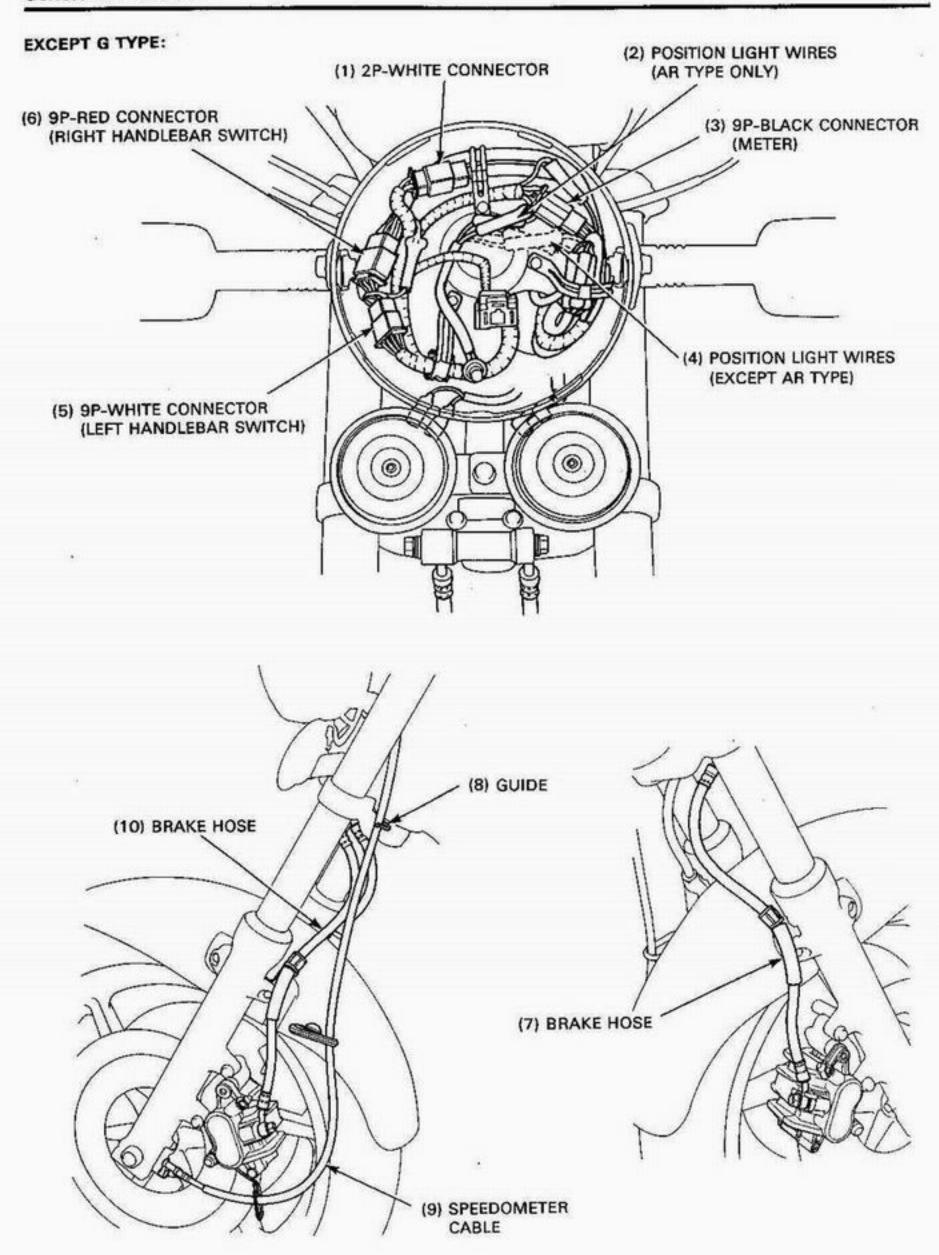
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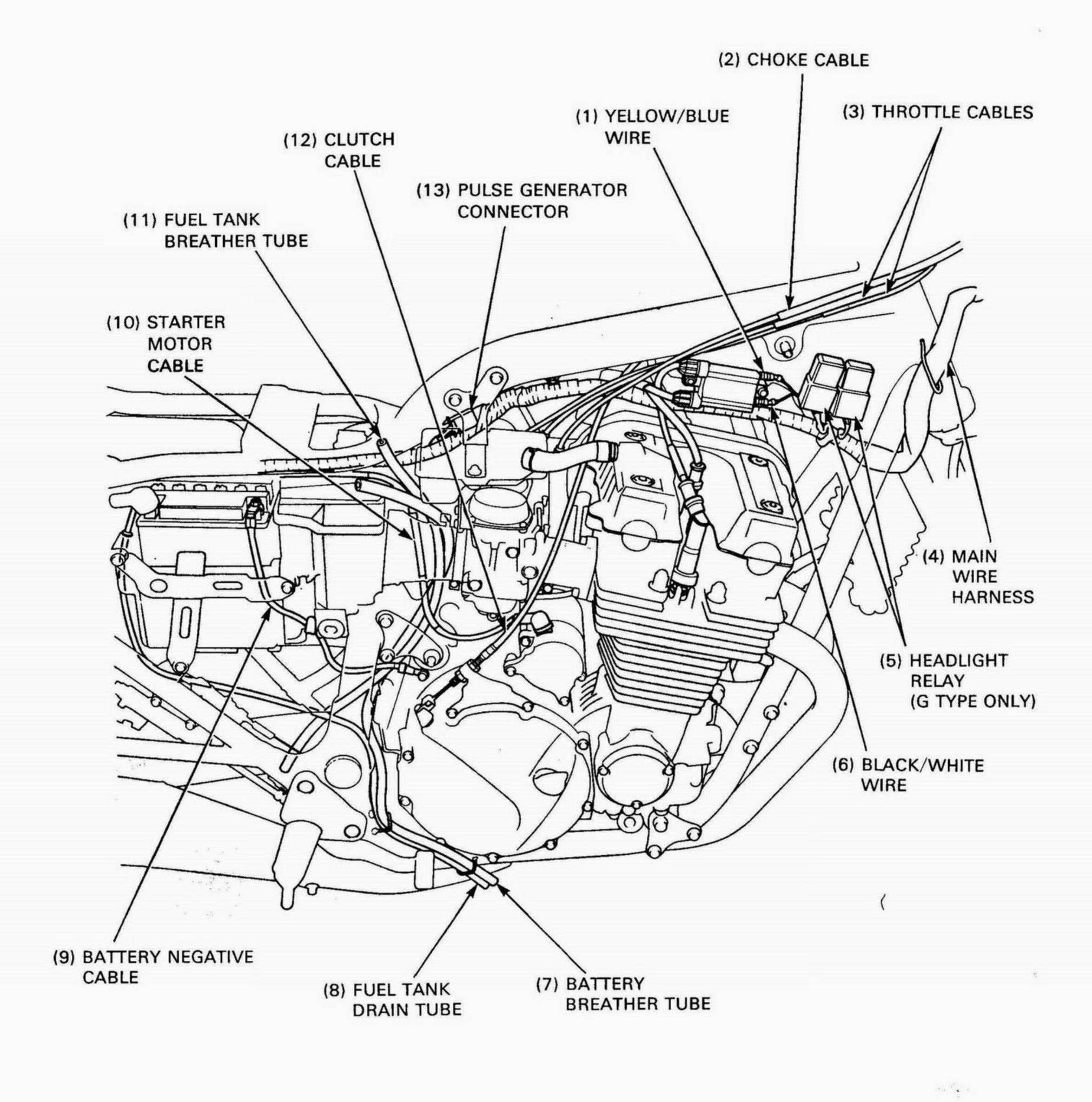
Frame Location	Material	Remarks
Steering stem bearing Wheel bearing dust seal lips Wheel axle outer surface Rear wheel and driven flange mating surface Handlebar (throttle grip sliding surface) Throttle cable ends Brake pedal pivot shaft Side stand pivot bolt outer surface Dust seal lips Speedometer gear Seat locking tab Swingarm pivot bearings Swingarm pivot nut threads	Multi-purpose grease	Apply thin coat of grease
Side reflector threads Caliper bracket pin bolt threads Caliper pin bolt threads	Locking agent	
Fork cap O-ring Fork oil seal lips	Fork fluid	
Handlebar grip	Honda Bond A or equiva- lent	
Brake caliper seals Caliper-piston sliding surface Master cylinder piston caps Master cylinder-piston sliding surface	DOT 4 Brake fluid	
Driven sprocket nuts threads Steering head bearing adjustment nut	Engine oil	
Brake caliper pin bolts sliding surface Front brake master cylinder piston: lever contact area and boot inside Rear brake master cylinder piston: push rod contact area and boot inside	Silicone grease	

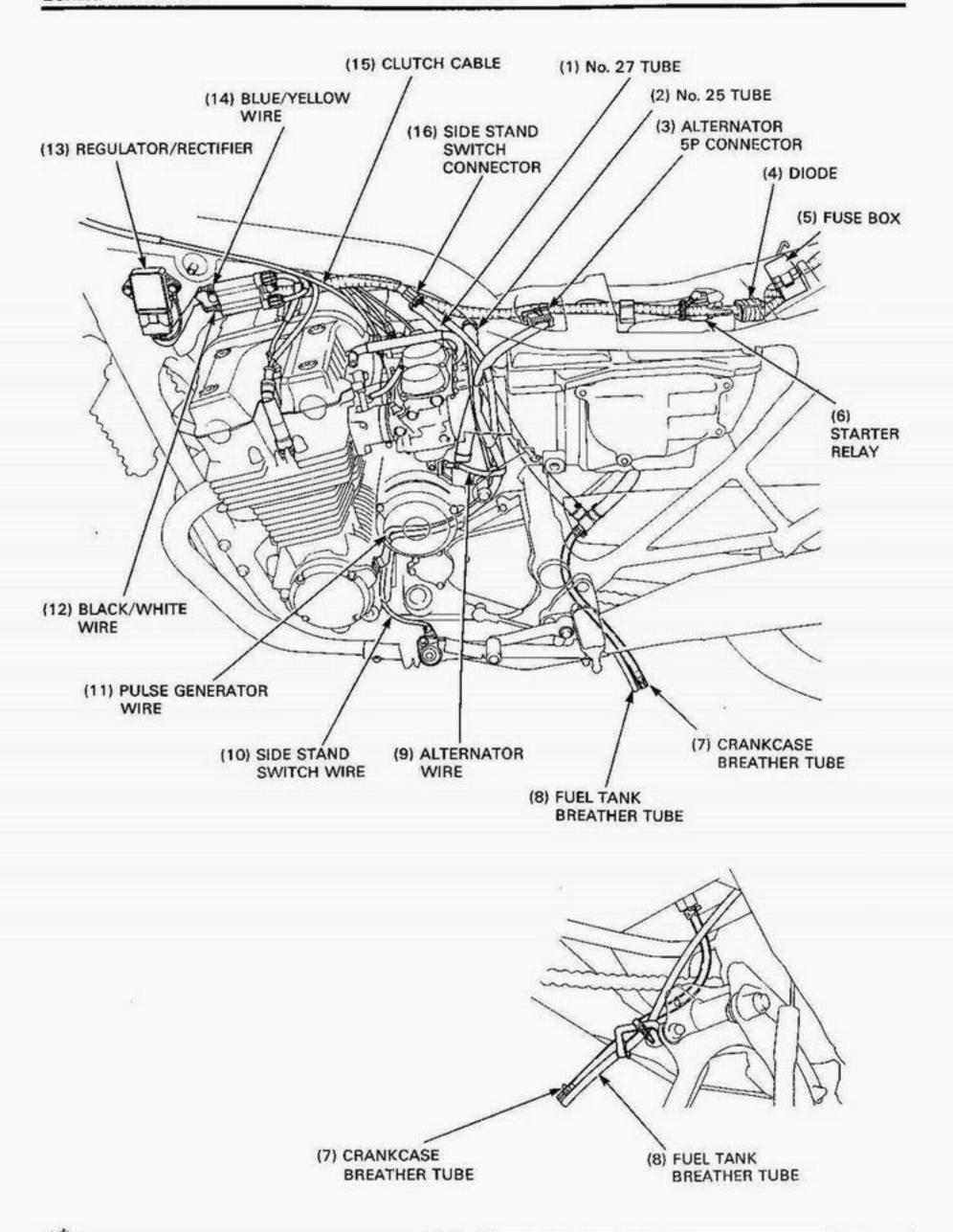
Cable & Harness Routing

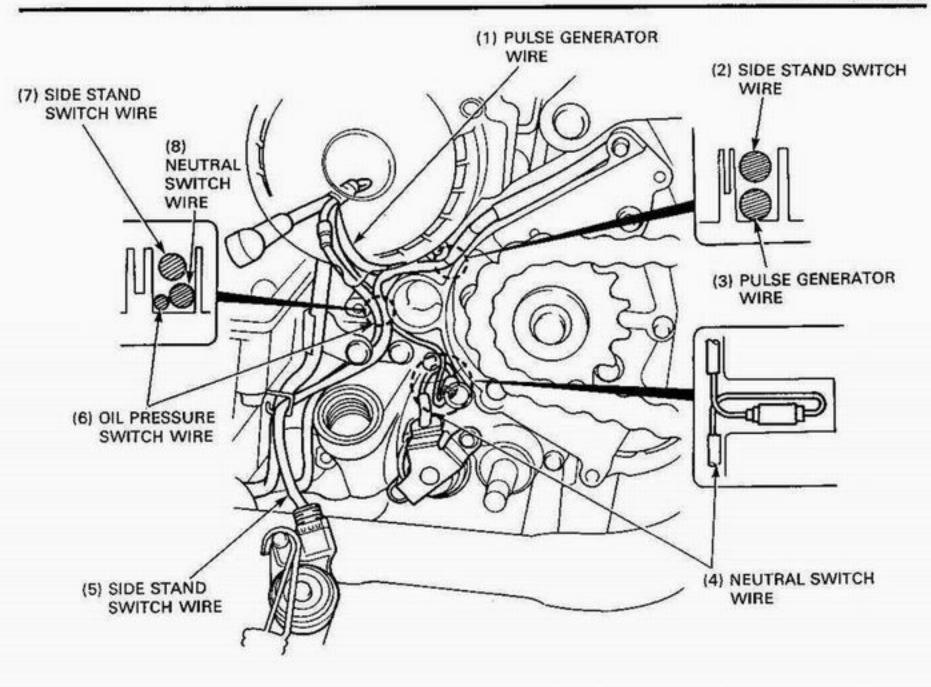


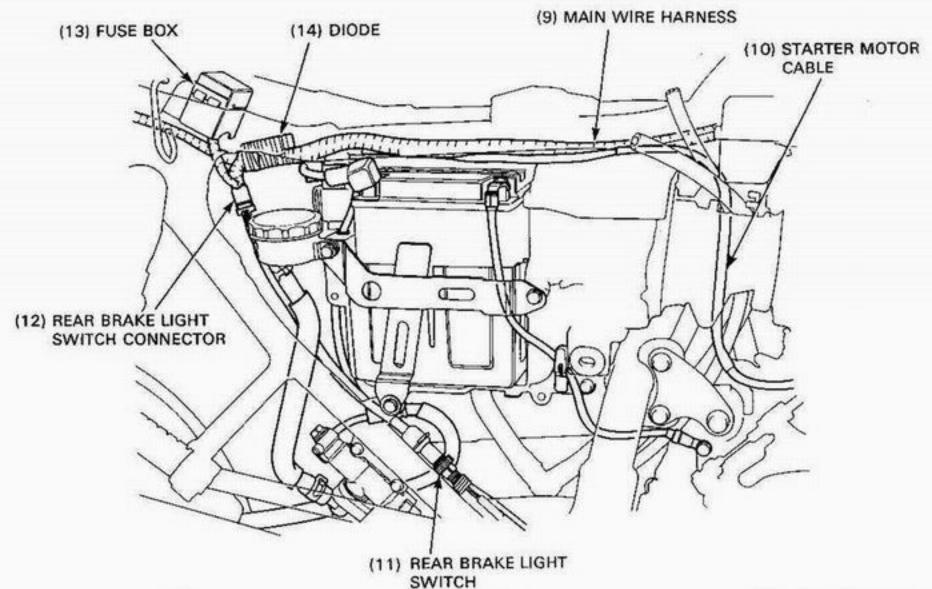


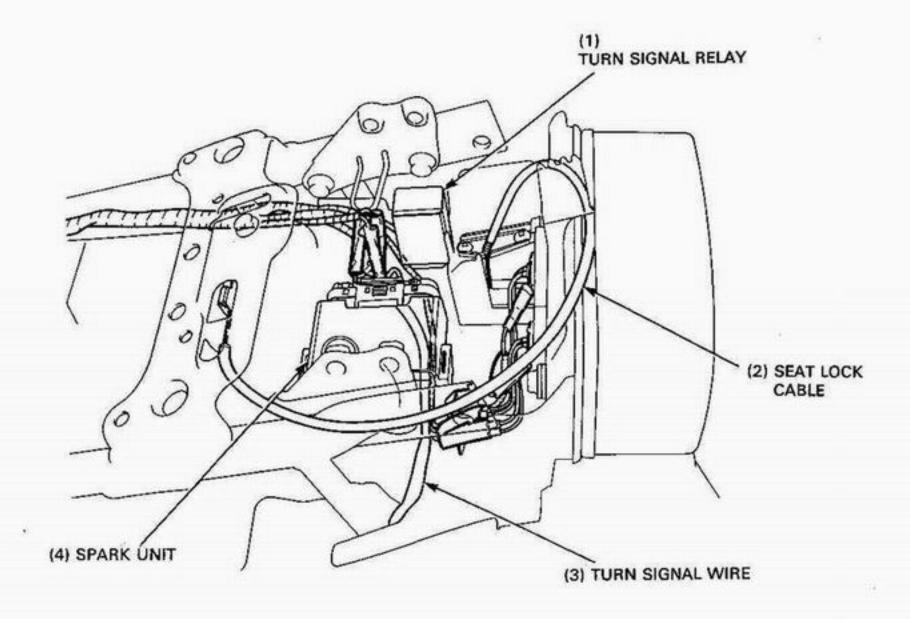


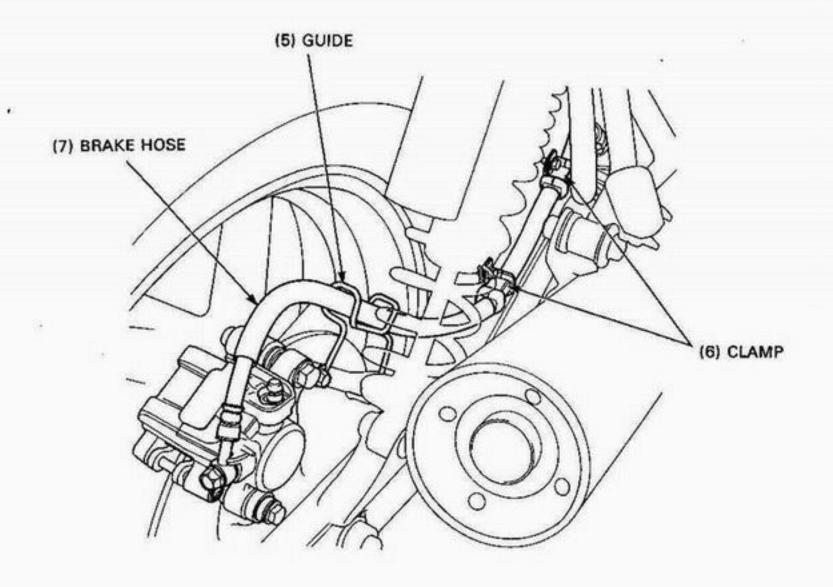


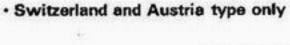


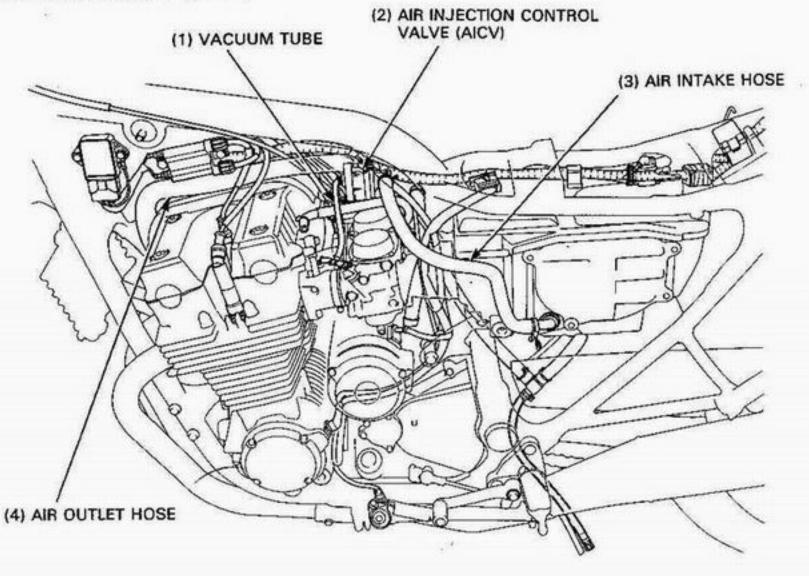


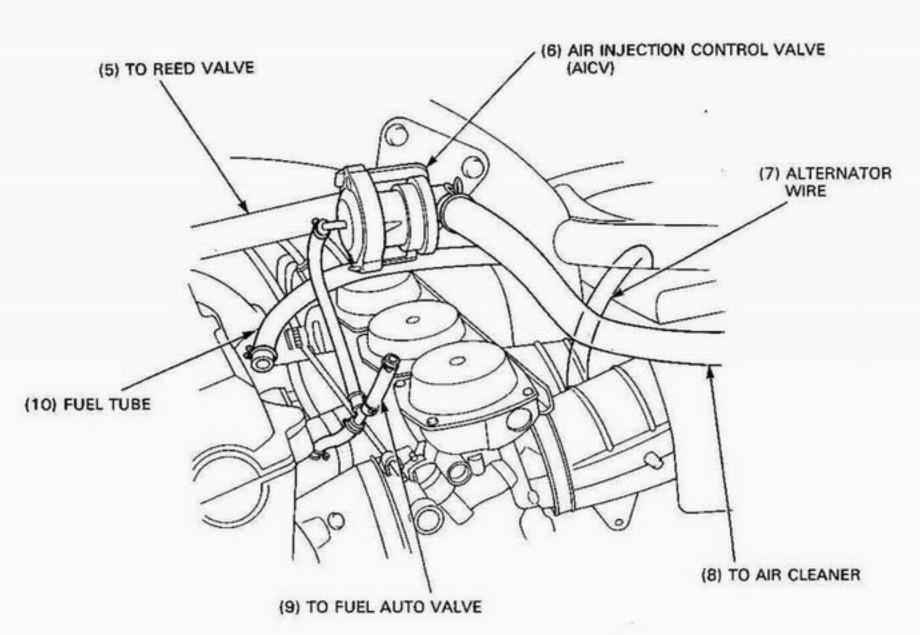












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2. Frame/Body Panels/Exhaust System

Service Information	2-1	Rear Fairing Removal/Installation	2-3
Troubleshooting	2-1	Fuel Tank Removal/Installation	2-3
Seat Removal/Installation	2-2	Rear Fender Removal/Installation	2-4
Side Cover Removal/Installation	2-2	Exhaust System Removal/Installation	2-6

Service Information

A WARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHIL-DREN.
- · Serious burns may result if the exhaust system is not allowed to cool before components are removed or serviced.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the working area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- · This section covers removal and installation of the frame body panels, fuel tank and exhaust system.
- · Always replace the exhaust pipe gaskets when removing the exhaust pipe from the engine.
- When installing the exhaust pipe, first install all the fasteners loosely. Next, tighten the exhaust clamps first, then tighten
 the mounting fasteners. If you tighten the mounting fasteners first, the exhaust pipe will not seat properly.
- · Always inspect the exhaust system for leaks after installation.

Troubleshooting

Excessive Exhaust Noise

- · Broken exhaust system
- · Exhaust gas leak

Poor Performance

- Deformed exhaust system
- · Exhaust gas leak
- Clogged muffler

Seat Removal/Installation

Removal

Insert the ignition key into the seat lock.

Turn the ignition key clockwise until it stops then remove the seat by sliding it backward.

Installation

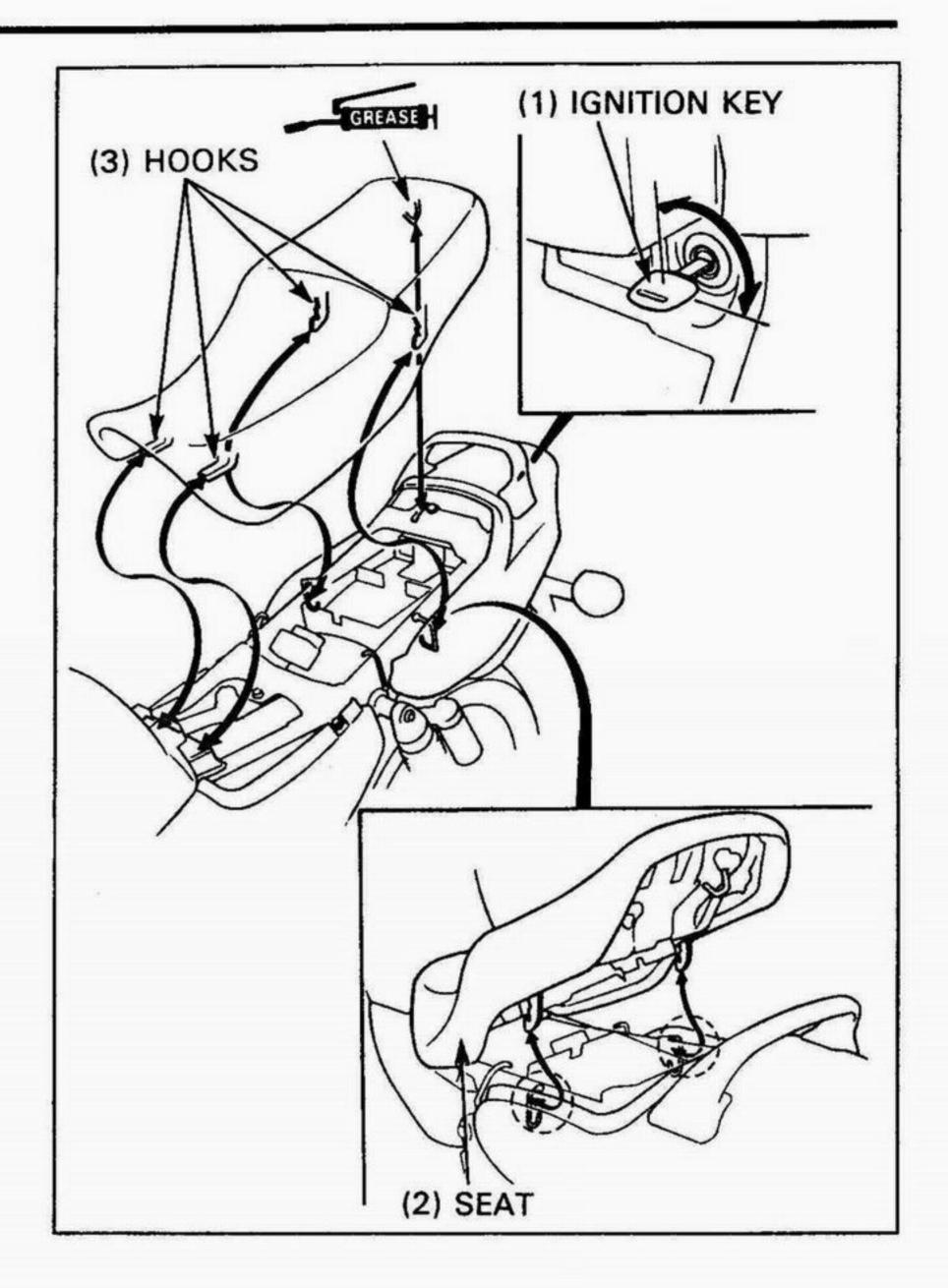
Apply grease to the hook of the seat.

Align the seat hooks with the frame hooks and push the seat forward.

Push the seat down until it locks.

CAUTION

- Be careful not to pinch the wire harness between the seat and the frame.
- Be careful not to damage the rear fairing.



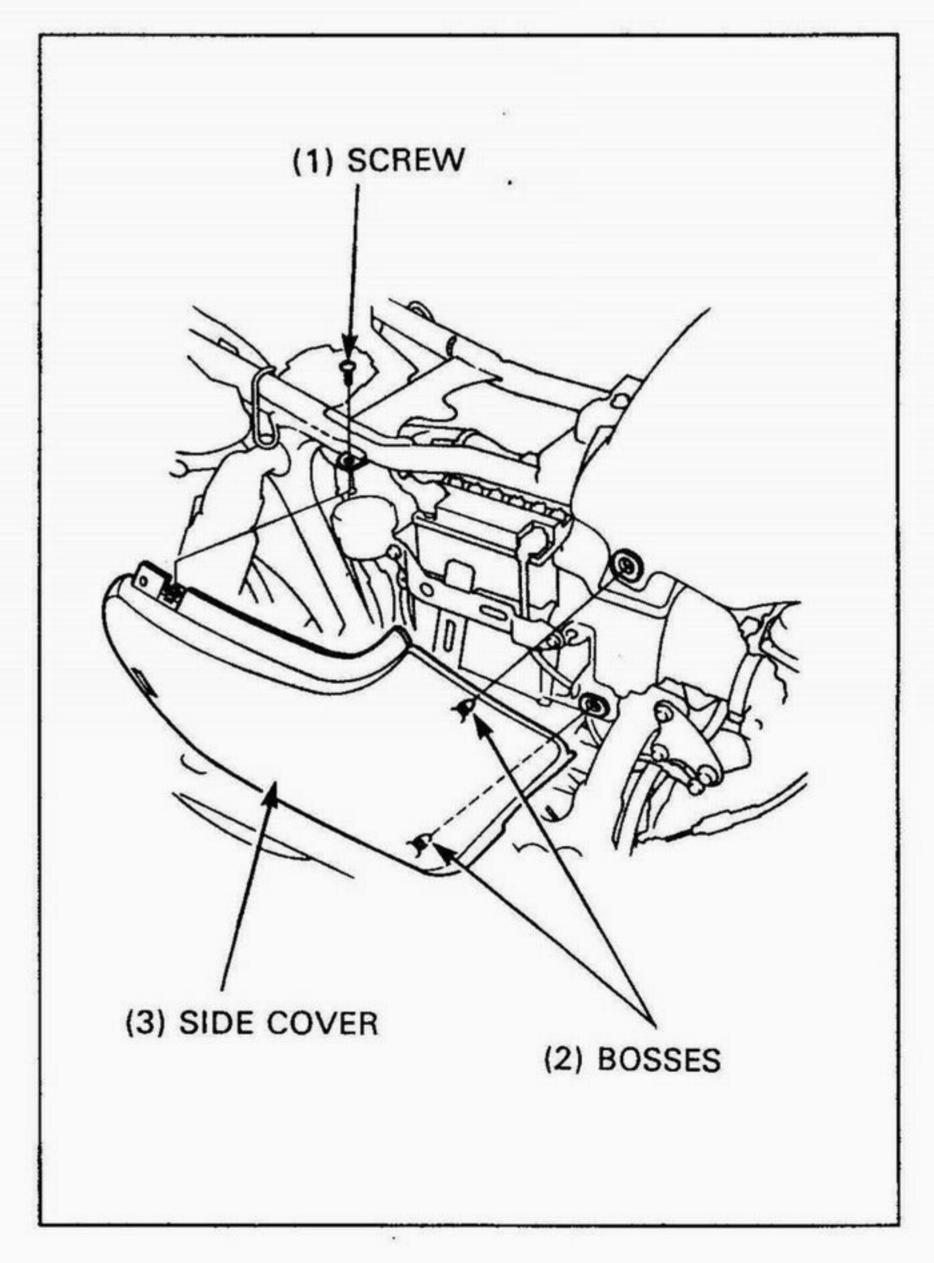
Side Cover Removal/Installation

Remove the seat (see above).

Remove the mounting screw.

Release the cover front bosses from the grommets and remove the side cover.

Install the side cover in the reverse order of removal.



Rear Fairing Removal/ Installation

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Remove the caps and grab rail mounting bolts.

Remove the grab rail.

Remove the screws.

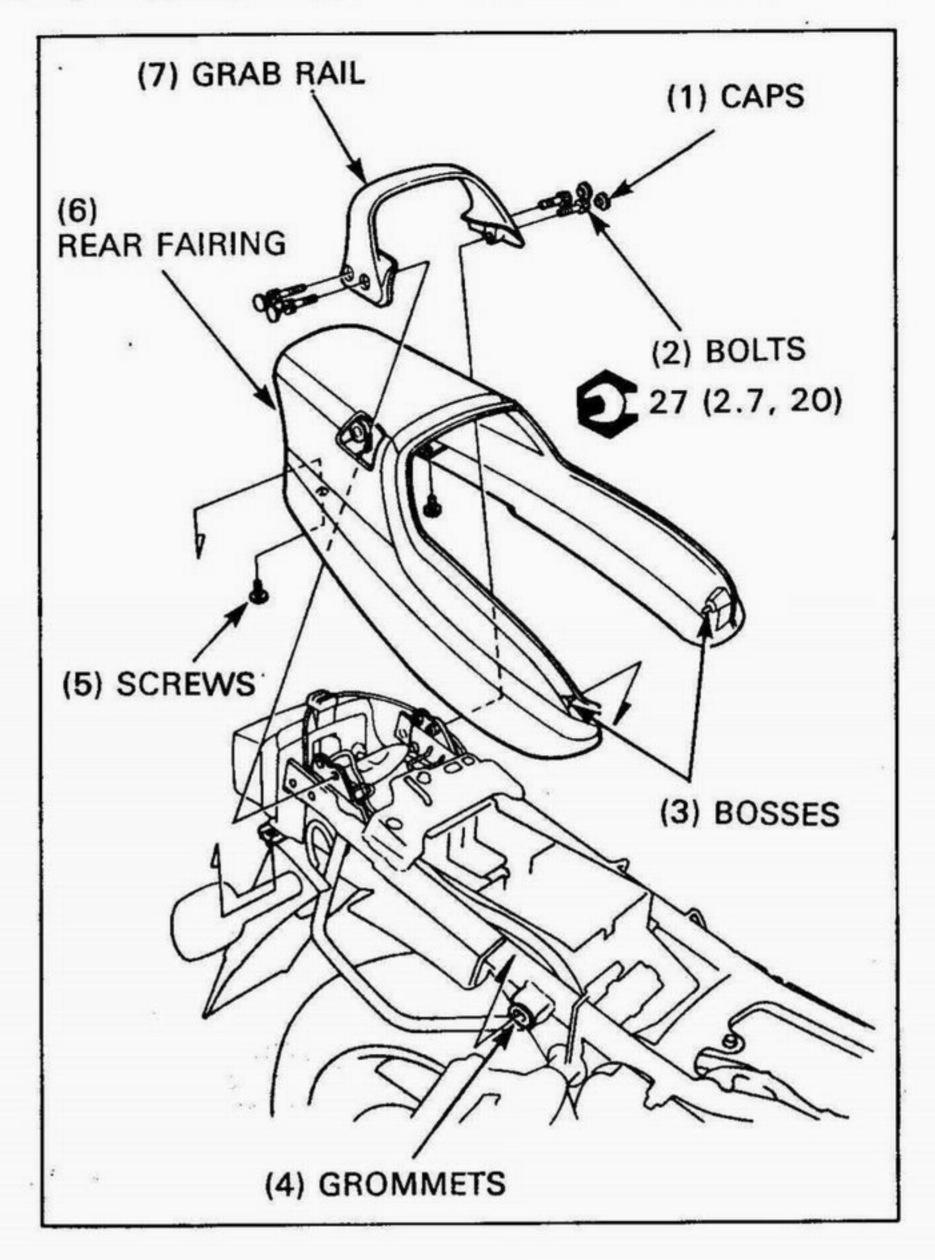
Release the fairing front bosses from grommets and remove the rear fairing.

Install the rear fairing in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

Grab rail mounting bolt: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

Install the seat (page 2-2).



Fuel Tank Removal/ Installation

AWARNING

 Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain condition.

Remove the seat (page 2-2).

Remove the side cover (page 2-2).

Turn the fuel valve OFF.

Remove the fuel tank mounting bolt and lift the fuel tank up.

Disconnect the tubes, and remove the fuel tank.

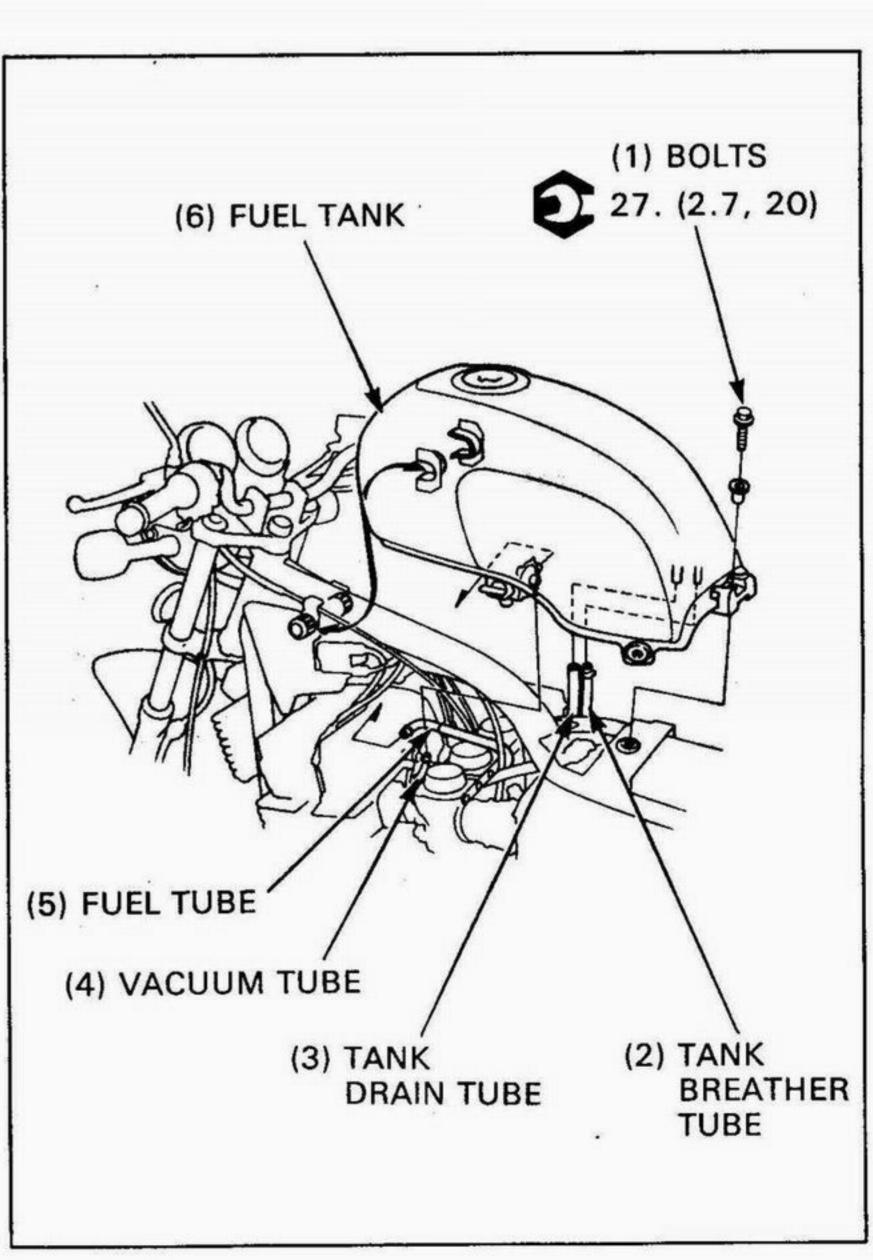
Install the fuel tank in the reverse order of removal.

Torque:

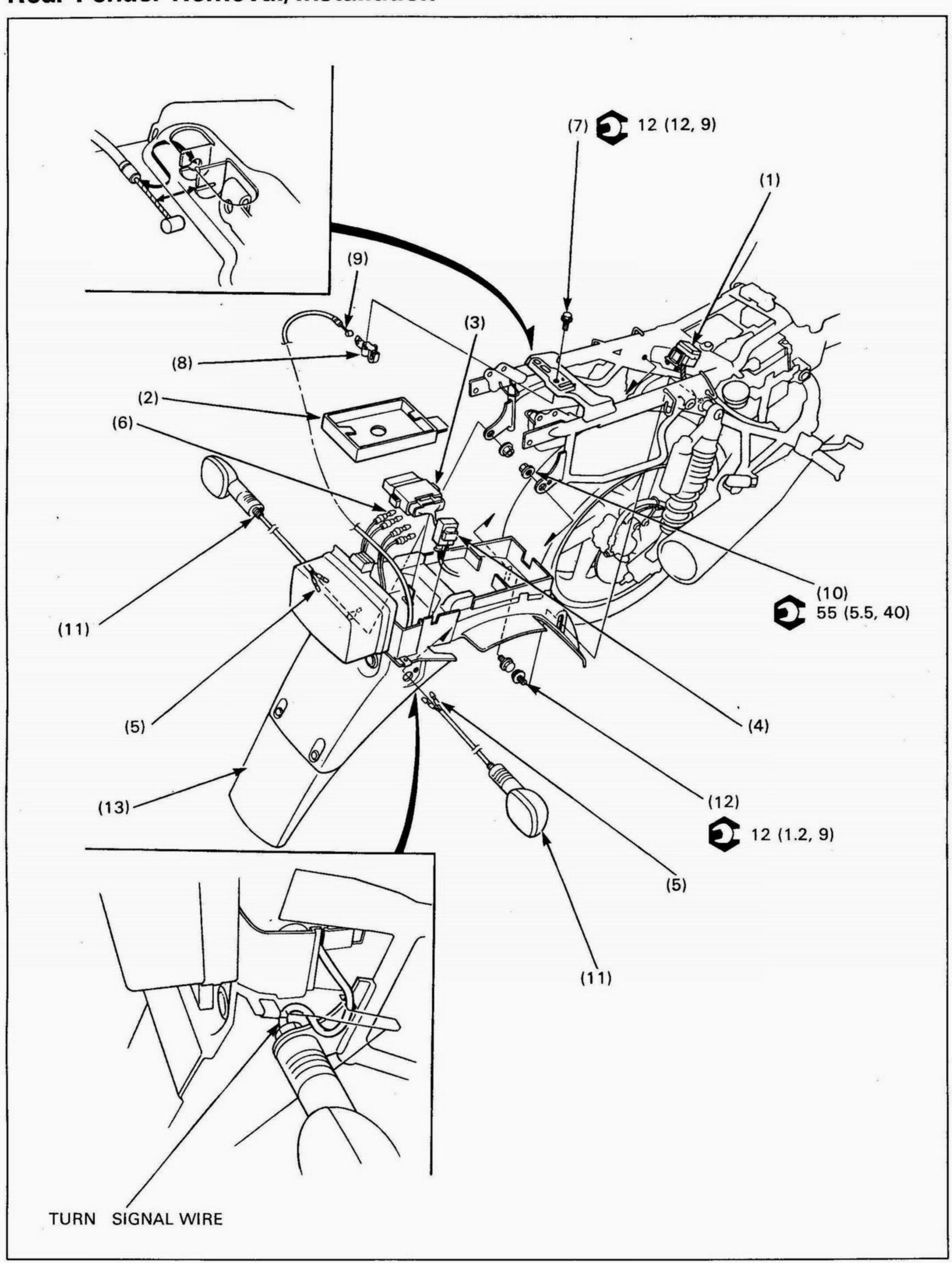
Fuel tank mounting bolt: 27 N·m (2.7 kg-m, 20 ft-lb)

After installation, turn the fuel valve ON and check the fuel line for leakage.

Install the side cover (page 2-2). Install the seat (page 2-2).



Rear Fender Removal/Installation



CAUTION

- · Be careful not to bind the wire harness when installing the rear fender.
- · Route the wire harness, cable, etc (page 1-21).

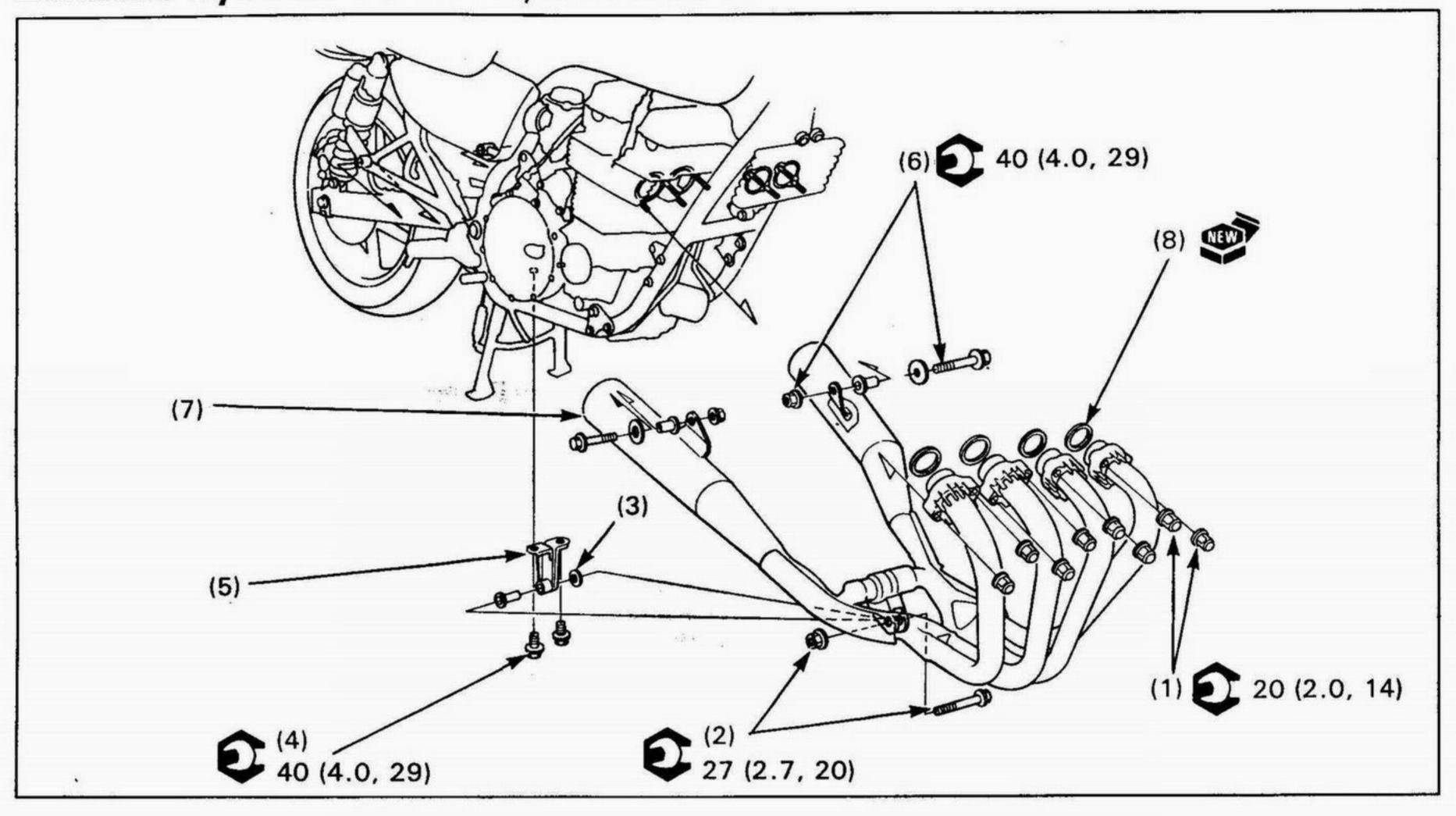
Requisite Service

- Seat removal/installation (page 2-2)
- Rear fairing removal/installation (page 2-3)

Side cover removal/installation (page 2-2)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse orde of removal.
(1)	Fuse box	1	
(2)	Tray	1	
(3)	Spark unit	1	
(4)	Turn signal relay	1	
(5)	Turn signal connector	4	
(6)	Tail/stop light connector	4	
(7)	Seat lock mounting bolt	1	
(8)	Seat lock	1	
(9)	Seat lock cable end	1 1	
(10)	Turn signal mounting nut	2	
(11)	Turn signal assembly	2	At installation, route the turn signal wires as shown.
(12)	Rear fender mounting bolt	2	
(13)	Rear fender assembly	1	

Exhaust System Removal/Installation



AWARNING

· Do not service the exhaust system while it is hot.

NOTE

 When installing the exhaust pipe/muffler, install all the fasteners loosely. Always tighten the exhaust pipe joint nuts first, then tighten the mounting fasteners.

Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Removal Order (1) Exhaust pipe joint nut (2) Muffler center mounting nut/bolt (3) Washer (4) Muffler center stay mounting bolt (5) Muffler center stay (6) Muffler mounting nut/bolt (7) Muffler assembly (8) Gasket	8 - 1/1- 1 - 2 - 1 2 - 1 4	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. At installation, install all fasteners loosely and tighten the exhaust pipe joint nuts first.

3

3. Maintenance

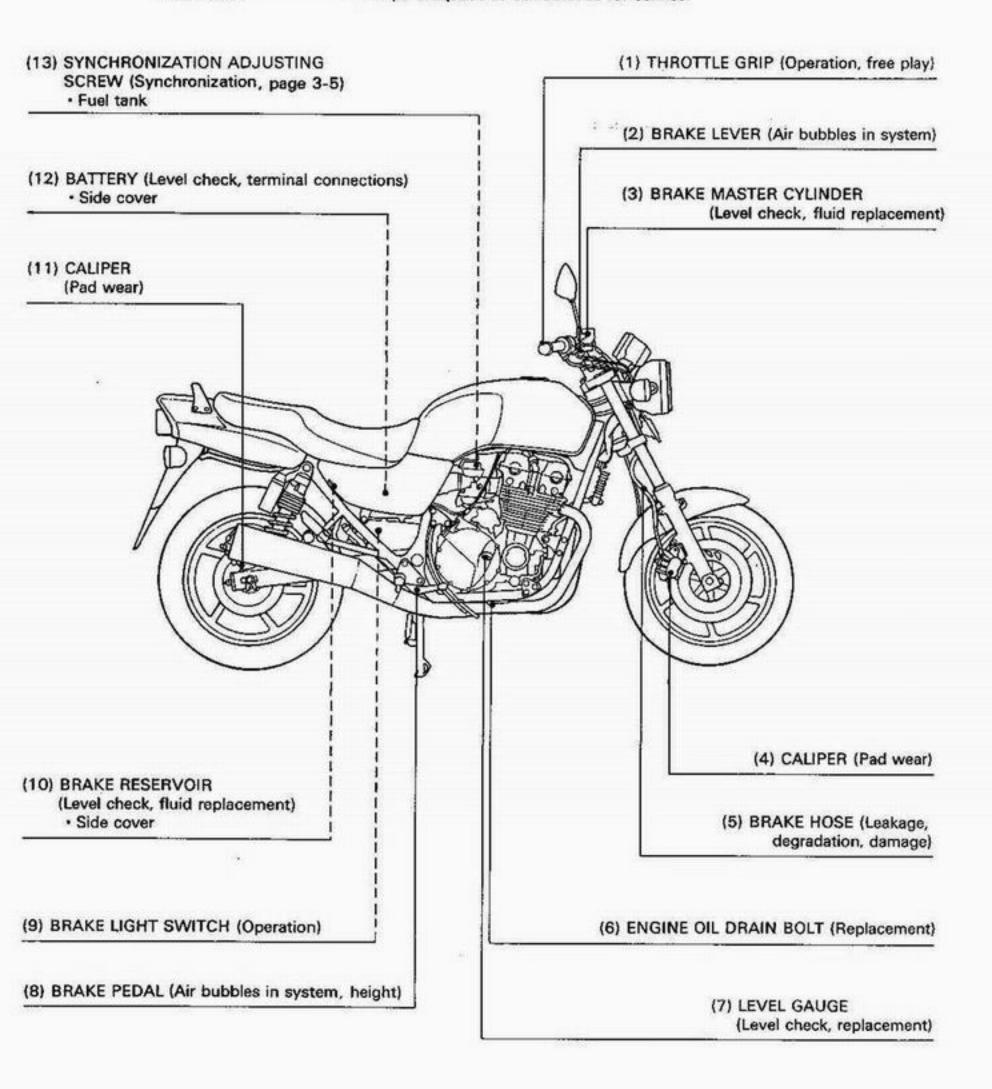
Service Information	3-1	Air Cleaner	3-5
Service Access Guide	3-2	Carburetor Synchronization	3-5
Maintenance Schedule	3-4	Drive Chain Slider	3-6

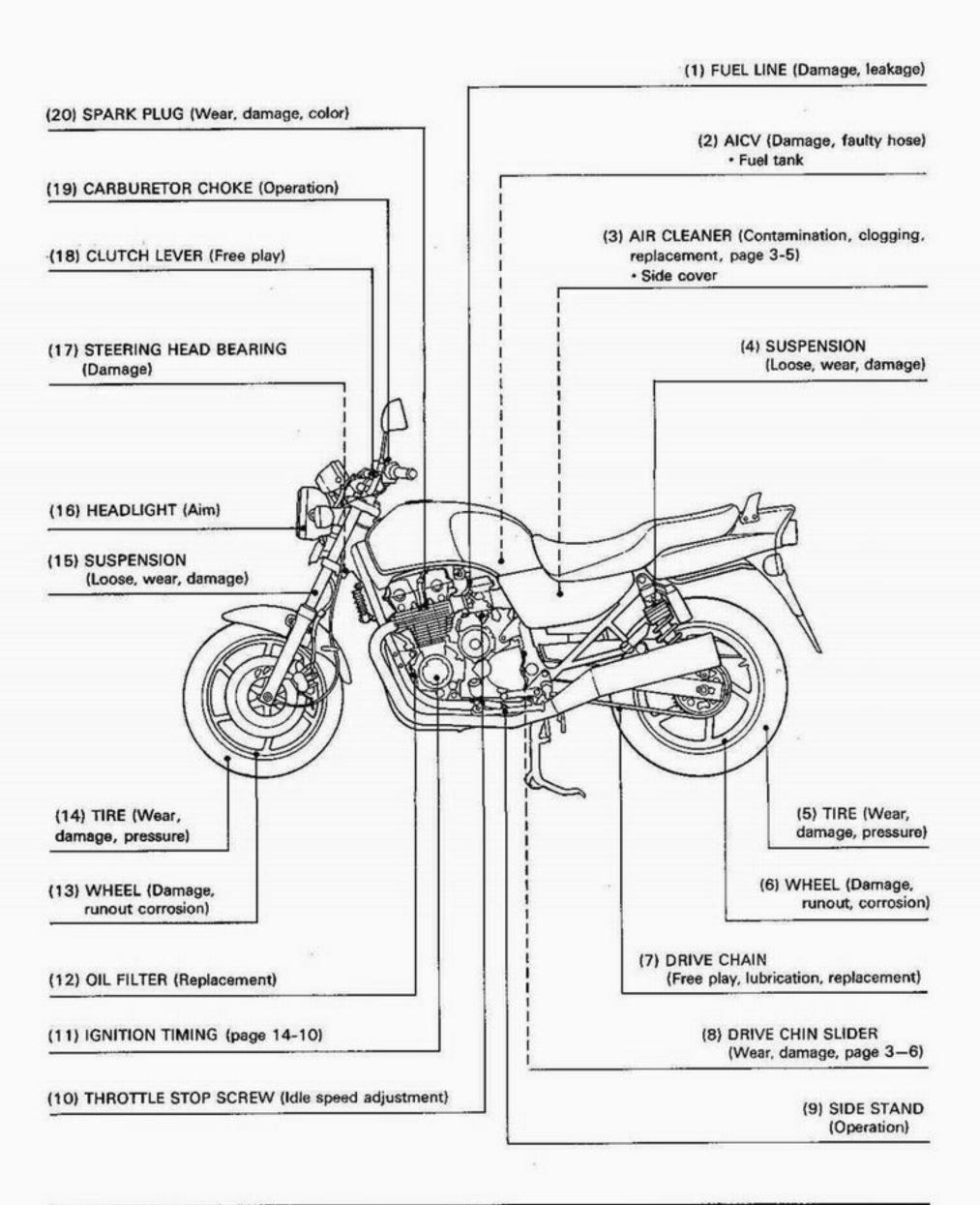
Service Information

- · Refer to Common Service Manual for items not included in this manual.
- · Refer to Specifications (Section 1) for maintenance data.

Service Access Guide

- The following shows the locations of the parts that must be removed for the maintenance items listed below. Refer to the Common Service Manual for items not included in this manual.
- Refer to section 2 (Frame/Body Panels/Exhaust System), for the parts that must be removed for service.
 For example: AIR CLEANER (Contamination, clogging, replacement): Parts
 - Side cover The part required to be removed for service.





Maintenance Schedule

Perform the PRE-RIDE INSPECTION in the Owner's Manual at each scheduled maintenance period.

I: Inspect and clean, Adjust, Lubricate or Replace if necessary.

R: Replace, C: Clean, L: Lubricate, A: Adjust

The following items require some mechanical knowledge. Certain Items (particularly those marked *and**) may require more technical information and tools. Consult your authorized Honda dealer.

	Frequency	Whichever	Odometer Reading (Note 1)								
		comes	× 1,000 km	1	6	12	18	24	30	36	То
Iter	n	7	× 1,000 mi	0.6	6	8	12	16	20	24	Page
		Note	Months			12	18	24	30	36	
•	Fuel Line	-74		4		ĺ		ı		ı	Note 6
	Fuel Strainer Screen	957			С	С	C	C	С	Ĉ	Note 6
	Throttle Operation					T	100	1		1	Note 6
*	Carburetor Choke					1		1		1	Note 6
	Air Cleaner	No	te 2				R			R	3-5
	Crankcase Breather	No	te 3		С	С	С	С	С	С	Note 6
	Spark Plug				1	R	I	R	1	R	Note 7
	Engine Oil			Ŗ	R	R	R	R	R	R	Note 7
	Engine Oil Filter			R		R		R		R	Note 6
	Carburetor Synchronization					1		1		1	3-5
	Carburetor Idle Speed			1	ı	1	ı	T	T	ī	Note 7
	Secondary Air Supply System	Not	te 4			1		1		T	Note 6
. 3	Drive Chain		E	very 1	,000	km (6	00 mi	1, L	A	·	Note 6
4.	Drive Chan Slider					1		1		1	3-6
•	Battery				ı	1	T	1	ī	1	Note 6
	Brake Fluid	No	te 5		ı	1	R	1	1	R	Note 7
	Brake Pad Wear				1	ı	ı	1	1	ī	Note 6
	Brake System			ı		1		1	-	T	Note 6
٠	Brake Light Switch					I		1		1	Note 6
	Headlight Aim	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1		ı		1	Note 6
	Clutch System			I	1	1	1	i	1	1	Note 6
	Side Stand				a maraket as	1		T		1	Note 6
•	Suspension					ı		1		1	Note 6
٠	Nuts, Bolts, Fasteners	* *		1		1		I		I	1-14
	Wheels/Tires					1		ı		1	Note 6
	Steering Head Bearings			ı		1		1		1	Note 6

- Should be serviced by an authorized Honda dealer, unless the owner has the proper tools and service data, and is mechanically qualified. Refer to the official Honda service Manual.
- * * In the interest of safety, we recommended these items be serviced only by an authorized Honda dealer.

- Notes: 1. At higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.
 - 2. Service more frequently when riding in unusually wet or dusty areas.
 - 3. Service more frequently when riding in rain or at full throttle.
 - 4. Switzerland and Austria type only.
 - 5. Replace every 2 years, or at indicated odometer interval, whichever comes first. Replacement requires mechanical skill.
 - Refer to the Common Service Manual.
 - 7. Use the specifications in section one and refer to the Common Service Manual.

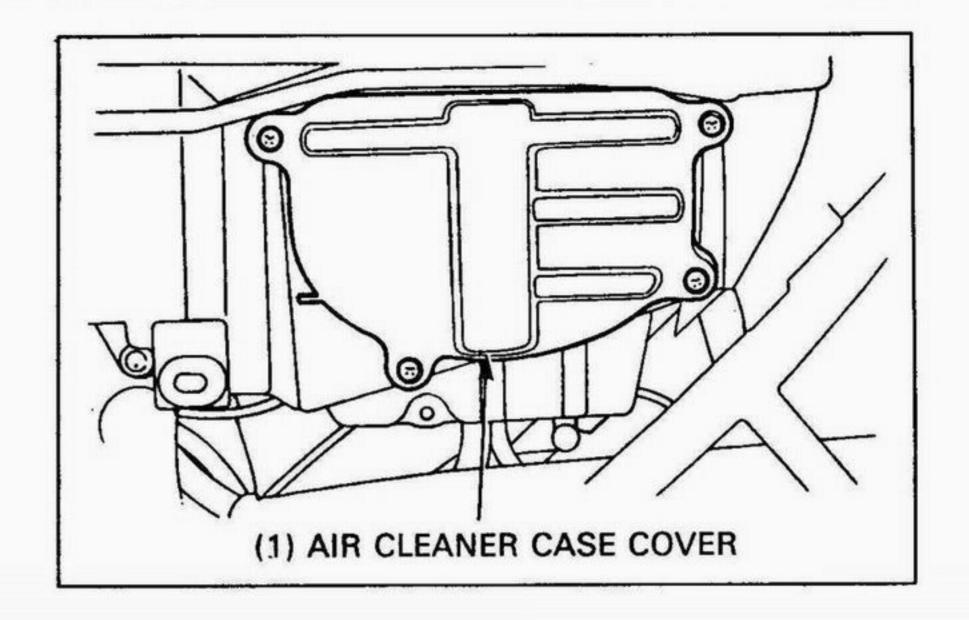
Air Cleaner

Remove the left side cover (page 2-2).

Remove the air cleaner case cover.

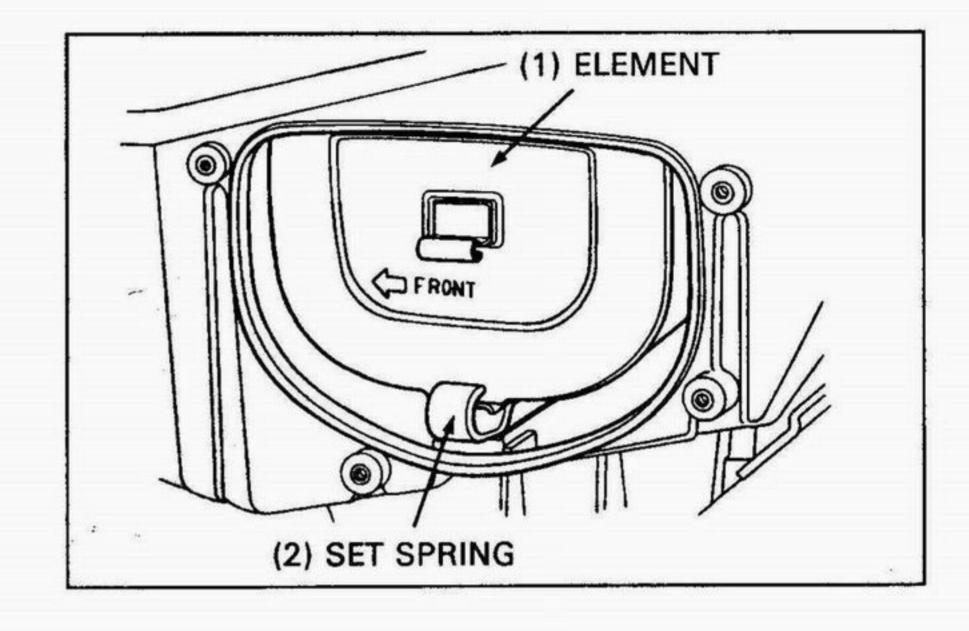
Pull the air cleaner element set spring out and remove the element.

Discard the air cleaner element in accordance with the maintenance schedule.



Install the air cleaner element with the ← mark forward. Install the set spring.

Install the removed parts in the reverse order of removal.



Carburetor Synchronization

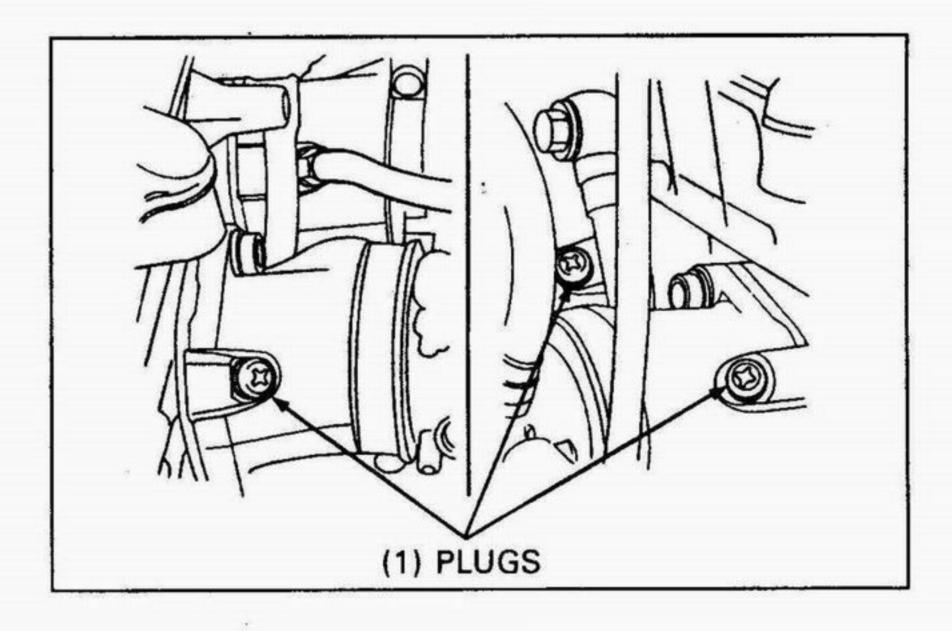
NOTE

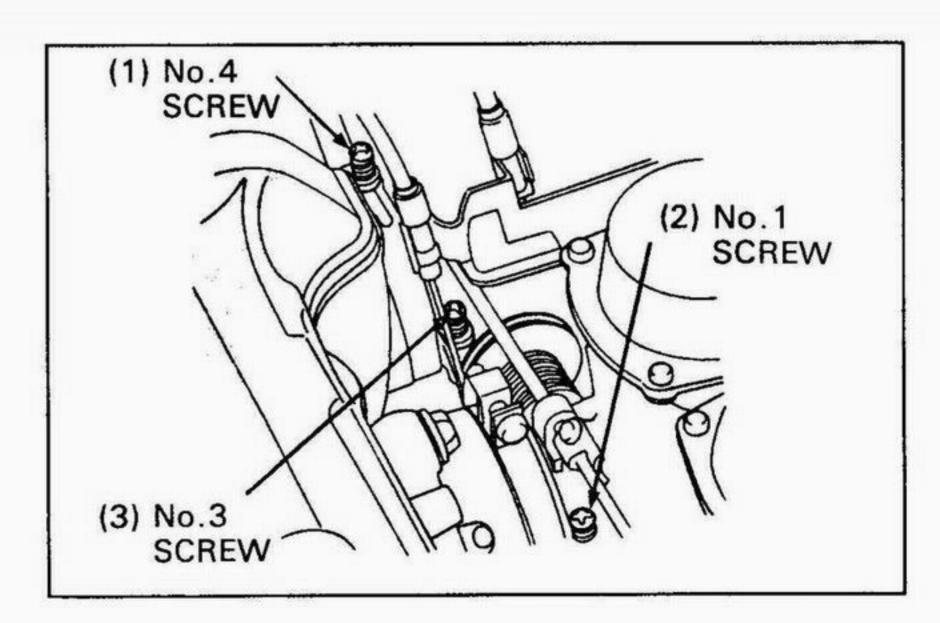
- For detailed instructions, refer to section 2 of the Common Service Manual. The information here only indicates locations of the plugs for the adapters and the synchronization adjusting screws.
- Before inspection, remove the fuel tank mounting bolts (page 2-3) and move the tank rearward without disconnecting the fuel tube.

Carburetor Vacuum Difference:

Within 30 mm Hg (1.2 inHg)

Base Carburetor: No.2 Carburetor





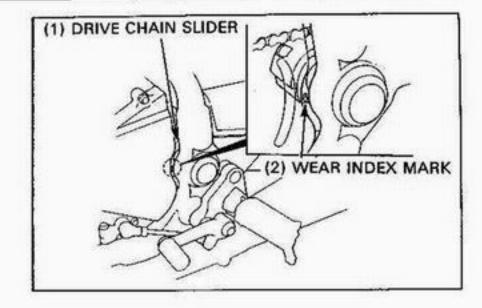
Drive Chain Slider

Check the drive chain slider for wear. Replace the drive chain slider if it is worn to wear index mark.

CAUTION

 If the chain slider becomes worn through to the swingarm, the chain will begine to wear against the swingarm.

Remove the swingarm and replace the drive chain slider (page 11-11).



4. Lubrication System

Service Information	4-1	Oil Pump Disassembly/Assembly	4-4	
Troubleshooting	4-1	Oil Cooler Removal/Installation	4-5	
Lubrication System Diagram	4-2	Oil Pressure Check	4-6	
Oil Pump Removal/Installation	4-3			

Service Information

AWARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause loss of consciousness and may lead to death. Run the engine in an open area or with an exhaust evacuation system in an enclosed area.
- Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although
 this is unlikely uness you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with
 soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.
- · The oil pump can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame.
- · The service procedures in this section should be performed after the engine oil is drained.
- · When removing and installing the oil pump, use care not to allow dust or dirt to enter the engine.
- · If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limits, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- · After the oil pump has been installed, check that there are no oil leaks and that oil pessure is correct.

Troubleshooting

Oil Level Low

- · Oil consumption
- · External oil loak
- · Worn piston ring or incorrect piston ring installation
- Worn valve guide or seal

Low Or No Oil Pressure

- · Clogged oil orifice
- · Incorrect oil being used

No Oil Pressure

- · Oil level to low
- Oil pump drive sprocket broken
- Oil pump damaged (pump shaft)
- Internal oil leaks

Low Oil Pressure

- · Clogged oil strainer screen
- Oil pump worn or damaged
- Internal oil leak
- Incorrect oil being used
- · Low oil level

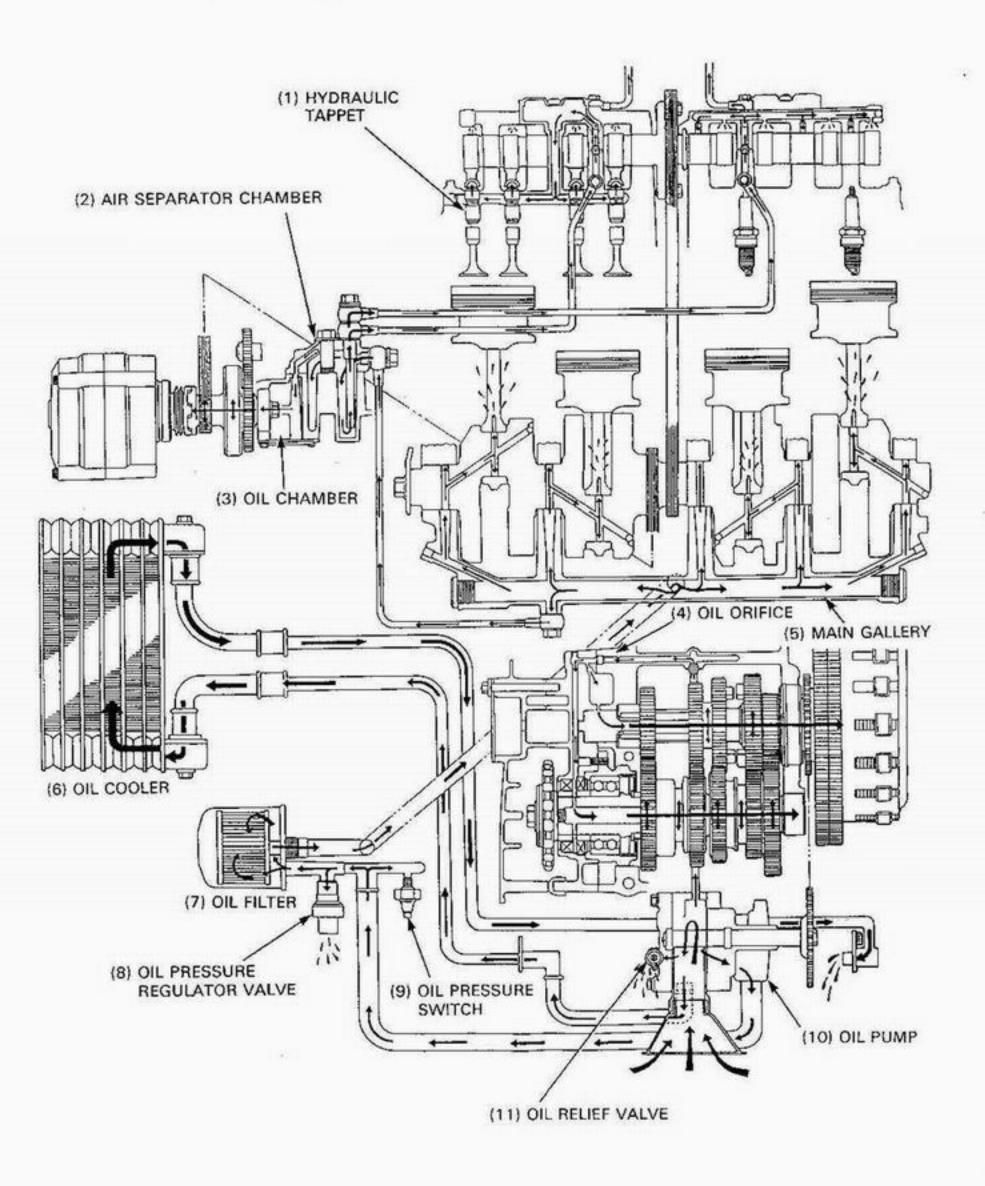
High Oil Pressure

- Pressure relief valve stuck closed
- Plugged oil filter, gallery, or metering orifice
- · Incorrect oil being used

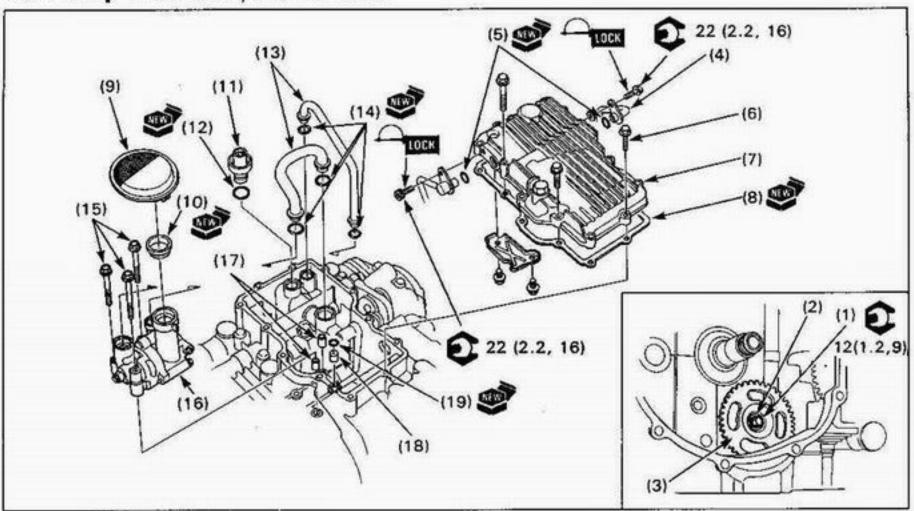
Oil Pressure Warning Light Does Not Work Well

Refer to section 25 of the Common Service Manual

Lubrication System Diagram



Oil Pump Removal/Installation



NOTE

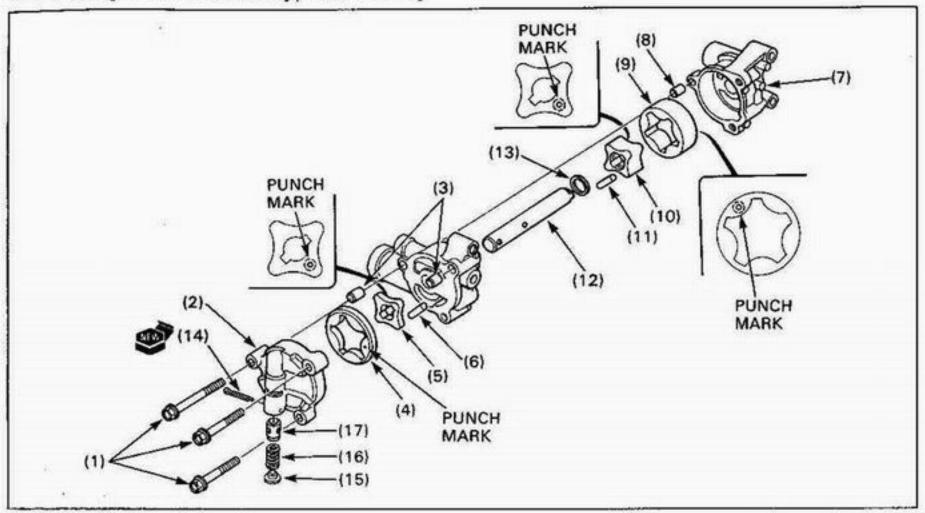
- · Use care to prevent dust and dirt from entering the engine.
- · After installation, check that there are no oil leaks.

Requisite Service

- · Engine oil draining/refill
- Clutch removal/installation (page 8-4, 6)
- · Exhaust system removal/installation (page 2-6)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Oil pump driven sprocket bolt	1	
(2)	Washer	1	
(3)	Oil pump driven sprocket	1	
(4)	Oil hose	2 2	
(5)	O-ring	2	****
(6)	Oil pan bolt	12	
(7)	Oil pan	1	
(8)	Gasket	1	
(9)	Oil strainer	1	Clean with a non-flammable or high flash point solvent
(10)	O-ring	1	
(11)	Pressure relief valve	. 1	I PE
(12)	O-ring	1	
(13)	Oil pipe	2	
(14)	O-ring	4	
(15)	Oil pump mounting bolt	. 3	
(16)	Oil pump assembly	1.	
(17)	Dowel pin	2	*.
(18)	CARDATA MARKONINA C	1	
(19)	O-ring	1	

Oil Pump Disassembly/Assembly



NOTE

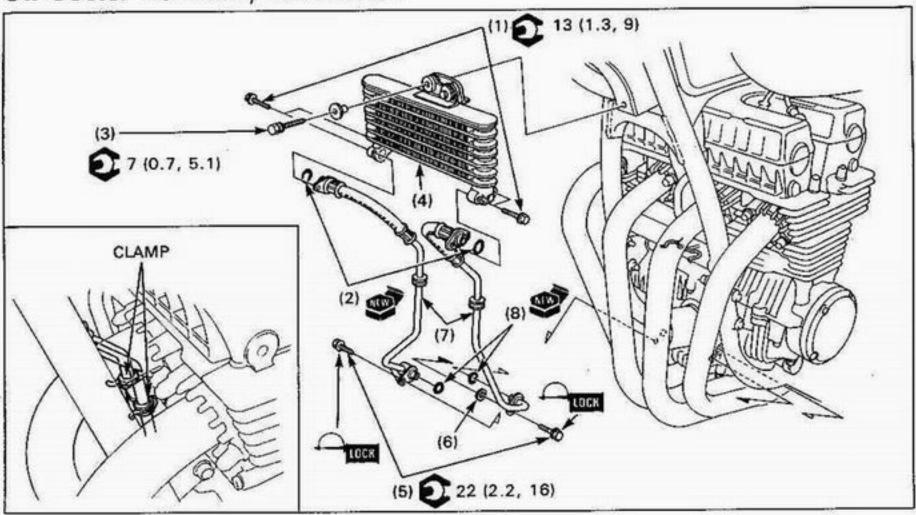
- · If any portion of the oil pump is worn beyond the specified service limit, replace the oil pump as an assembly.
- · Before assembling them, clean all disassembled parts thoroughly with clean engine oil.
- · Refer to section 4 of the Common Service Manual for inspection information.
- Refer to page 1-6 for specifications.

Requisite Service

· Oil pump removal/installation (page 4-3)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(1)	Oil pump cover attaching bolt	3	
(2)	Oil pump cover	1	
(3)	Dowel pin	2	
(4)	Cooler pump outer rotor	1	Install with its punch mark facing the pump cover.
(5)	Cooler pump inner rotor	1	Install aligning the cut out with the drive pin.
E 20			· Install with its punch mark facing the pump body.
(6)	Drive pin	1	
(7)	Feed pump cover	1	
(8)	Dowel pin	1 1	
(9)	Feed pump outer rotor	1	Install with its punch mark facing the pump body.
(10)	Feed pump inner rotor	1	 Install aligning the cut out with the drive pin. Install with its punch mark facing the pump body.
(11)	Drive pin	1	
(12)	Pump shaft	1	
(13)	Washer	1	
(14)	Cotter pin	1	
(15)	Spring seat	1	
(16)	Spring	1	
(17)	Relief valve	1	

Oil Cooler Removal/Installation



AWARNING

· Do not service the exhaust system while it is hot.

NOTE

- · Use care to prevent dust and dirt from entering the engine.
- · After installation, check that there are no oil leaks.

Requisite Service

Engine oil draining/refill

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks	
(1) (2) (3)	Removal Order Oil hose joint bolt (upper) O-ring Oil cooler mounting bolt	4 2 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	Oil cooler Oil hose joint bolt (lower) Washer Oil hose O-ring	1 2 1 2 2	Be careful not bend the hose.	

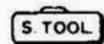
Oil Pressure Check

Warm the engine up to normal operating temperature (approximately 80°C/176°F).

Stop the engine.

Place the motorcycle on its side stand.

Remove the right sealing bolt and connect an oil pressure gauge to the plug hole with an attachment.



Oil pressure gauge Oil pressure gauge attachment 07506-3000000 07510-MJ10100

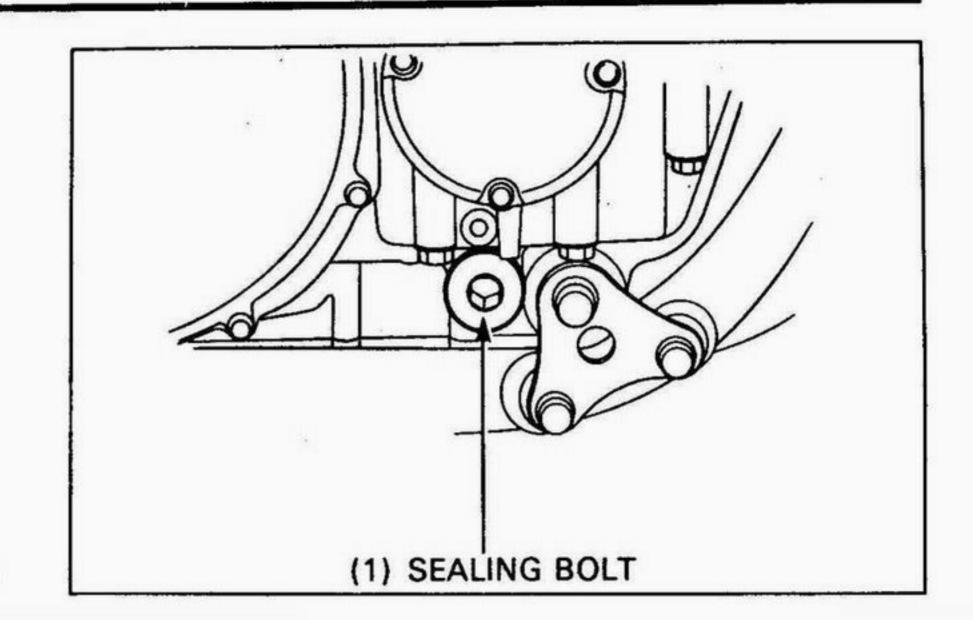
Place the motorcycle on its center stand.

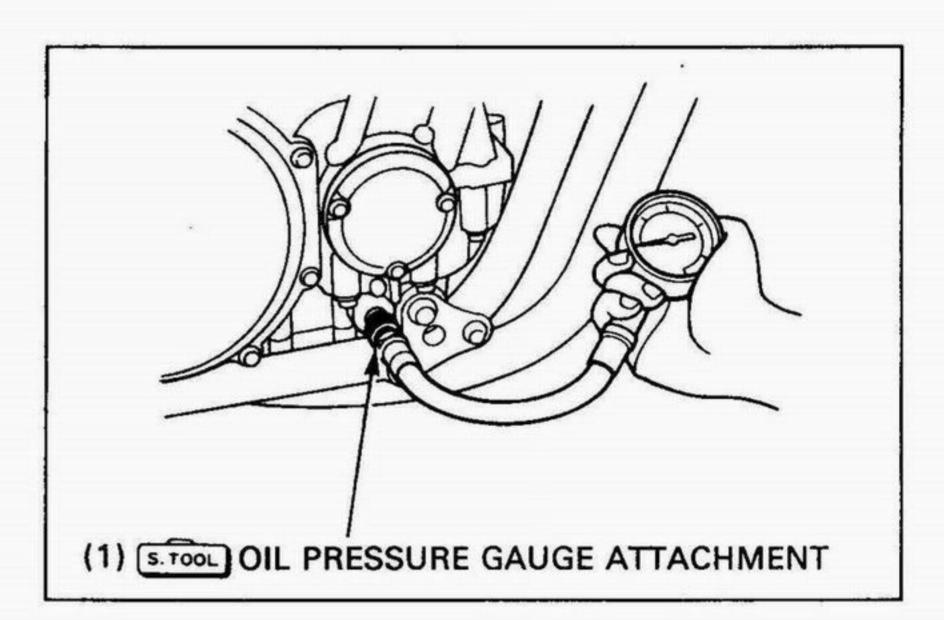
Check the oil level.

Start the engine and check the oil pressure at 6,000 min⁻¹ (rpm).

OIL PRESSURE: 630 kPa (6.3 kg/cm², 90 psi) at (80°C/176°F) 6,000 min-1(rpm)

Stop the engine and place the motorcycle on its side stand.





Remove the pressure gauge and attachment.

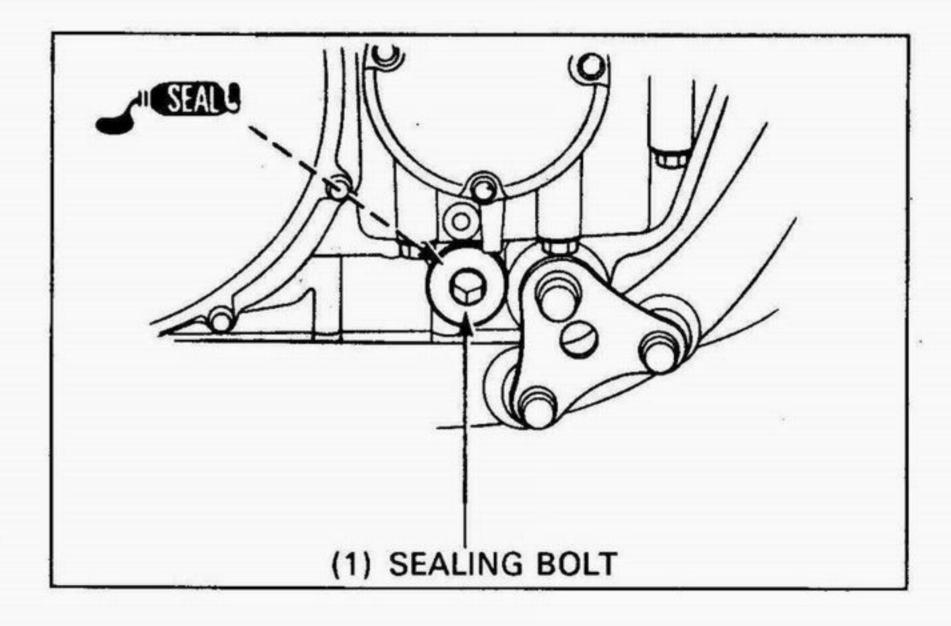
Apply sealant to the sealing bolt threads and install the bolt with new sealing washer.

Torque: 30 N·m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

Start the engine.

Check that the oil pressure warning indicator goes out after one or two seconds.

If the pressure warning indicator stays on, stop the engine immediately and determine the cause.



5. Fuel System

Service Information	5-1	Carburetor Disassembly/Assembly	5-8
Troubleshooting	5-2	Carburetor Combination	5-10
Air Cleaer Case Removal/Installation	5-3	Pilot Screw Adjustment	5-12
Carburetor Removal/Installation	5-4		*::
Carburetor Separation	5-6		*

Service Information

A WARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHIL-DREN.
- Bending or twisting the control cables will impair smooth operation and could cause the cables to stick or bind, resulting in loss of vehicle control.

CAUTION

- · Be sure to remove the carburetor diaphragms before cleaning air and fuel passages with compressed air.
- Work in a well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing flames or sparks in the work area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.
- · Refer to section 2 for fuel tank removal and installation.
- · When disassembling fuel system parts, note the locations of the O-rings. Replace them with new ones on reassembly.
- Before removing the carburetors, place an approved gasoline container under the carburetor drain tube, loosen the drain bolts and drain the carburetors.
- After removing the carburetor, wrap the intake port of the engine with a shop towel or cover it with pieces of tape to
 prevent any foreign material from dropping into the engine.
- · The vacuum chamber and float chamber can be serviced with the carburetors assembled.
- Switzerland and Austria type Only:
 All hoses used in the secondary air supply system are numbered for identification. When connecting one of these hoses, compare the hose number with the Cable & Harness Routing, page 1-27.

NOTE

 If the vehicle is to be stored for more than one month, drain the float bowls. Fuel left in the float bowls may cause clogged jets resulting in hard starting or poor driveability.

Troubleshooting

Engine Won't Start

- · Too much fuel getting to the engine
 - -Air cleaner clogged
 - Flooded carburetor
- Intake air leak
- · Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- · No fuel to carburetor
 - -Fuel strainer clogged
 - Fuel tube clogged
 - Fuel valve stuck
 - Float level misadjusted
 - Fuel tank breather tube clogged

Lean Mixture

- Fuel jets clogged
- Float valve faulty
- Float level too low
- Fuel line restricted
- Carburetor air vent tube clogged
- · Intake air leak
- · Throttle valve faulty
- · Vacuum piston faulty

Rich Mixture

- Bystarter valve in ON position
- Float valve faulty
- · Float level too high
- Air jets clogged
- · Air cleaner element contaminated
- Flooded carburetor

Engine Stalls, Hard To Start, Rough Idling

- · Fuel line restricted
- Ignition malfunction
- · Fuel mixture too lean/rich
- · Fuel contaminated/deteriorated
- Intake air leak
- Idle speed misadjusted
- · Float level misadjusted
- · Fuel tank breather tube clogged
- Pilot screw misadjusted
- Slow circuit or bystarter circuit clogged
- Emission control system malfunction (SW and AR type only)
 - -Air injection control valve (AICV) faulty
 - Loose, disconnected or deteriorated hoses of the emission control system

Afterburn When Engine Braking Is Used

- · Lean mixture in slow circuit
- Emission control system malfunction (SW and AR type only)
 - -Secondary air supply system faulty
 - Loose, disconnected or deteriorated hoses of the emission control system

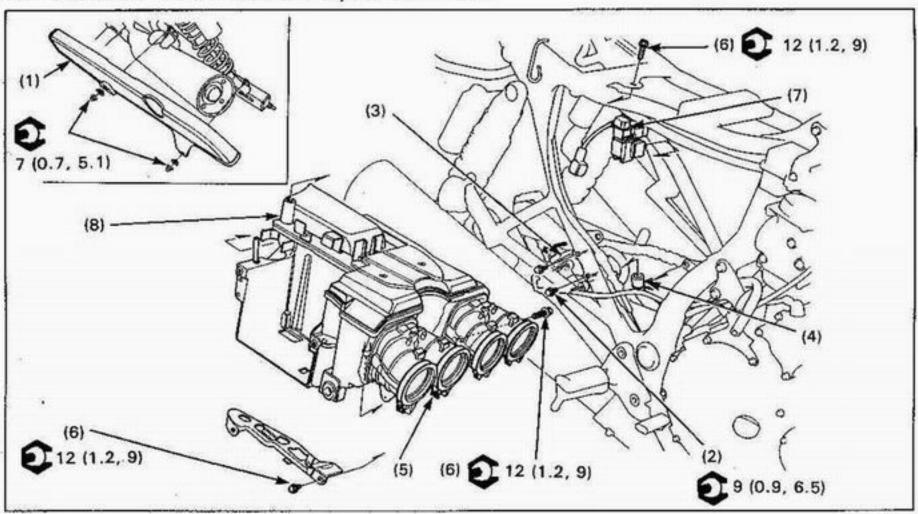
Afterburn Or Misfiring During Acceleration

- Ignition system faulty
- · Fuel mixture to lean

Poor Performance (Driveability) And Poor Fuel Economy

- Fuel system clogged
- · Ignition malfunction
- Emission control system malfunction (SWand AR type only)
 - -Air injection control valve (AICV) faulty
 - Loose, disconnected or deteriorated hoses of the emission control system

Air Cleaner Case Removal/Installation

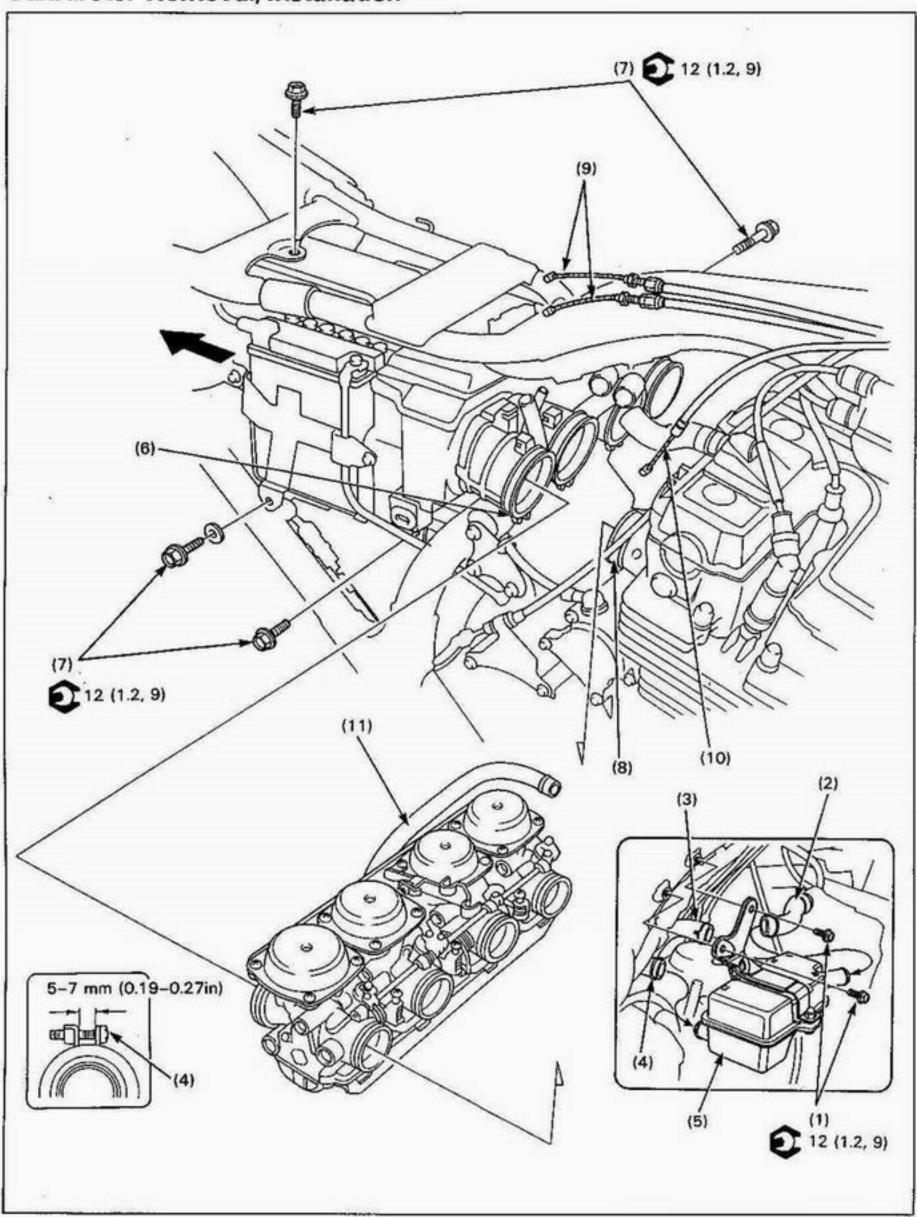


Requisite Service

- Rear fairing removal/installation (page 2-3)
- Battery removal/installation (page 13-4)
- · Fuel tank removal/installaion (page 2-3)
- · Rear wheel removal/installation (page 11-2)
- Rear fender removal/installation (page 2-4)

Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1) Drive chain cover	1	
(2) Rear master cylinder mounting bolt	2	
(3) Rear master cylinder	1	
(4) Air cleaner case drain tube	1 1	1
(5) Connecting tube band screw	4	Only loosening.
(6) Air cleaner case mounting bolt	3	
(7) Starter relay switch	1	
(8) Air cleaner case assembly	1	Remove the air cleaner case rearward.

Carburetor Removal/Installation



AWARNING

- · Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHIL-
- Work in well ventilated area. Smoking or allowing frames or sparks in the working area or where gasoline is stored can cause a fire or explosion.

NOTE

· Before removal, turn the fuel valve OFF.

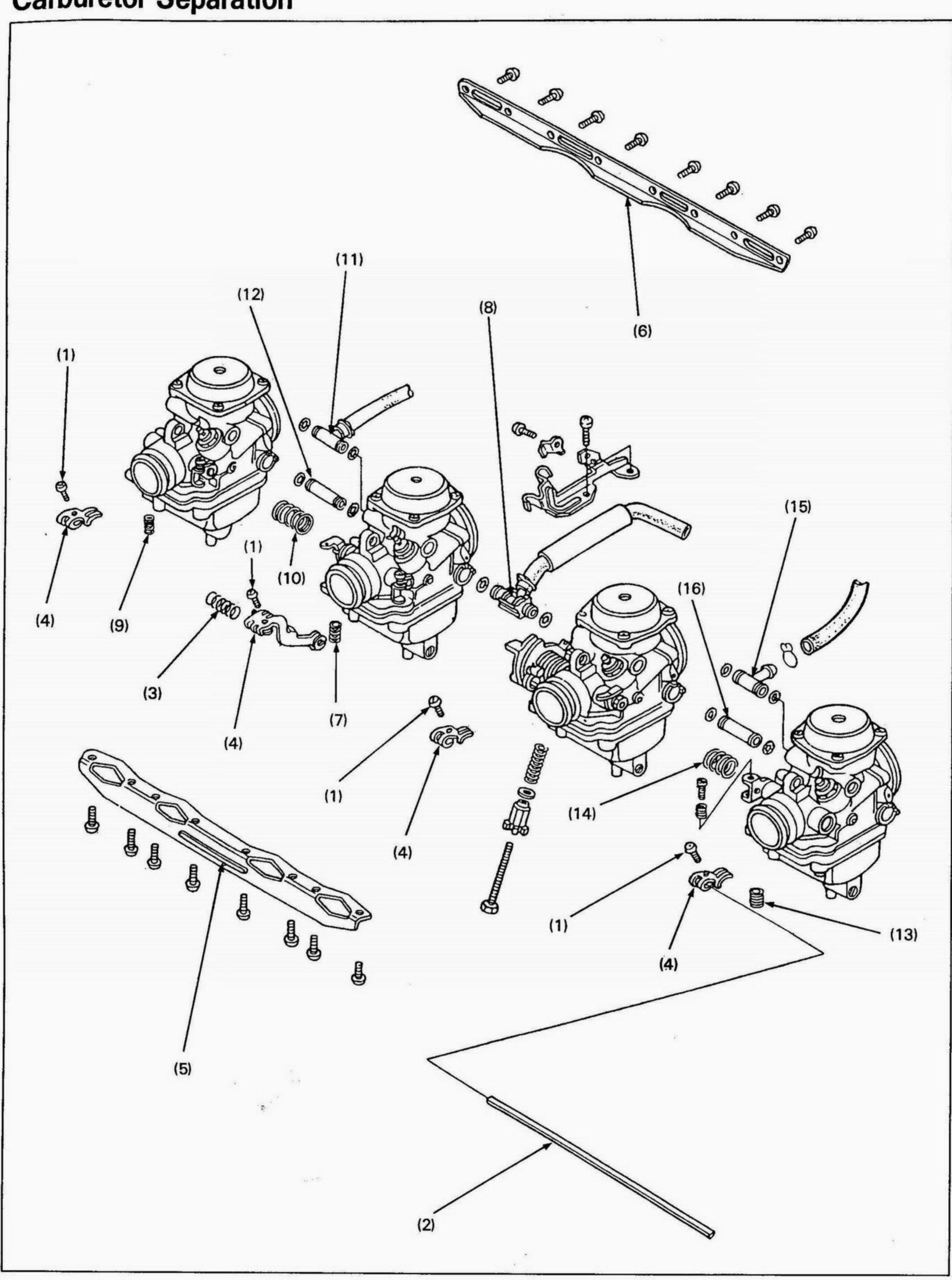
Requisite Service

Fuel tank removal/installation (page 2-3)

Carburetor draining

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Beather tank mounting bolt	2		
(2)	No. 26 tube	1	e i	
(3)	No. 27 tube	1		
(4)	No. 25 tube	1		
(5)	Breather tank	1		
(6)	Connecting tube band screw	4	Loosen only.	
(7)	Air cleaner case mounting bolt	4	Move the air cleaner case rearward.	
(8)	Insulator band screw	4	Loosen only.	
(9)	Throttle cable	2	4.50	
(10)	Choke cable	1	a *	
(11)	Carburetor assembly	1		

Carburetor Separation

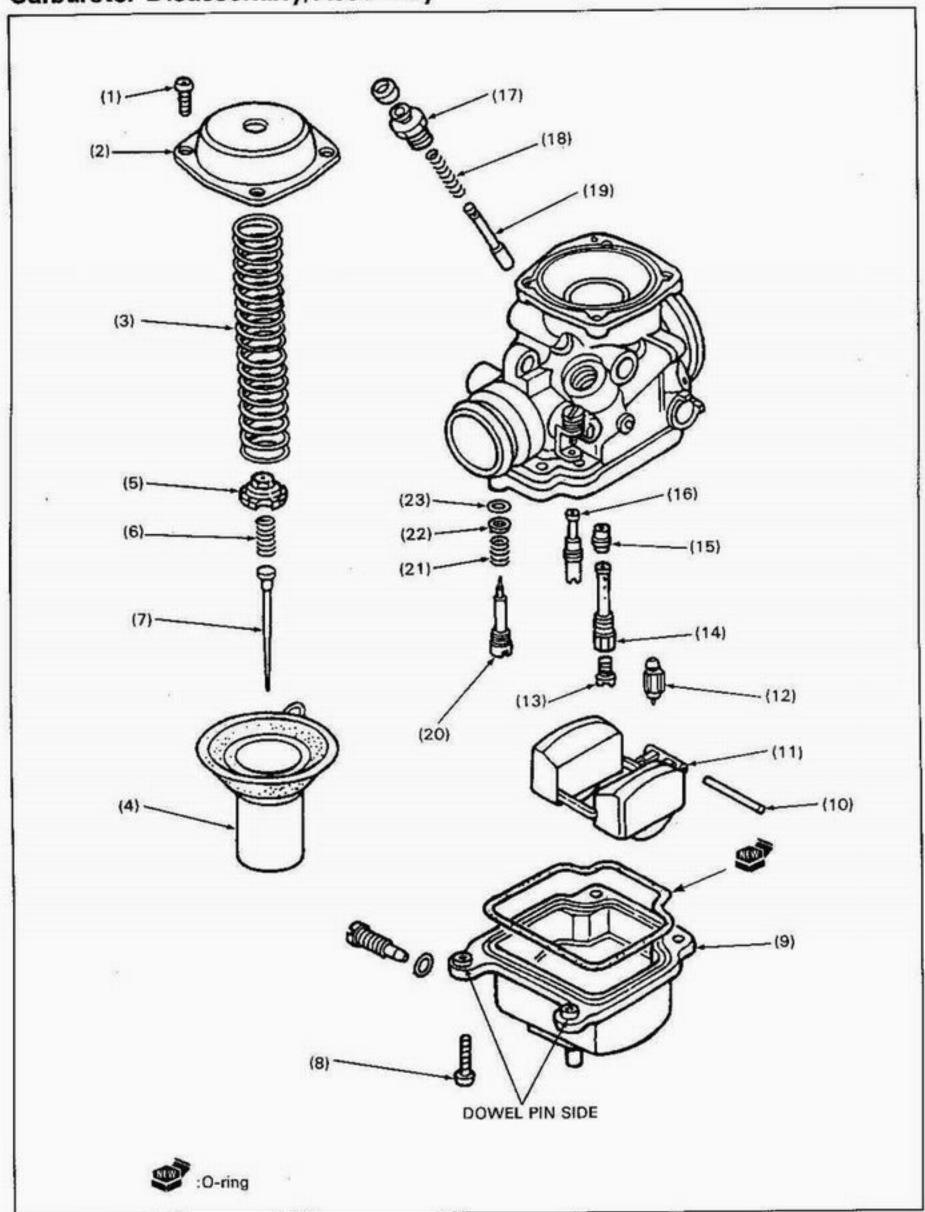


Requiste Service

- Carburetor removal/installation (page 5-4)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Separate carburetors 3/4 from carburetors 1/2		
(1)	Bystarter arm screw	4	Loosen only.
(2)	Bystarter arm shaft	1	
(3)	Spring	1	
(4)	Bystarter arm	4	
(5)	Front bracket	1	1
(6)	Rear bracket	1	
(7)	No. 3 carb. synchronization spring	1	1
(8)	Fuel joint pipe (3-way)/O-ring	1/2	
(9)	Separate No. 3 carb. from No. 4 carb. No. 4 carb. synchronization spring	1	
	Thrust spring	1	1
(11)	15.55% (C.1.1)	1/2	
(12)	Fuel joint pipe (2-way)/O-ring	1/2	
	Separate No. 1 carb. from No. 2 carb.		
(13)	No. 1 carb. synchronization spring	1	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Thrust spring	1	
(15)	Air vent pipe/O-ring	1/2	
(16)	Fuel joint pipe (2-way)/O-ring	1/2	S .

Carburetor Disassembly/Assembly



NOTE

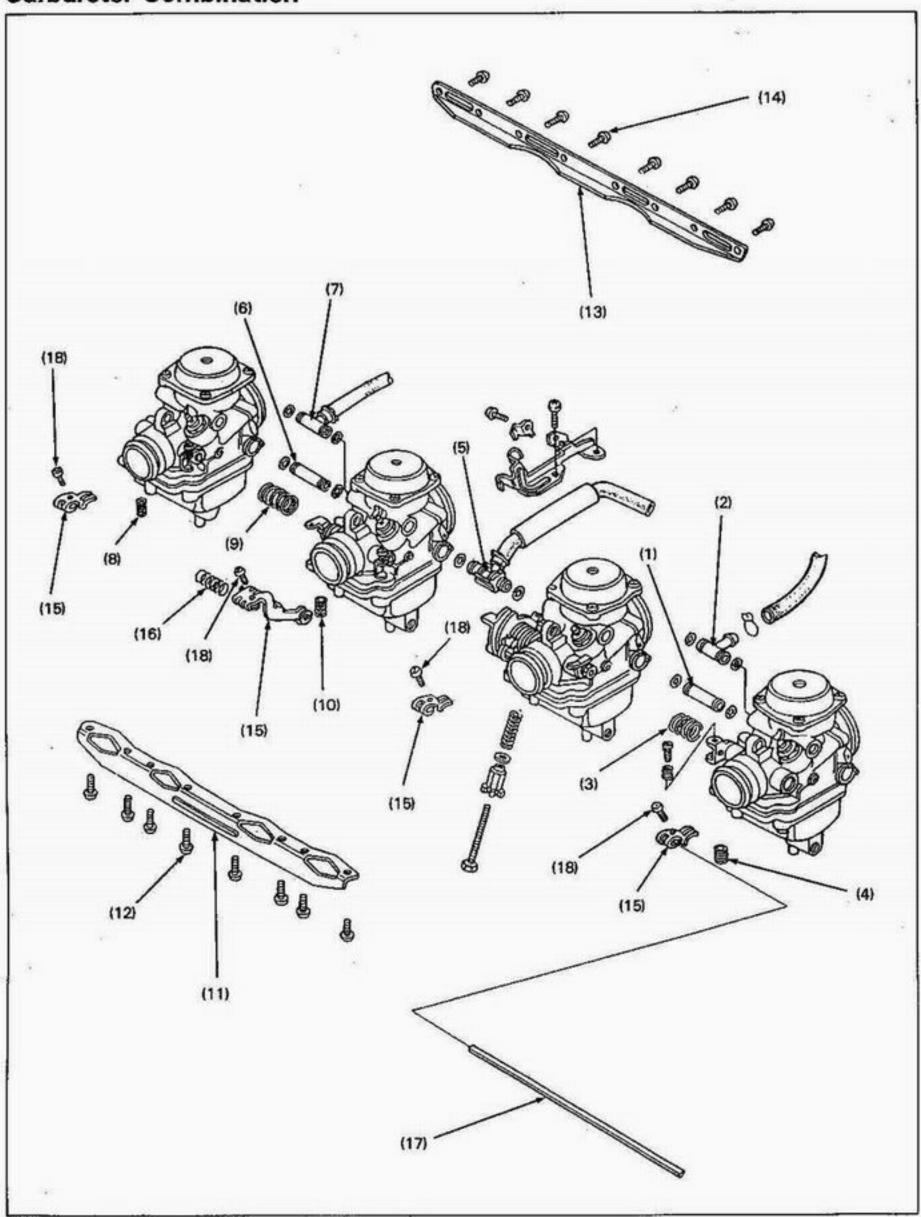
- · The vacuum chamber and float chamber can be serviced with the carburetors assembled.
- · The pilot screws are factory pre-set and should not be removed unless the carburetors are overhauled.
- Before disassembling the carburetors, turn each pilot screw in and carefully count the number of turns before it seats lightly. Make a note of this to use as a reference when reinstalling the screws. If new pilot screws are installed, turn each one out to the initial opening (page 1-6).

Requisite Service

- Carburetor removal/installation (page 5-4)
- Carburetor separation (page 5-6)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Vacuum Chamber Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(1)	Vacuum chamer cover screw	4	
(2)	Vacuum chamber cover	1	NOTE
			 At installation, hold the piston up to align the diaphragm and to avoid pinching it with the cover.
(3)	Spring	1	
(4)	Diaphragm/vacuum piston	1	
(5)	Jet needle holder	1	
(6)	Spring	1	
(7)	Jet needle	1	
	Float Chamber Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(8)	Float chamber cover screw	4	At installation, first tighten the two screws on the dowel pin
			side.
(9)	Foat chamber	1	
(10)	Float pin	1	
(11)	Float	1	For float level inspection, refer to section 8 of the Common
	Clost value		Service Manual.
(12)	Float valve	1	
(13)	Main jet	1	
(14)	Needle jet holder	1	
(15)	Needle jet	1	•
(16)	Slow jet	1	
	Bystarter Valve Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of diassembly.
(17)	Valve nut	1	
(18)	Spring .	1	
	Bystarter valve	1	
	Pilot Screw Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(20)	Pilot screw	1	
Salara and Salara	Spring	1	
	Washer	1	
Sec. 10. 57	O-ring	1	

Carburetor Combination



Requisite Service

Caburetor assembly (page 5-8)

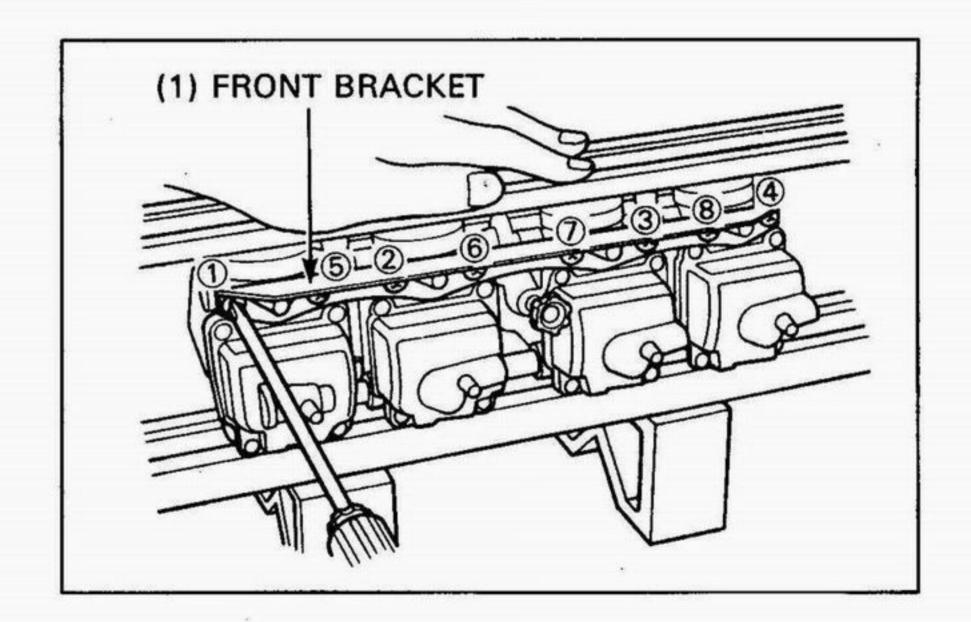
	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Assemble the No. 1 and No. 2 carburetors Fuel joint pipe (2-way)/O-ring Air vent pipe/O-ring Thrust spring No. 1 carb. synchronization spring Fuel joint pipe (3-way)/O-ring	1/2 1/2 1 1 1/2	No. 2 carburetor is the base carburetor. Install on No. 2 carburtor.
(6) (7) (8) (9)	Assemble the No. 3 and No. 4 carburetors Fuel joint pipe (2-way)/O-ring Air vent pipe/O-ring No. 4 carb. synchronization spring Thrust spring	1/2 1/2 1	
(11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)	Assemble the carburetor pairs: No. 3 carb. synchronization spring Front bracket Front bracket screw Rear bracket Rear bracket screw Bystarter arm Spring Bystarter arm shaft Bystarter arm screw	1 8 - 1 - 8 - 4 1 1 4	- Installation (see below)

Front/Rear Bracket Installation

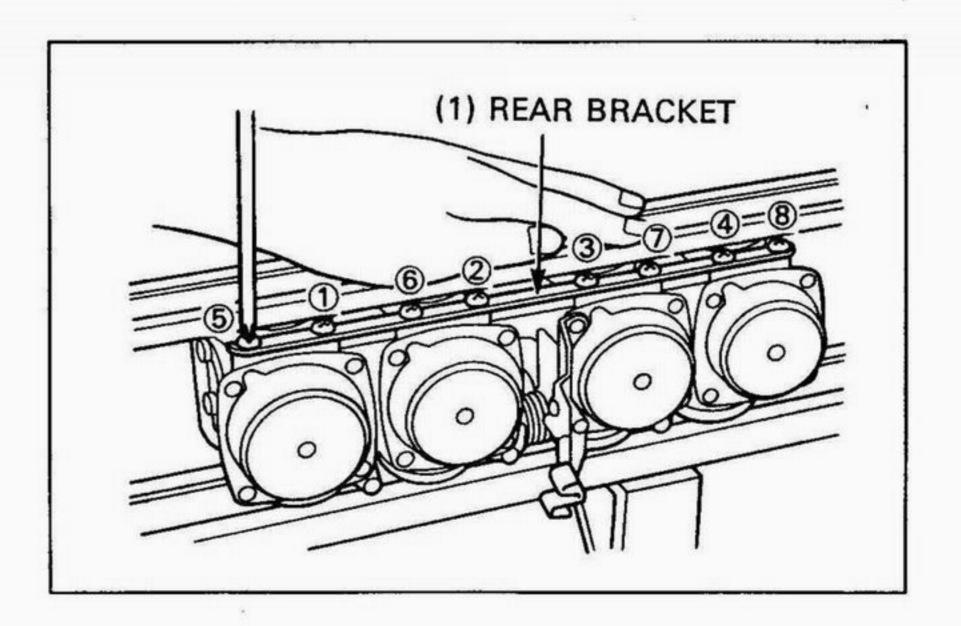
Install the front bracket and screws loosely.

Place the carburetors on a flat surface with the front side facing up.

Press the carburetors together carefully and tighten the front bracket screws in the sequence shown in two or three steps to prevent carburetor misalignment.



Install the rear bracket and screws using the sequence shown in two or three steps.



Pilot Screw Adjustment (SW type only)

Idle Drop Procedure

AWARNING

 If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death.

NOTE

- Make sure the carburetor synchronization is within specification before pilot screw adjustment.
- The pilot screws are factory pre-set and no adjustment is necessary unless the pilot screws are replaced.
- Use a tachometer with graduations of 50 min⁻¹ (rpm) change.
- Insert the screwdriver from the direction as shown to turn each pilot screw.
- Turn each pilot screw clockwise until it seats lightly, then back it out to the specification given. This is an initial setting prior to the final pilot screw adjustment.

Initial Opening: 2-3/4 Turns out

CAUTION

- Damae to the pilot screw seat will occur if the pilot screw is tightened against the seat.
- Warm up the engine to operating temperature.Stop and go riding for 10 minutes is sufficient.
- Attach a tachometer according to its manufacturer's instructions.
- Adjust the idle speed to the specified rpm with the throttle stop screw.

Idle Speed: 1,200 ±50 min-1(rpm)

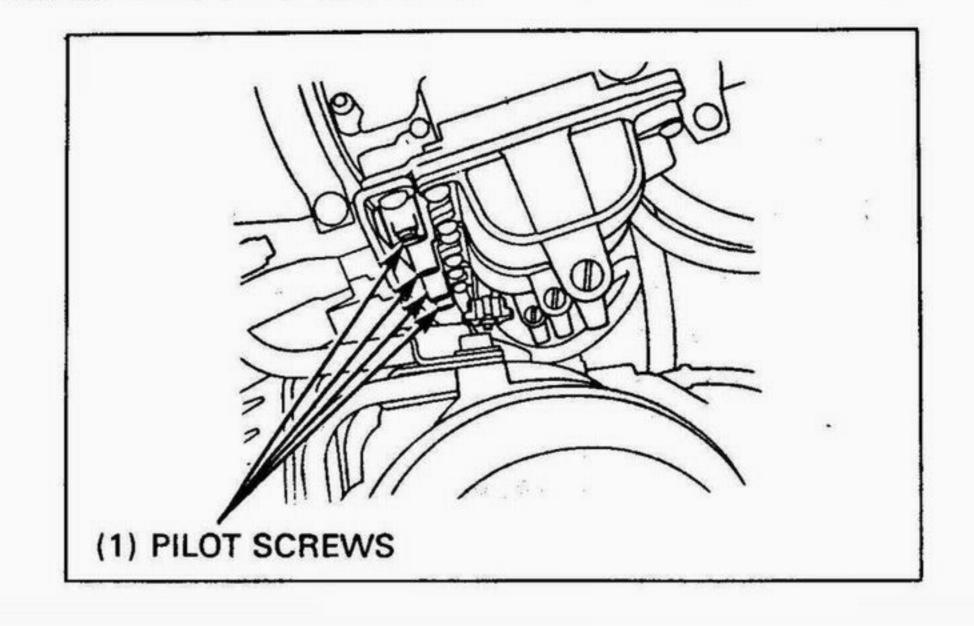
Turn all pilot screws 1/2 turn counterclockwise from the intial setting.

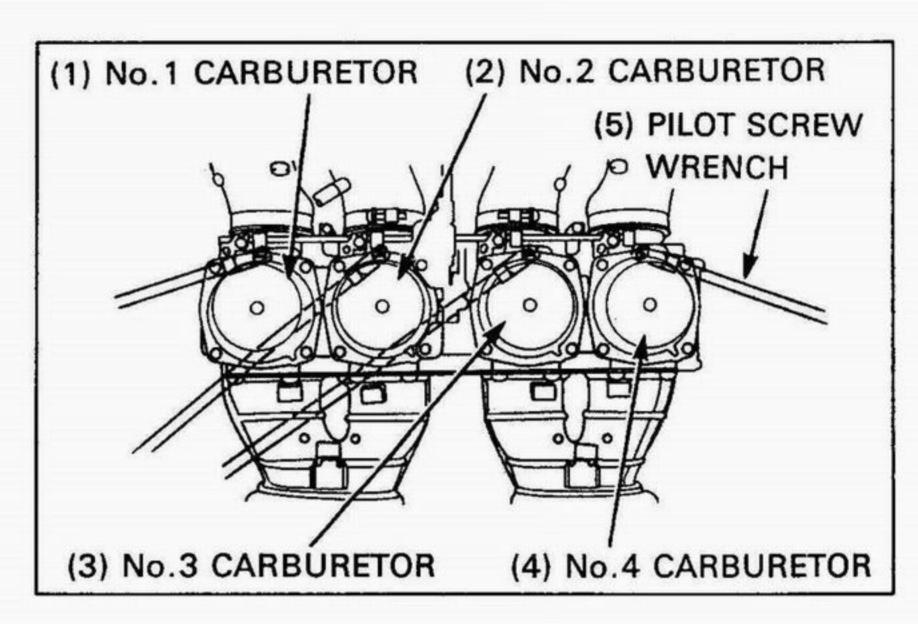
S. TOOL

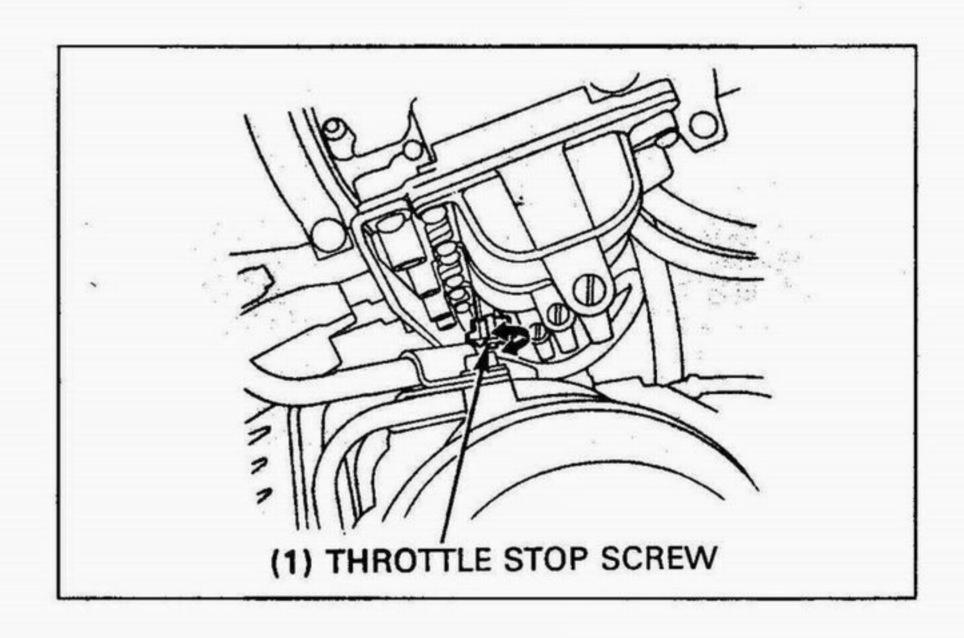
Pilot screw wrench

07KMA-MN90000

- If the engine speed increases by 50 min (rpm) or more, turn all pilot screws out by successive 1/2 turn increments until engine speed does not increase.
- 7. Adjust the idle speed with the throttle stop screw.
- 8. Turn the No.2 carburetor pilot srew in until the engine speed drops 50 min (rpm).
- Then turn the No.2 carburetor pilot screw counterclockwise 1/2 turn from the position obtained in step 8.
- 10. Adjust the idle speed with the throttle stop screw.
- 11.Perform steps 8,9 and 10 for the No. 1,3 and 4 carburetor pilot screws.







6. Engine Removal/Installation

Service Information

6-1 Engine Removal/Installation

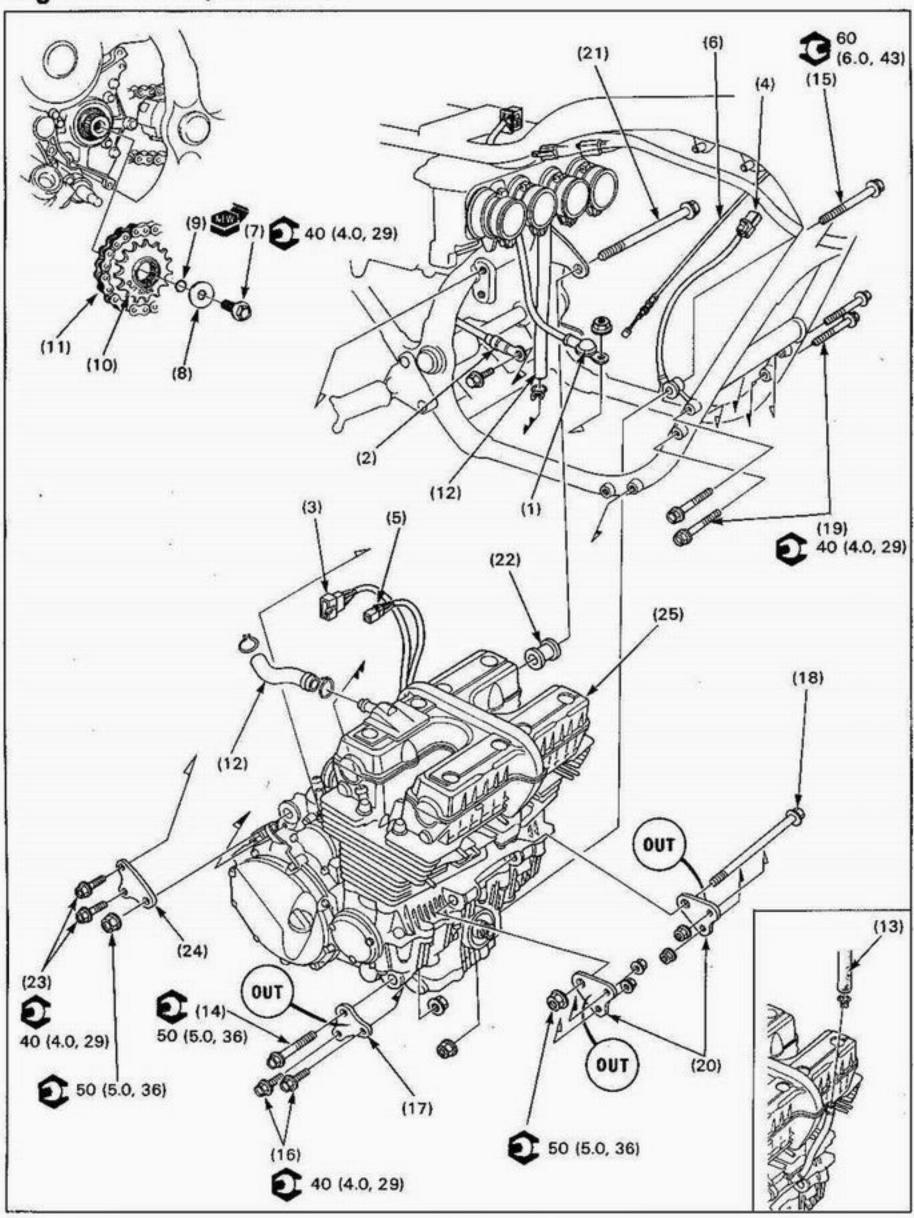
6-2

Service Information

- A floor jack or other adjustable support is required to support and maneuver the engine.
- The following components can be serviced with the engine installed in the frame:
 - -Oil pump (Section 4)
 - -Cylinder head/cylinder/piston (Section 7)
 - -Clutch/gearshift linkage (Section 8)
 - -Alternator (Section 13)
- The following components require engine removal for service:
 - -Transmission/shift forks/shift drum (Section 9)
 - -Crankshaft/connecting rod/starter clutch (Section 9)

6

Engine Removal/Installation



NOTE

- · Support the motorcycle using a safety stand or a hoist.
- · Turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- · When removing the engine, be careful not to pinch the wire harnesses between the engine and frame.
- · Note the direction of the engine mounting bolts.
- · At installation, first install all engine mounting bolts and nuts loosely, then tighten the nuts to the specified torque.

Requisite Service

- Exhaust system removal/installation (page 2-6)
- Fuel tank removal/installation (page 2-3)
- Carburetor removal/installation (page 5-4)
- Engine oil draining/refill
- Oil filter removal/installation

- Drive sprocket cover removal/installation (page 8-9)
- Ignition coil removal/installation (page 14-7)
- Oil cooler removal/installation (page 4-5)

	Procedure		Remarks
	Removal Order	Y II	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Starter motor cable	1	
(2)	Engine ground (-) cable	1	
(3)	Alternator wire connector	1	
(4)	Side stand switch connector	1	
(5)	Pulse generator/oil pressure/neutral switch connector	1	
6)	Clutch cable	1	
7)	Drive sprocket bolt	1	
(8)	Washer	1	
(9)	O-ring	1	
10)	Drive sprocket	1	Loosen the drive chain.
11)	Drive chain	1	
12)	Breather tube	2	
13)	No. 16 tube	1	Switzerland and Austria model only.
14)	Right engine lower mounting bolt/nut	1/1	
15)	Left engine lower mounting bolt/nut	1/1	
16)	Right engine lower bracket bolt	2	
17)	Right engine lower bracket	1	
18)	Engine front mounting bolt/nut	1/1	
19)	Engine front bracket bolt/nut	4/4	
20)	Engine front bracket	2	
21)	Engine rear mounting bolt/nut	1/1	
22)	Engine rear mounting collar	1	
23)	Engine rear bracket bolt	2	
24)	Engine rear bracket	1	
25)	Engine assembly	1	Move the engine out of the frame on the right. CAUTION Carefully align mounting points with the jack to prevent damage to mounting bolt threads, wire harnest

MEMO

7

7. Cylinder Head/Cylinder/Piston

Service Information	7-1	Cylinder Head Removal/Installation	7-8
Troubleshooting	7-1	Cylinder Head Disassembly/Assembly	7-10
Camshaft Removal/Installation	7-2	Cylinder, Piston Removal/Installation	7-12

Servce Information

- Camshaft service can be done with the engine in the frame.
- The engine uses hydraulic tappets that eliminate manual valve adjustments. The hydraulic tappets have de-foaming chambers. Before assembling, fill the chambers with clean engine oil.
- When adjusting the valve timing, do not turn the camshaft before installing camshaft holders and filling the de-foaming chambers with engine oil.
- · Whenever the camshaft is removed, bleed air from the tappets thoroughly (page 7-7).
- Camshaft lubricating oil is fed through oil passages in the cylinder head. Clean the oil passages before assembling the
 cylinder head.
- · Clean all disassembled parts with clean, non-flammable or high flash-point solvent and dry them with compressed air before inspecion.
- Before reassembly, lubricate the camshaft journals and cam lobes with a 50-50 solution of disulfide grease and engine
 oil.
- · When disassembling, mark and store the disassembled parts to ensure that they are reinstalled in their original locations.

Troubleshooting

- Engine top-end problems usually affect engine performance. These can be diagnosed by a compression or leak down test, or by tracing noises in the top-end with a sounding rod or stethoscope.
- If performance is poor at low speeds, check for white smoke in crankcase breather tube. If the tube is smoky, check for a seized piston ring.

Compression Too Low, Hard Starting Or Poor Performance At Low Speed

- · Valves
 - Faulty hydraulic tappet
 - -Burned or bent valves
 - -Incorrect valve timing
 - Broken valve spring
 - -Uneven valve seating
- Cylnder head
 - -Leaking or damaged head gasket
 - -Warped or cracked cylinder head
- · Cylinder, piston
 - Leaking cylinder headgasket
 - -Loose spark plug
 - -Worn, stuck or broken piston ring
 - -Worn or damaged cylinder and piston
 - -Worn or damaged cylinder and piston

Compression Too High, Overheating Or Knocking

Enxcessive carbon build-up in cylinder head or on top of piston

Rough Idle

Low cylinder compression

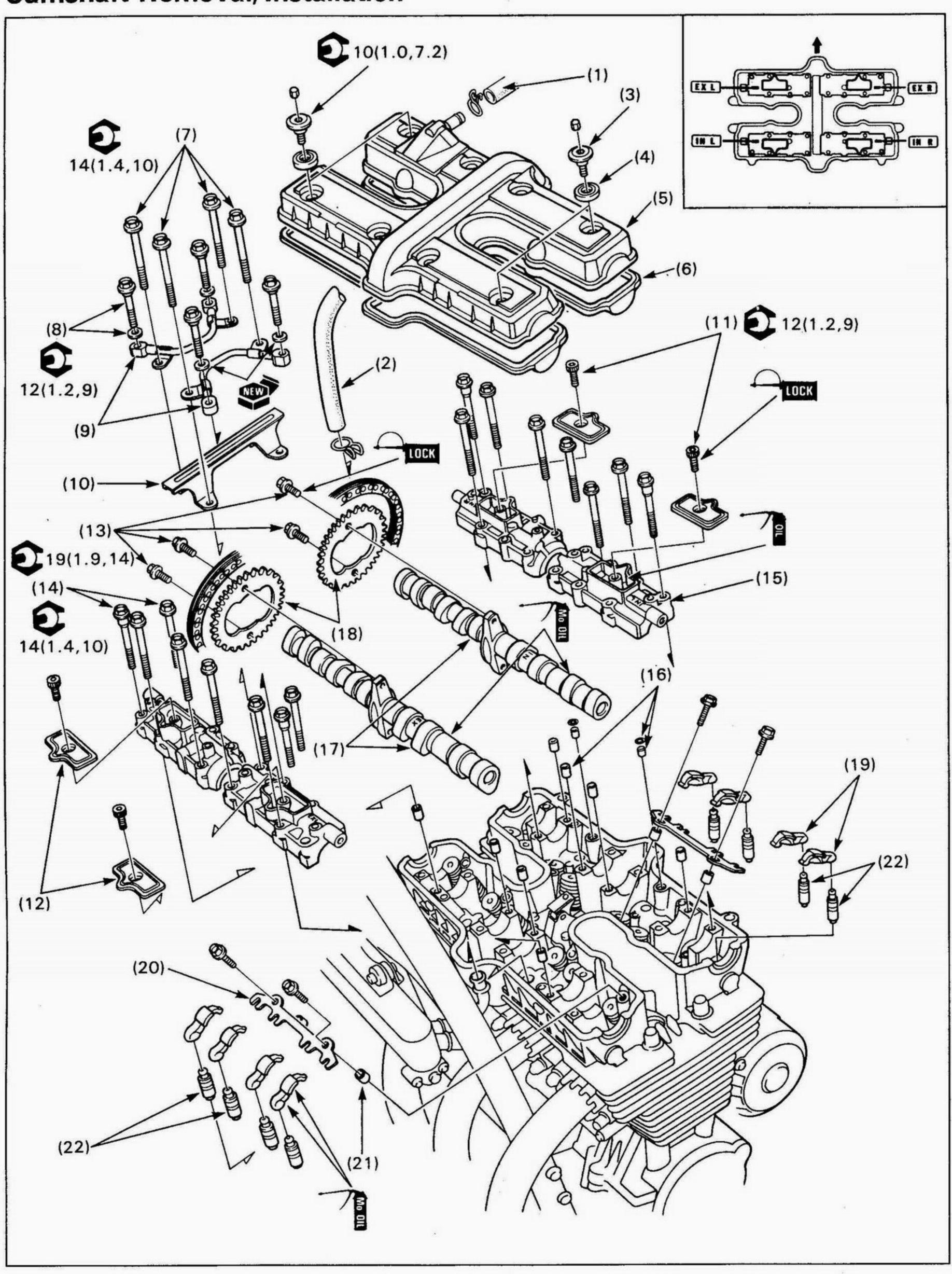
Excessive Noise

- Hydraulic valve tappet system
 - Low engine oil level
 - Contaminated oil
 - Low oil pressure
 - Damaged hydraulic tappet
- · Cylinder head
 - -Sticking valve or broken valve spring
 - Damaged or worn camshaft
 - -Loose or worn cam chain
 - -Worn or damaged cam chain
 - -Worn or damaged cam chain tensioner
 - -Worn cam sprocket teeth
 - -Worn rocker arm and/or shaft
- · Cylinder, piston
 - -Worn cylinder and piston
 - Worn cylinder and piston
 - -Worn piston pin and piston pin hole

Excessive Smoke

- Cylinder head
 - -Worn valve stem or valve guide
 - Damaged stem seal
- · Cylinder, piston
 - -Worn cylinder, piston, or piston rings
 - -Improper installation of piston rings
 - -Scored or scratched piston or cylinder wall

Camshaft Removal/Installation



CAUTION

· Do not turn the camshaft before filling the de-foaming chamber.

NOTE

· Do not allow dust or dirt to enter the cylinder.

Requiste Service

Fuel tank removal/installation (page 2-3)

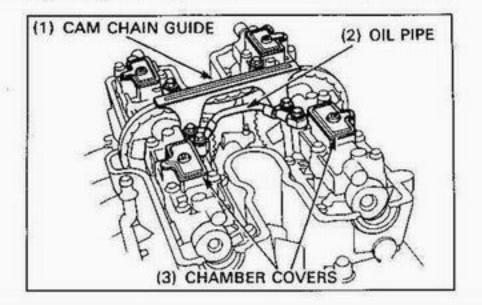
· Ignition coil removal/installation (page 14-7)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Camshaft Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Crankcase breather tube	1	
(2)	No. 16 tube	1	Switzerland and Austria model only.
(3)	Cylinder head cover bolt		
(4)	Sealing washer	8 8 1	Install with the "UP" mark facing up.
(5)	Cylinder head cover	1	
(6)	Gasket	1	NOTE
			 To hold the gasket on the cylinder head cover, apply a small amount of adhesive to several points on the cover.
(7)	Cam chain guide bolt	4	
(8)	Oil pipe bolt/sealing washer	8/4	A. Carrier and Car
(9)	Oil pipe	2	CAUTION
			 During removal and installation, do no bend the oil pipe.
10)	Cam chain guide	1	· ·
11)	De-foaming chamber cover bolt	4	
12)	De-foaming chamber cover	4	
(13)	Cam sprocket bolt	4	NOTE
			 Remove the two cam sprocket bolts first from both sprockets, turn the crankshaft clockwise, then remove the two other sprocket bolts.
(14)	Camshaft holder bolt	16-	Camshaft removal (page 7-A)/Camshaft installation
(15)		4	(page 7-5)
200 (0.00)	Dowel pin/O-ring	10/2-	
(17)	ABOVE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRA	2 -	
1000	Cam sprocket	2 -	
	Undendia Tonnet Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(19)	Hydraulic Tappet Removal Order Rocker arm	16	matunitation is in the reverse order of femoral.
(20)	Rocker arm holder	4	
(21)	Dowel pin	8	
(22)	Hydraulic Tappet	16	Inspection (page 7-7), Installation (page 7-7)

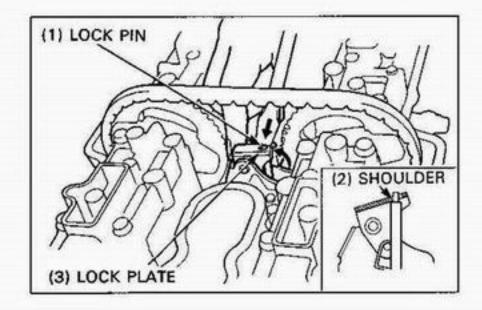
Camshaft Removal

Remove the cylinder head cover.

Remove the cam chain guide and oil pipes. Remove the de-foaming chamber covers.



Loosen the cam chain by pushing the cam chain tensioner lock pin down and pulling the lock plate up until the lock plate resets on the lock pin shoulder as shown.



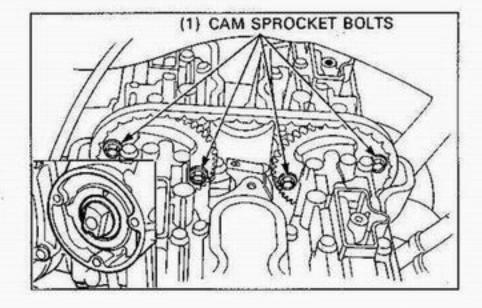
Remove the right crankcase cover.

Remove the two cam sproket bolts first from both sprockets.

Rotate the crankshaft clockwise one turn (360°) and remove the two other sprocket bolts.

" NOTE

 Be careful not to let the sprocket bolts fall into the crankcase.



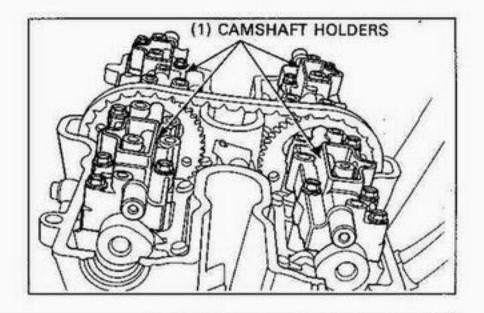
Remove the cam sprockets from camshaft flange with the cam chain.

Remove the camshaft holder bolts and holders.

NOTE

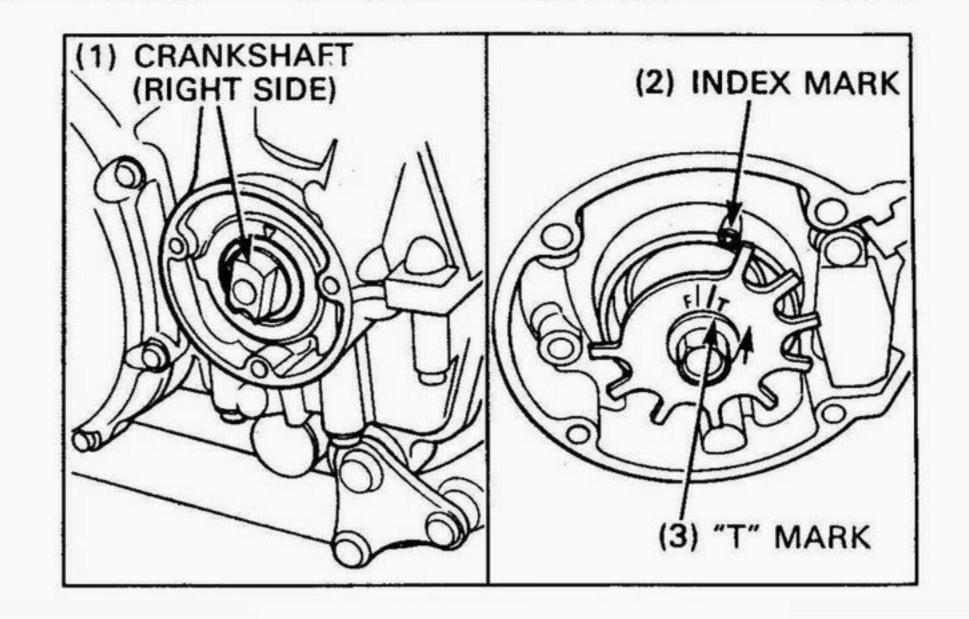
 Loosen the holder bolts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Remove the dowel pins and O-rings. Remove the camshafts and cam sprockets.



Camshft Installation

Turn the crankshaft clockwise and align the "T" mark on the pulse rotor with the index mark on the left crankcase.



Coat the cylinder head journal surfaces of the camshaft with molybdenum disulfide oil.

Install the intake and exhaust camshafts and sprockets through the cam chain with the timing marks facing the right side.

Install the cam chain over the sprockets.

NOTE

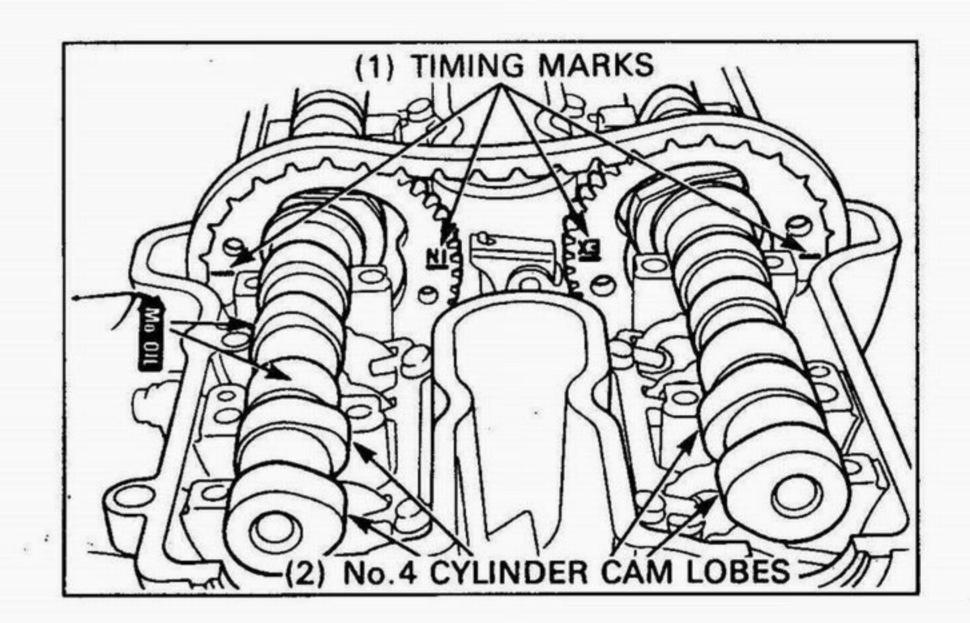
· The camshafts are identified by marks:

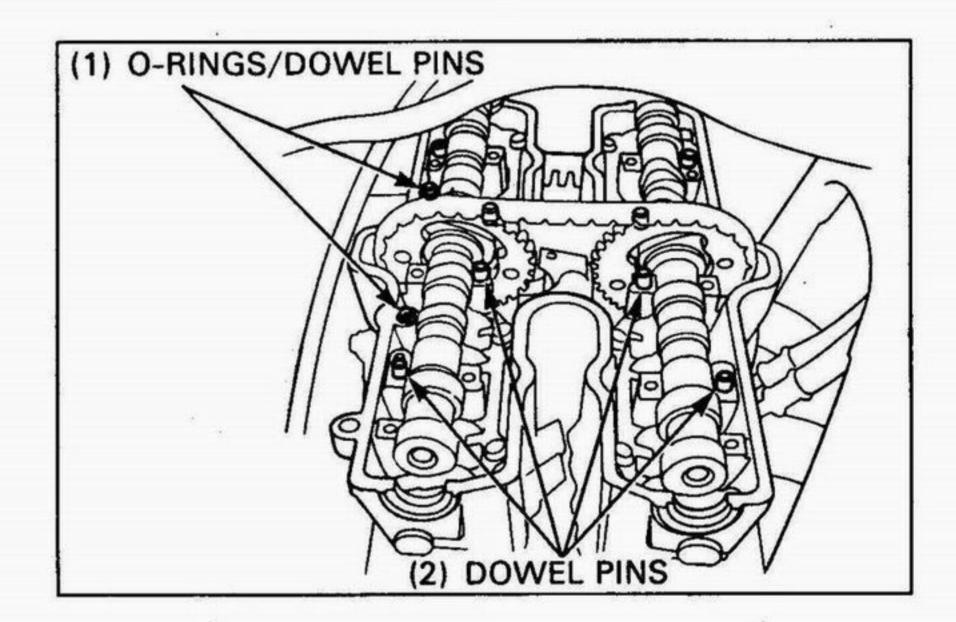
"IN": Intake camshaft "EX": Exhaust camshaft

Rotate the camshafts so the No.4 cylinder cam lobes face each other.

Install the two O-rings and dowel pins into the oil passage holes.

Install the eight dowel pins into the camshaft holder holes.





Install each camshaft holder in its original location.

NOTE

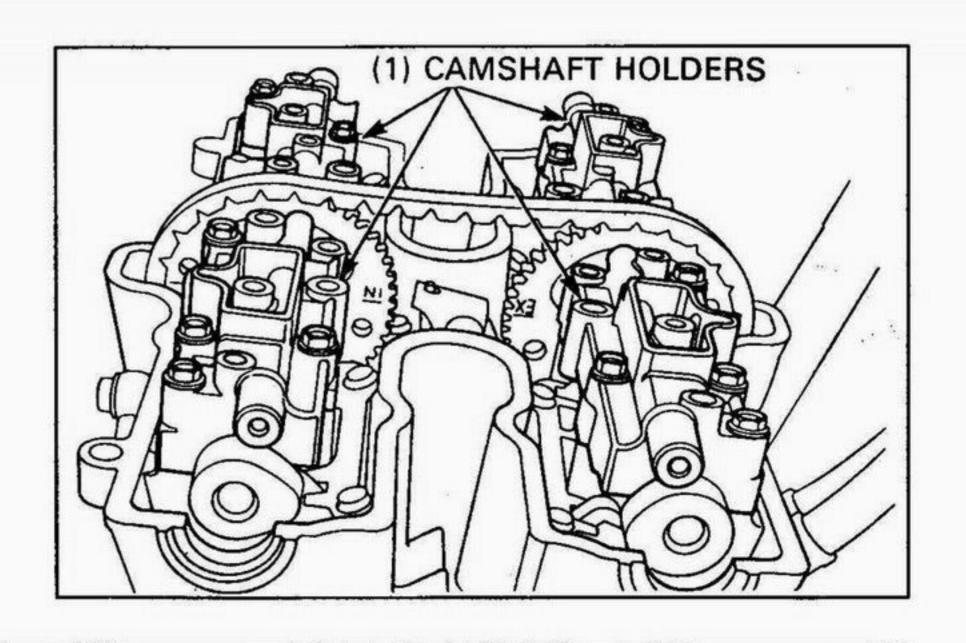
The holders are identified by marks:

"IN R": Intake right"
"IN L": Intake left
"EX R": Exhaust right
"EX L": Exhaust left

Temporarily tighten the camshaft holder bolts.

Align cam sprocket timing marks with the top of the cylinder head.

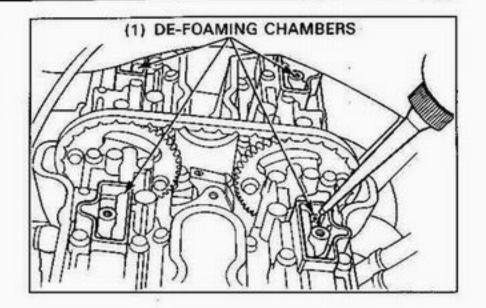
Install the cam sprockets on the camshaft flange and recheck that the timing marks align with the top of the cylinder head.



Fill the de-foaming chambers with clean engine oil.

CAUTION

Do not turn the camshaft before filling the defoaming chamber.

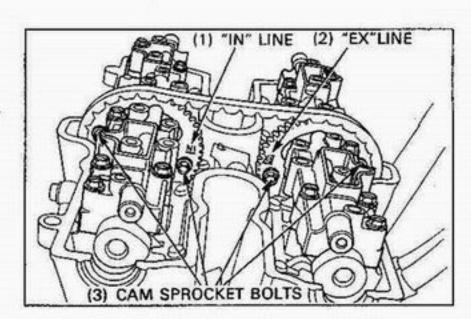


Apply a locking agent to the cam sprocket bolt threads, then install and tighten the cam sprocket bolts.

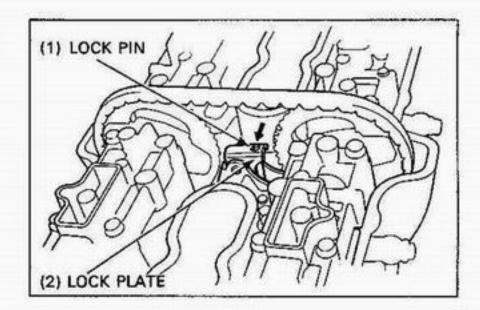
Torque: 19 N·m (1.9 kg·m, 14 ft-lb)

Turn the crankshaft clockwise (viewed from the right side of the engine) and re-align the "T" mark on the pulse rotor with the index on the crankcase.

Make sure that the "IN" and "EX" lines on the cam sprockets align with the cylinder head.



Push the cam chain tensioner lock pin forward to release it from the lock plate.



Install the cam chain guide.

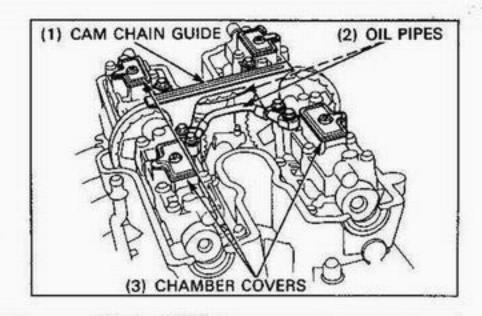
Install the oil pipes with the oil bolts and new sealing washers.

Tighten the camshaft holder bolts and the oil bolts to the specified torques in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps.

Torque:

Camshaft holder bolts: 14 N·m (1.4 kg-m, 10 ft-lb)
Oil bolts : 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9ft-lb)

Install thee de-foaming chamber covers with the socket bolts.



Hydraulic Tappet Inspection

Inspect the hydraulic tappets for wear, damage and clogged oil holes.

CAUTION

- Never attempt to disassemble the tappets.
- Always use the special tool when bleeding the tappets. Use of wire can damage them.

Measure the free length of each hydraulic tappet as follows:

Attach the Hydraulic Tappet Bleeder to the tappet and compress and extend the tappet slowly in a jar filled with kerosene.

NOTE

- Keep the hydraulic tappet below the surface of the kerosene.
- Hold the tappet upright while compressing and extending it.

Continue priming the hydraulic tappet until the air bubbles stop and the tappet no longer collapses.

S TOOL

Hydraulic tappet bleeder

07973-MJ00000

Quickly try to compress the tappet by hand. Measure the compression stroke with the dial gauge.

Compression stroke: 0-0.2 mm (0-0.008 in)

Hydraulic Tappet Installation

Place the tappet in a jar filled with kerosene.

Place the tappet bleeder over the tappet. Hold the tappet upright and pump the tappet until air bubbles stop coming out. Remove the tool, and try to quickly compress the tappet by hand. You should not be able to compress it more than 0.2 mm (0.08 in).

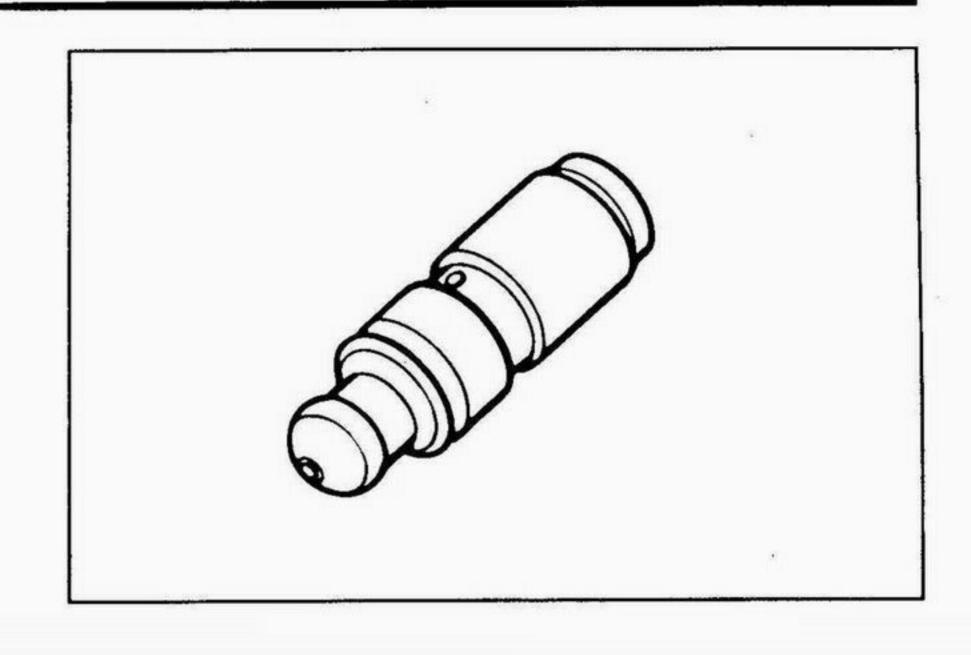
Remove the tappet from the fluid keeping it upright.

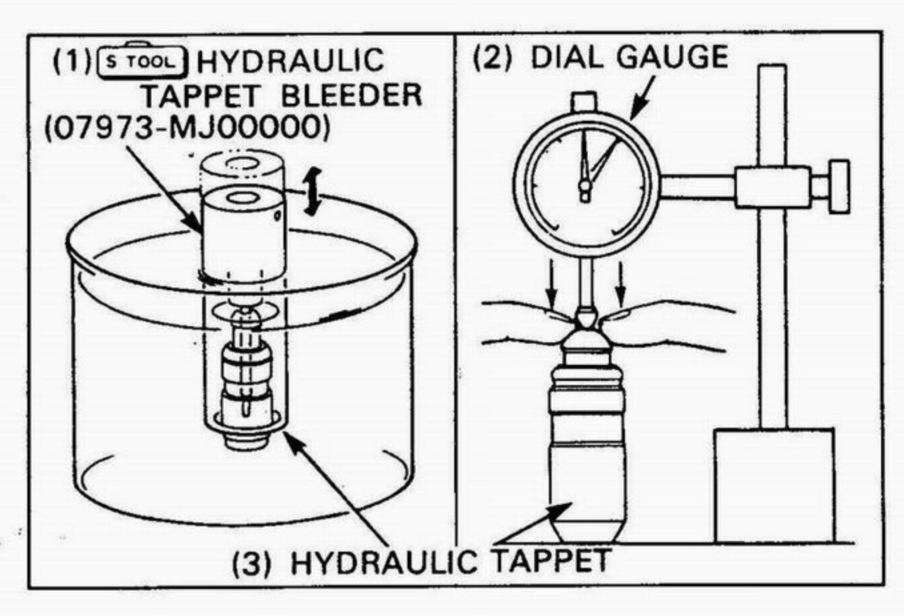
S TOOL

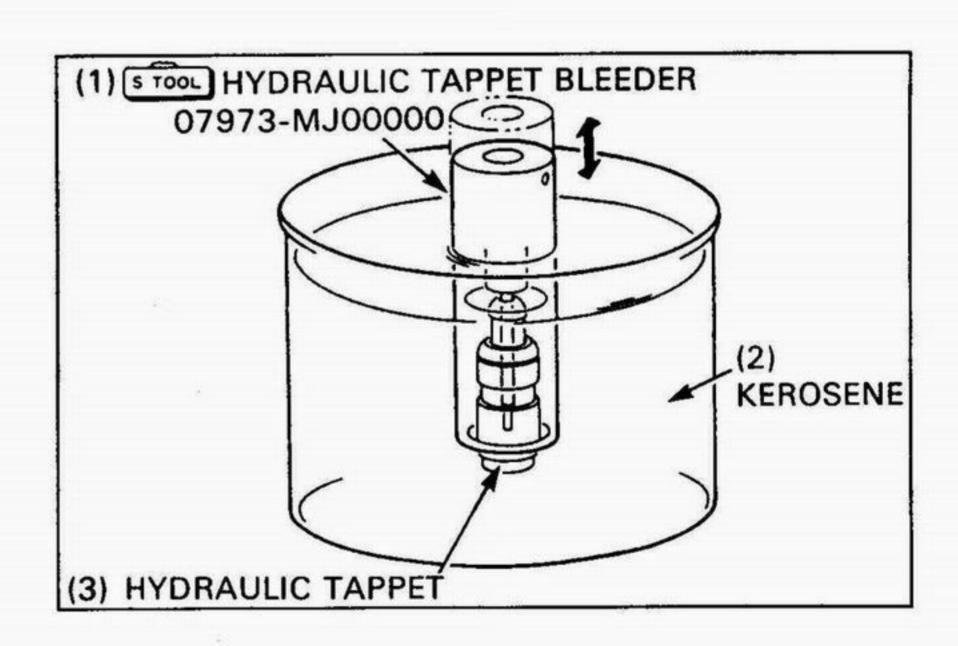
Hydraulic tappet bleeder

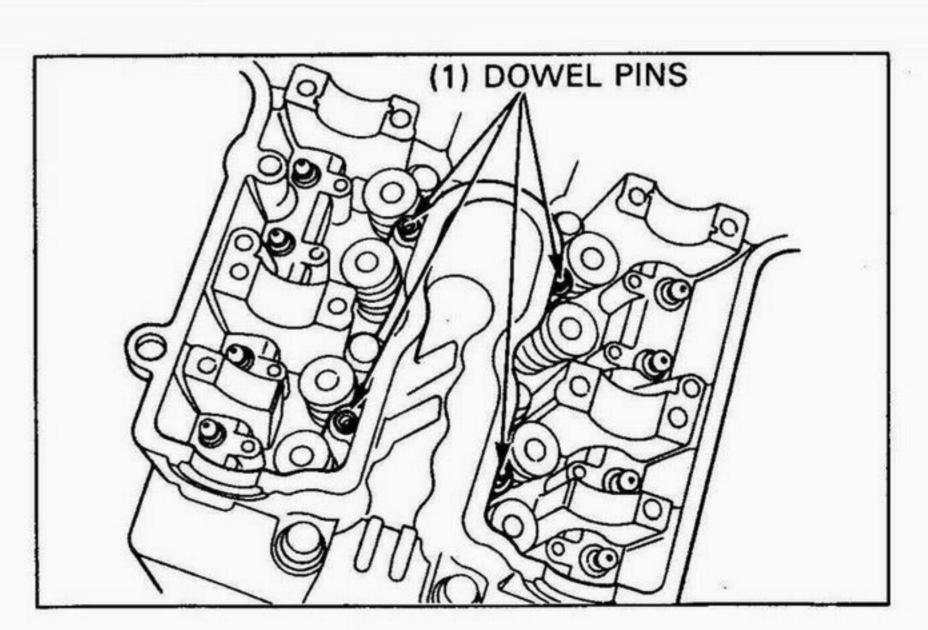
07973-MJ00000

Fill the tappet hole with clean engine oil.
Install the hydraulic tappets in the cylinder head.
Install the dowel pins into the cylinder head.
Install the rocker arm holders and tighten the bolts.
Install the rocker arms.

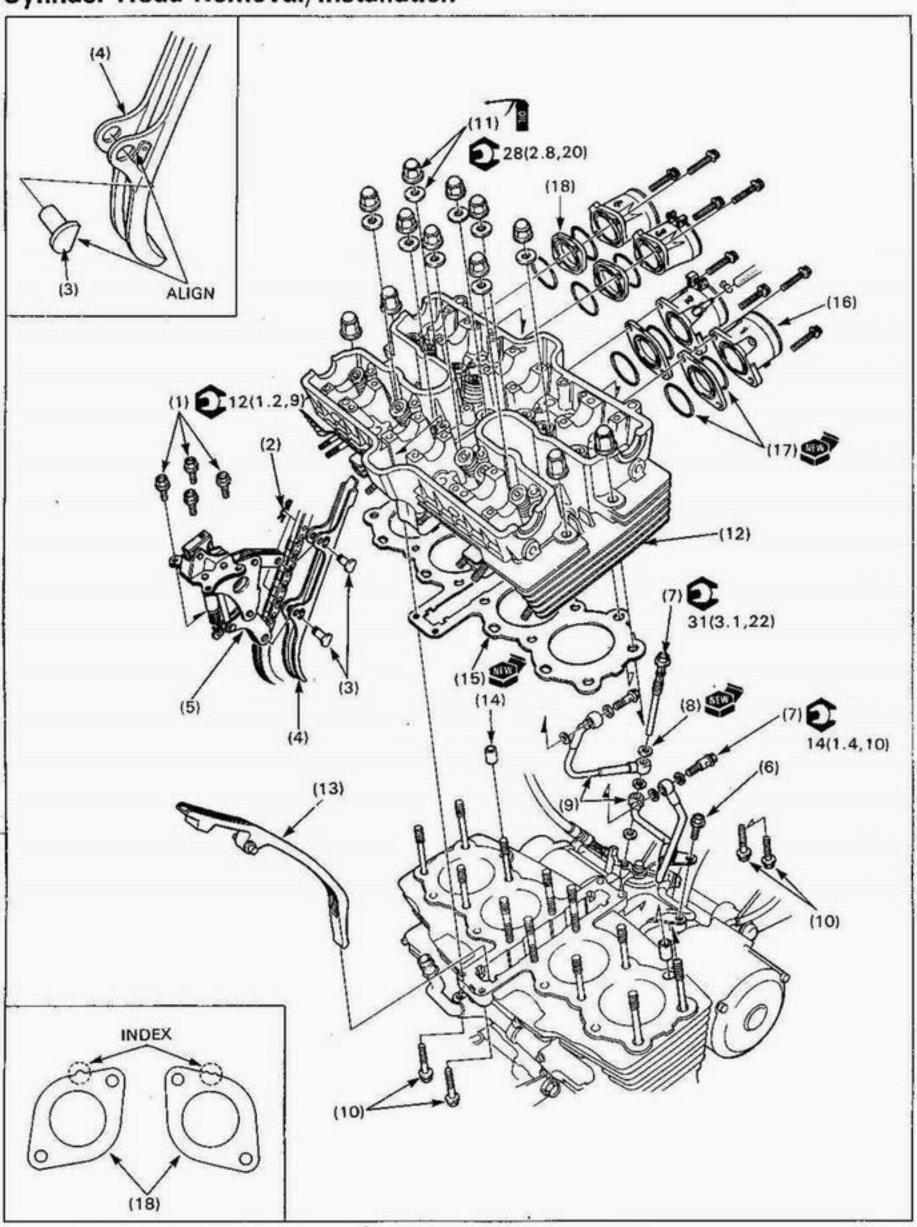








Cylinder Head Removal/Installation



NOTE

· Cylinder head service can be done with the engine in the frame.

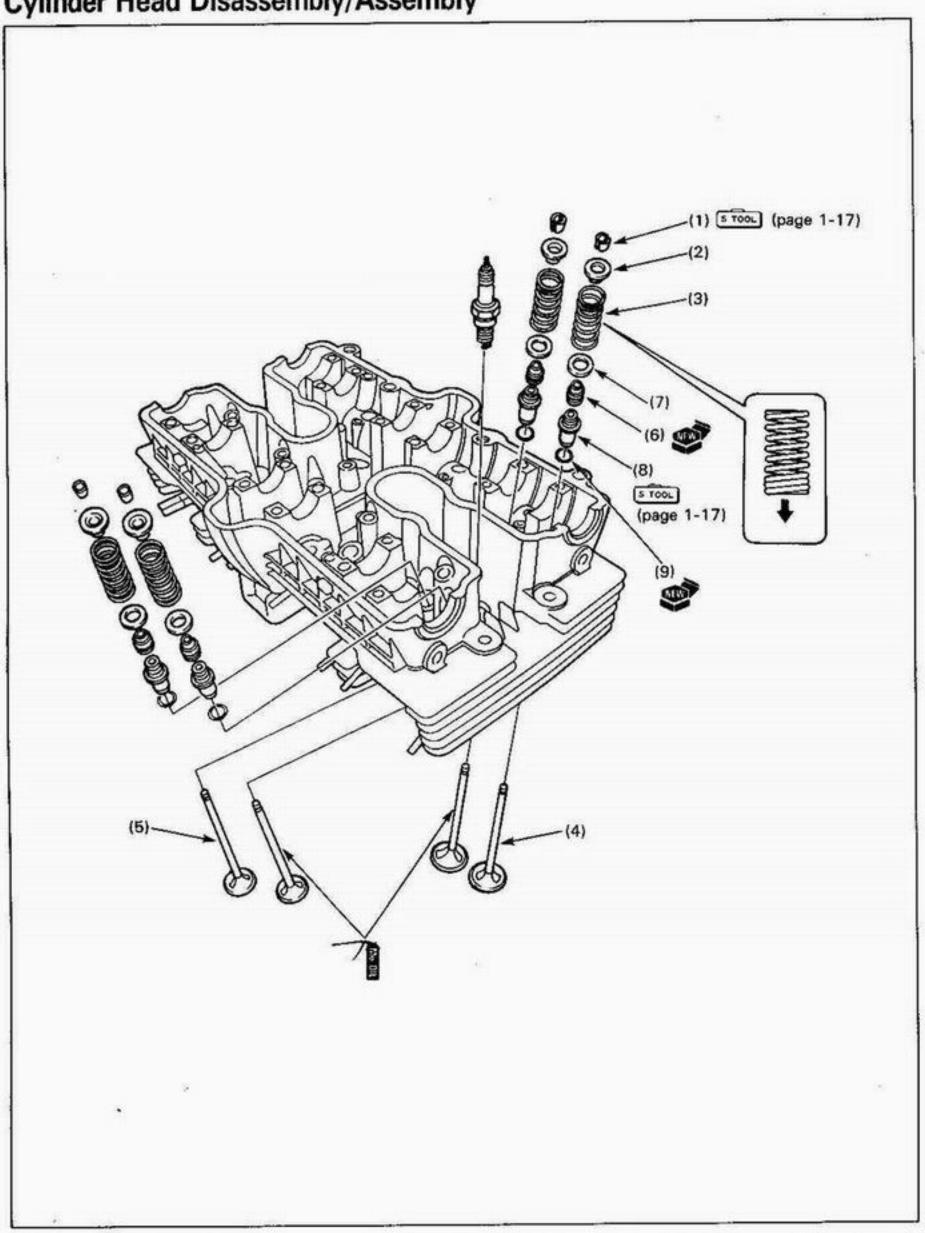
Requisite Service

- Camshaft removal/installation(page 7-2)
- Exhaust system removal/installation (page 2-6)

· Carburetor removal/installation (page 5-4)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	Removal Order Cam chain tensioner mounting bolt Clip Pin Cam chain tensioner slipper Cam chain tensioner body Oil pipe mounting bolt Oil pipe bolt Sealing washer Oil pipe	4 2 2 1 1 1 3 7 2	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Be careful not to let the clips and pins fall into the crankcase. Attach a piece of wire to the cam chain to prevent it from being dropped into the crankcase, then remove it. CAUTION During removal and installation, do not bend the oil
(11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	Cylinder head mounting bolt Cylinder head cap nut/washer Cylinder head assembly Cam chain guide Dowel pin Gasket Caburetor insulator	1 1 1 2 1 4	Pipes. Remove the nuts in a crisscross pattern in 2 or 3 steps. Install them with the identification marks (1: No:1 cylinder, 2: No.2 cylinder, 3: No.3 cylinder, 4: No.4
0.000	O-ring Insulator plate	8 4	Cylinder) Each insulator plate is indexed. Two index tabs: No. 1, 2 cylinder One index tab: No. 3, 4 cylinder

Cylinder Head Disassembly/Assembly



CAUTION

· Do not compress the valve springs more than necessary.

NOTE

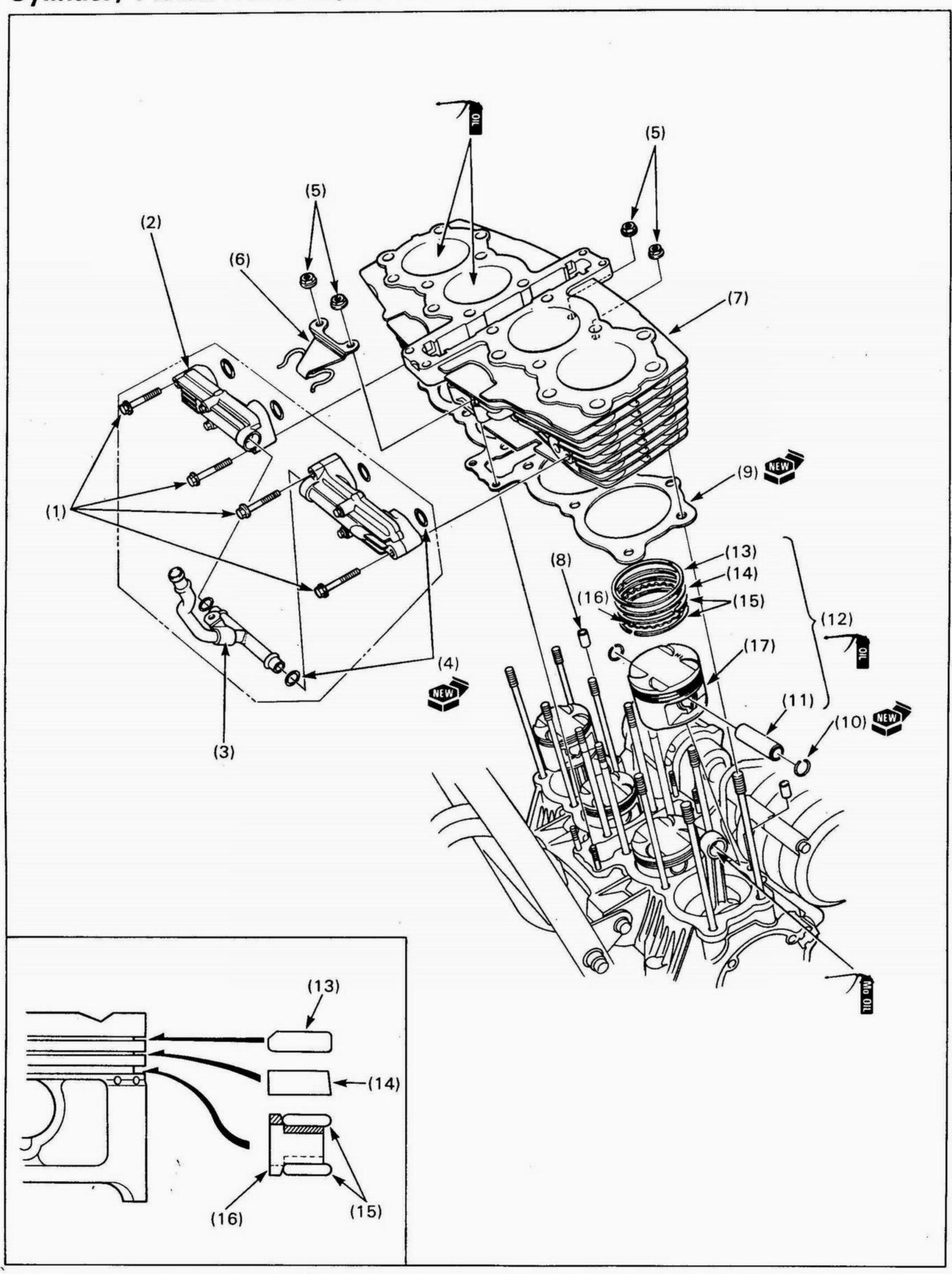
- · Make all parts during disassembly so they can be reinstalled in their original positions.
- · Remove carbon deposits from the combustion chamber and clean off the head gasket surface before assembly.
 - -Avoid damaging the gasket surface.
 - Gaskets will come off easier if soaked in solvent.
- · For valve guide replacement, see section 9 of the Common Service Manual.

Requisite Service

Cylinder head removal/installation (page 7-8)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1)	Disassembly Order Valve spring cotter	32	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. To pevent loss of spring tension, do not compress the valve more than necessary.
(2)	Retainer	16	
(3)	Valve spring	16	Install them with the tightly wound coils facing down.
(4)	Inlet valve	8	
(5)	Exhaust valve	8	
(6)	Valve stem seal	16	To avoid damaging the stem seal, turn the valve slowly when inserting.
(7)	Valve spring seat	16	
(8)	Valve guide	16	
(9)	O-ring	16	

Cylinder, Piston Removal/Installation



NOTE

- Do not damage the gasket surface.
 Do not let any material fall into the crankcase.

Requisite Service

Cyinder head removal/instillation (page 7-8)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)		4 — 1 — 6 4 1 1 2 1 8 4 4 4	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Switzerland and Austria model only Install new piston pin clips. NOTE At installation, install the piston with the "IN" mark facing towards the intake side.
(14) (15) (16)	Side rail	4 4 8 4	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. NOTE Use care when removing or installing the rings. Insert the outside surface of the ring into the proper ring groove and roll the ring around the groove to make sure that the ring has a free fit around the piston's circumference.

MEMO

8

8. Clutch/Gearshift Linkage

Service Information	8-1	Clutuch Installation	8-6
Troubleshooting	8-1	Drive Sprocket Cover Removal/Installation	8-9
Clutch Cover Removal/Installation	8-2	Gearshift Linkage Removal/Installation	8-10
Clutch Removal	8-4		

Service Information

NOTE

- · The change cover cap must be removed for the drive sprocket cover removal.
- · Clutch maintenance can be done with the engine in the frame.
- Transmission oil viscosity and level have an effect on clutch disengagement. When the clutch does not disengage or the
 vehicle creeps with the clutch disengaged, inspect the transmission oil level before servicing the clutch system.
- · If the shift forks, drum and transmission require servicing, remove the engine and separate the crankcase (section 9)

Troubleshooting

Clutch Lever Too Hard

- · Damaged, kinked or dirty clutch cable
- · Improperly routed clutch cable
- · Damaged clutch lifter mechanism
- · Faulty clutch lifter plate beaing

Clutch Will Not Disengage Or Motorcycle Creeps With Clutch Disengaged

- · Too much clutch lever free play
- · Clutch plates warped
- · Oil level to high, improper oil viscosity, or additive used

Clutch Slips

- · Clutch lifter sticking
- Worn clutch discs
- Weak clutch springs
- No clutch lever free play

Hard To Shift

- Misadjusted clutch cable
- Damaged or bent shift fork
- · Bent shift fork shaft
- Incorrect engine oil viscosity
- Incorrect gearshift spindle assembly
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves

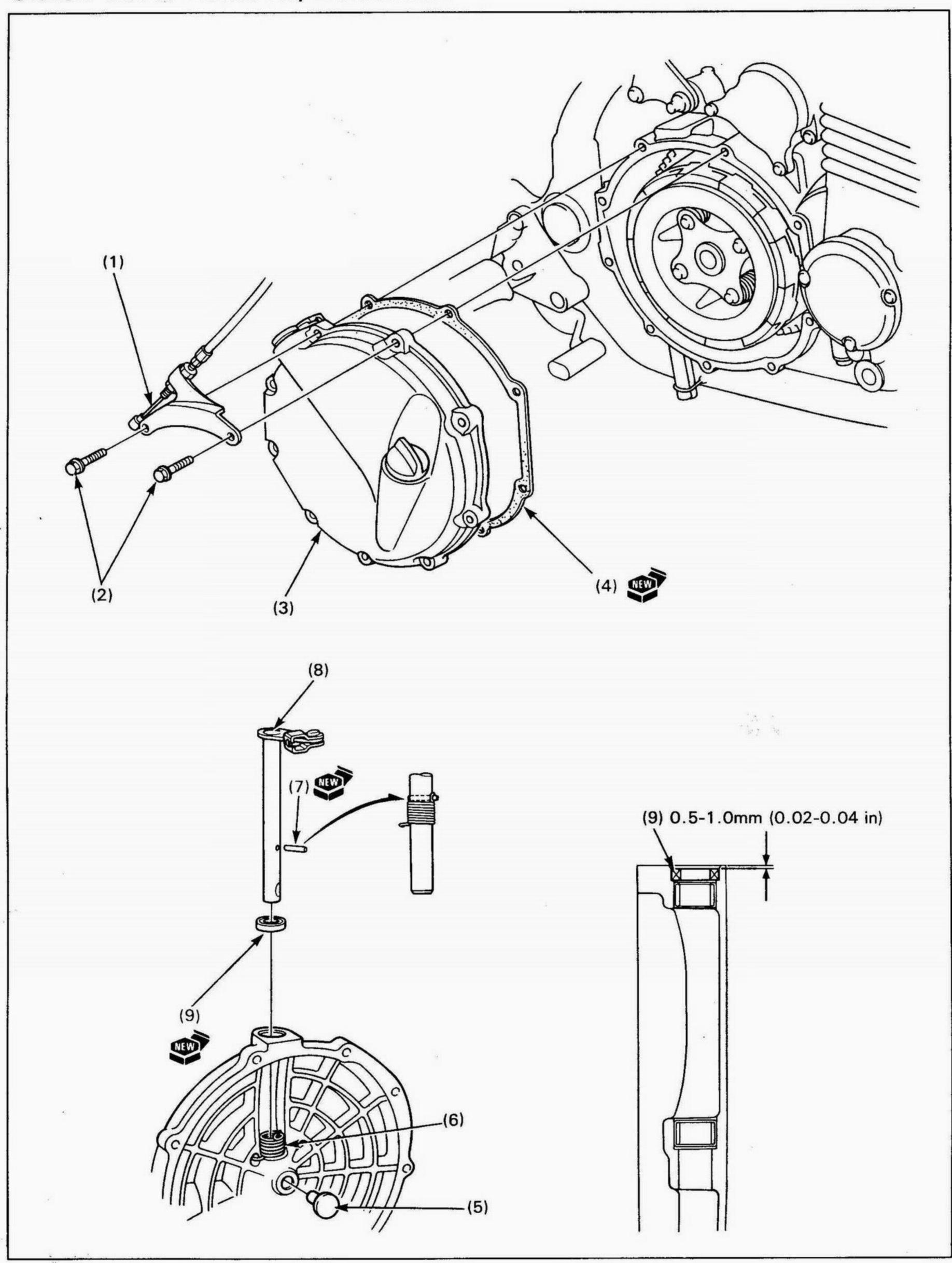
Transmission Jumps Out Of Gear

- Worn shift drum stopper arm
- · Weak or broken gearshift spindle return spring
- · Bent shift fork shaft
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves
- Won gear dogs or slots

Gearshift Pedal Will Not Return

- Weak or broken gearshift spindle return spring
- Bent gearshift spindle

Clutch Cover Removal/Installation

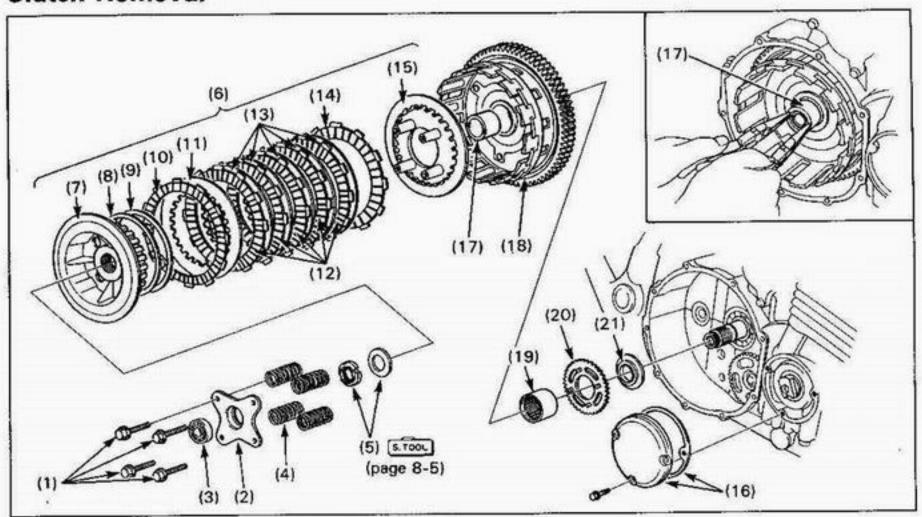


Requisite Service

· Engine oil draining/refill

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4)	Removal Order Clutch cable Clutch cover bolt Clutch cover Gasket	1 9 1 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	Clutch Lifter Disassembly Order Clutch lifter rod Return spring Spring pin Clutch lifter arm Oil seal	1 1 1 1	Assembly is the reverse order of disassembly Drive in a new spring pin using a pin driver until the pin does not interfere with the lifter arm as shown.

Clutch Removal



NOTE

· Turn the crankshaft clockwise until the No.4 crank weight is positioned at BTDC.

Requisite Service

· Clutch cover removal (page 8-2)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2)	Removal Order Clutch lifter plate bolt Clutch lifter plate	4 1	
(3) (4) (5)	Clutch lifter plate bearing Clutch spring Clutch center lock nut/lock washer	1 4 1	Removal (page 8-5)
(6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14)	Clutch assembly - clutch center - spring seat - judder spring - clutch friction disc C - clutch plate B - clutch friction disc B - clutch plate A	1 1 1 1 5 5	Larger I.D. disc/Color: black Color: gray Smaller I.D. disc Color: silver Smaller I.D. disc/Color: black
(17) (18)	Clutch outer Needle bearing Oil pump drive sprocket	1 1 1 1 1	Pull the clutch outer guide out with needle nose pliers.

Clutch Center Lock Nut Removal

Unstake the nut.

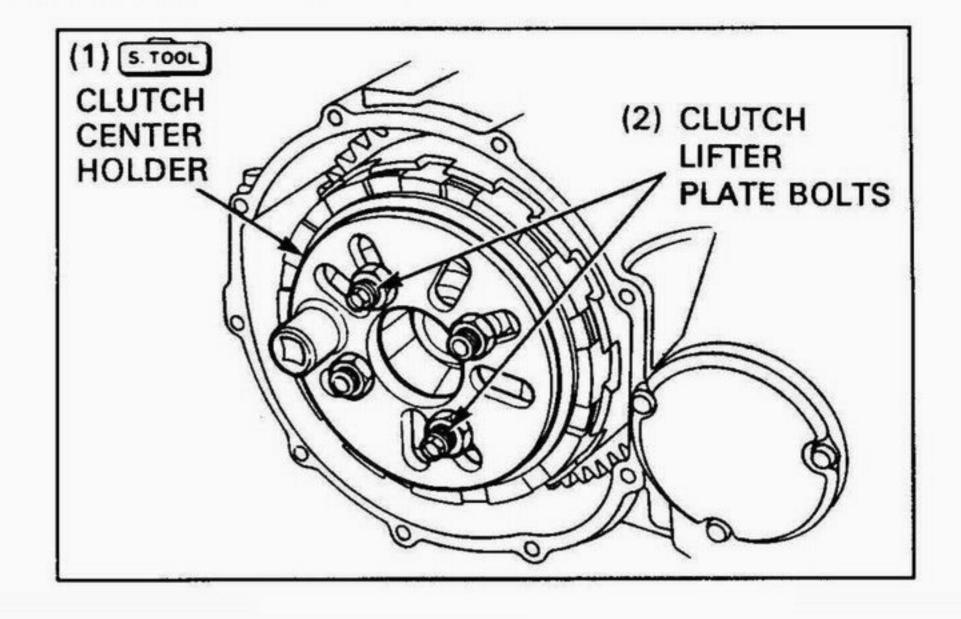
Set the clutch center holder to the pressure plate bosses and loosely install the nuts.



Clutch center holder

07JMB-MN50300

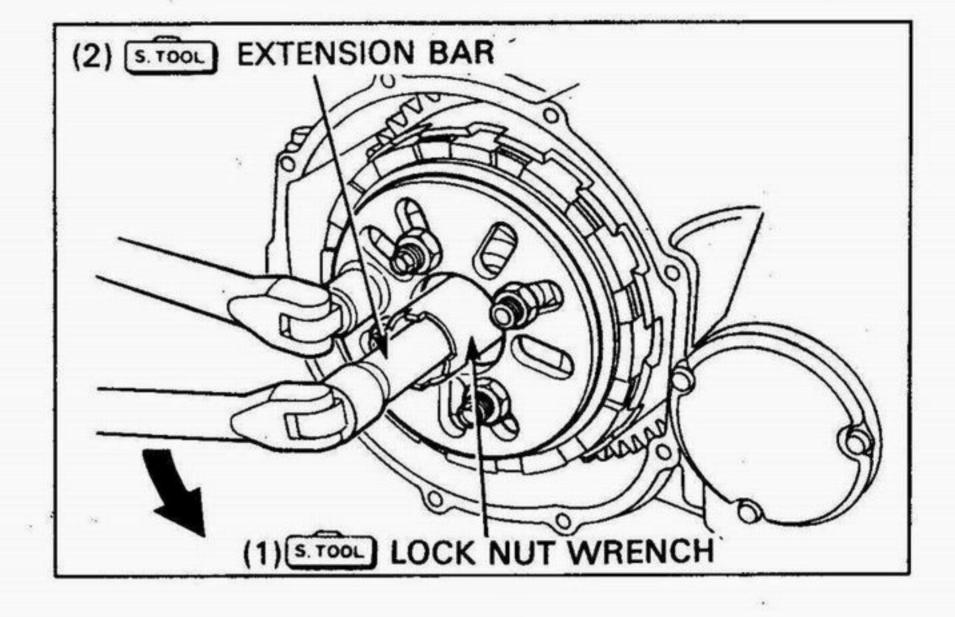
Temporarily remove the tool and tighten nuts; then reinstall the clutch center holder onto the bosses. Use at least two clutch lifter plate bolts to secure the tool to the clutch.



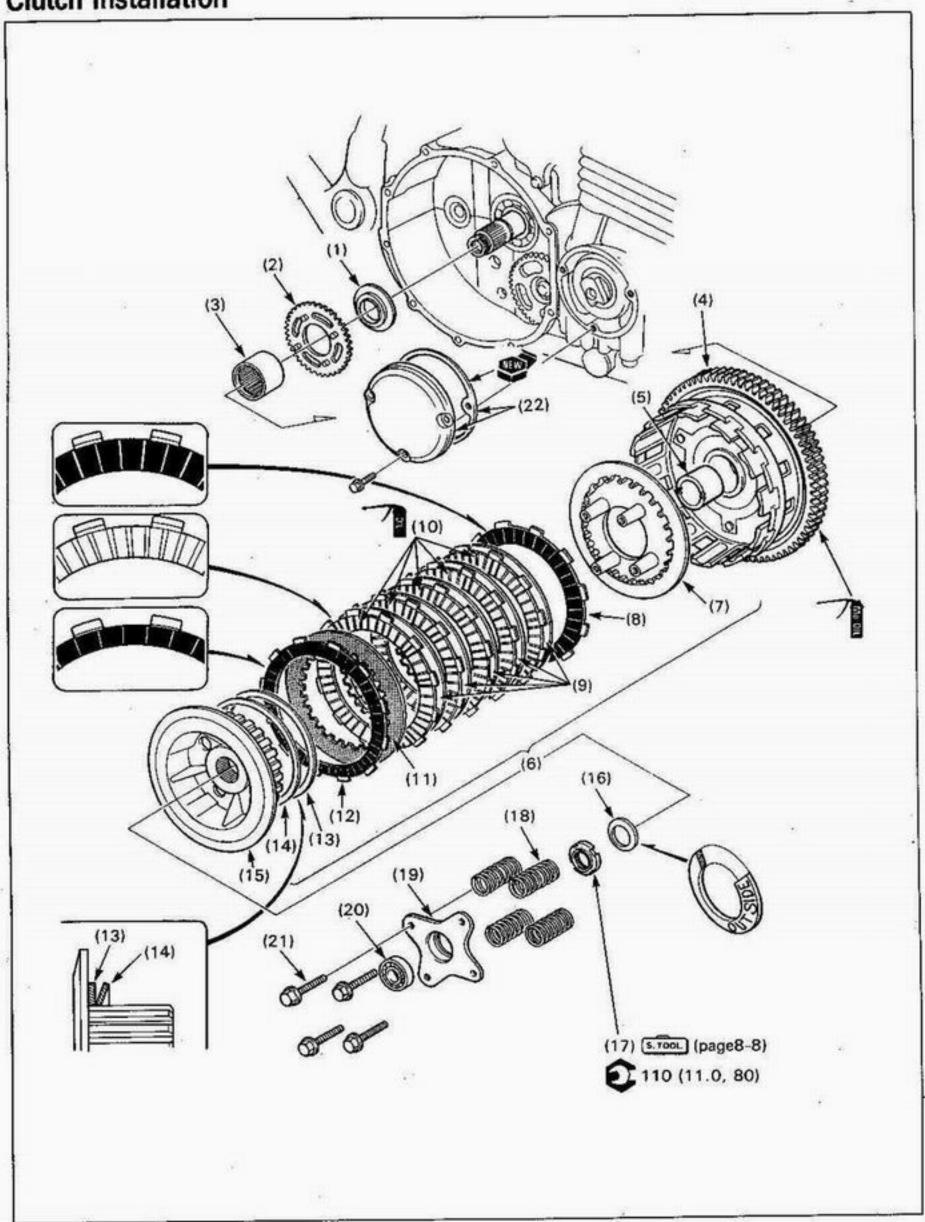
Hold the clutch center holder and remove the lock nut as shown.







Clutch Installation



Requisite Service

Clutch removal (page 8-4)

- Clutch cover installation (page 8-2)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Installation Order Collar Oil pump drive sprocket Needle bearing Clutch outer Clutch outer guide	1 1 1 1	Installation (page 8-8)
(6)	Clutch assembly	-	
(7)	- pressure plate	1 1	Annual Control of the Control of
(8)	-clutch friction disc A	1	Smaller I.D. disc/Color: black
(9)	-clutch plate A	5	Color: silver
(10)	-clutch friction disc B	5	Smaller I.D. disc
(11)	-clutch plate B	1	Color: gray
(12)	-clutch friction disc C	1	Larger I.D. disc/Color: black
(13)	-spring seat	1 1	
(14)	-judder spring	1	Face the dished side of the judder spring to the outside.
(15)	-clutch center	1	
(16)	Lock washer	1	Install with the "OUTSIDE" mark facing up.
(17)	Clutch center lock nut	1	Installation (page 8-8)
(18)	Clutch spring	4	
(19)	Clutch lifter plate	1	At the second se
(20)	Clutch lifter plate bearing	1	Install with the marked side facing out.
	Clutch lifter plate bolt	4	Install in a gradual, crisscross pattern.
(22)	Right crankshaft cover/gasket	1	* *

Clutch Outer Installation

Turn the crankshcaft clockwise until the No.4 crank weight is positioned at BTDC.

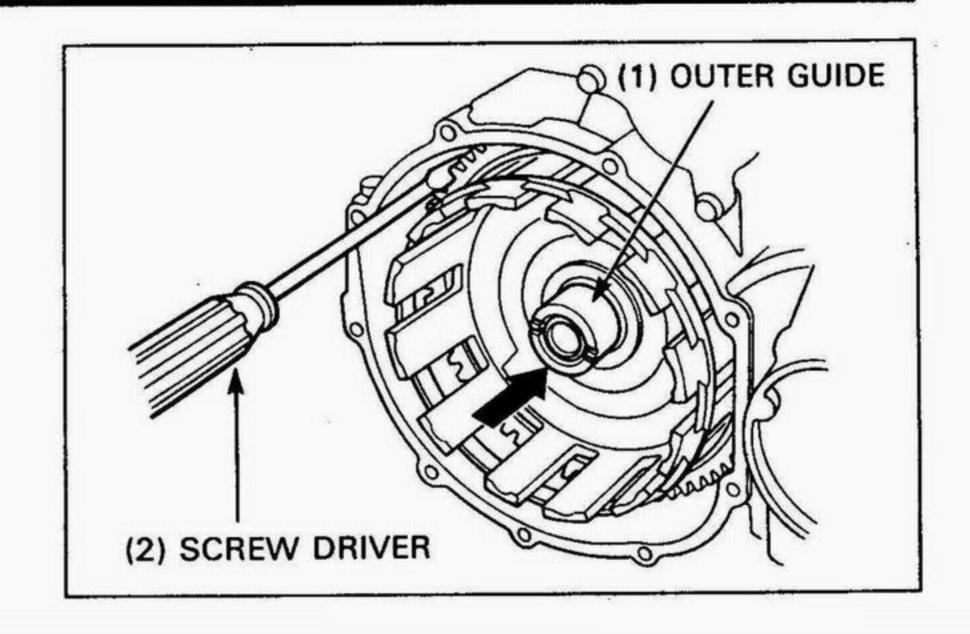
Install the clutch outer over the mainshaft.

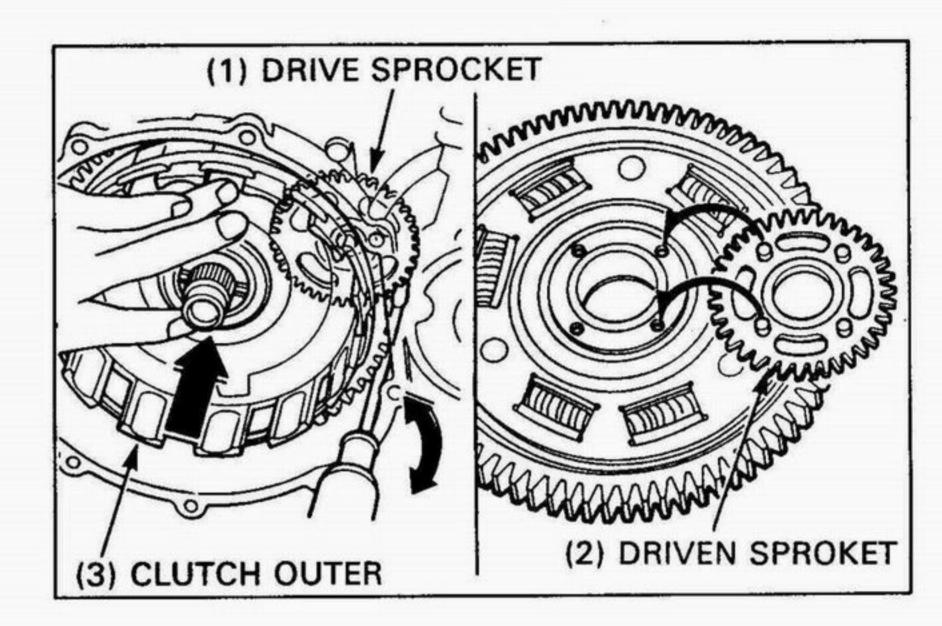
Install the clutch outer guide between the mainshaft and clutch outer and push it in until it stops.

NOTE

 Install the clutch outer guide onto the mainshaft while moving the drive sub gear to align the two gear teeth using a screwdriver. Take care not to damage the gear teeth.

Push the clutch outer in while moving the primary driving gears with a screwdriver, then further push it in while moving the oil pump driven sprocket with the screwdriver to fit the pins on the drive sprocket into the holes in the clutch outer.





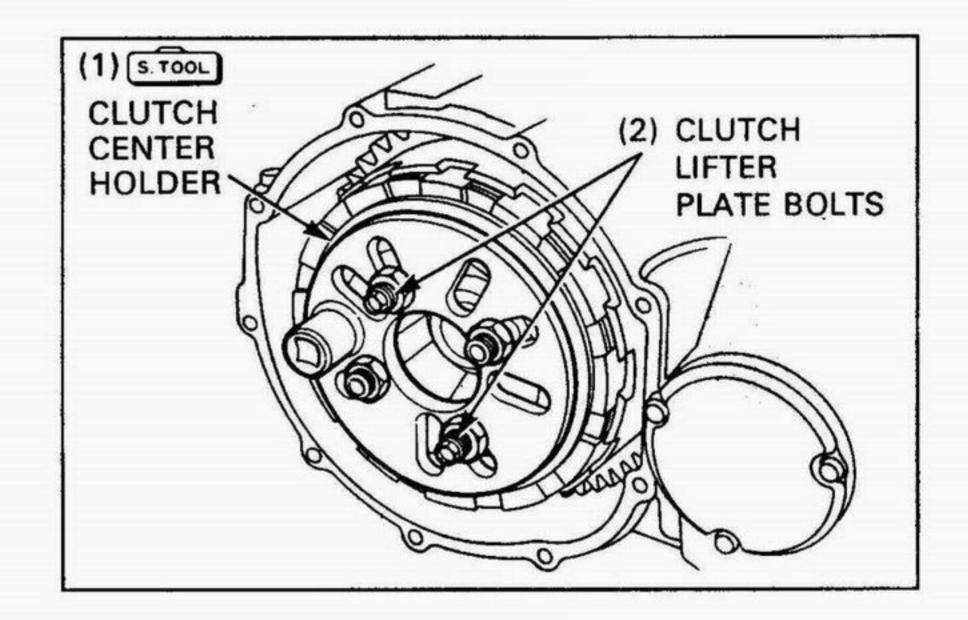
Clutch Center Lock Nut Installation

Position the tools as shown and use at least two clutch lifter plate bolts to secure the tool to the clutch.

S TOOL

Clutch center holder

07JMB-MN50300



Hold the clutch center holder and torque the clutch center lock hut as shown.

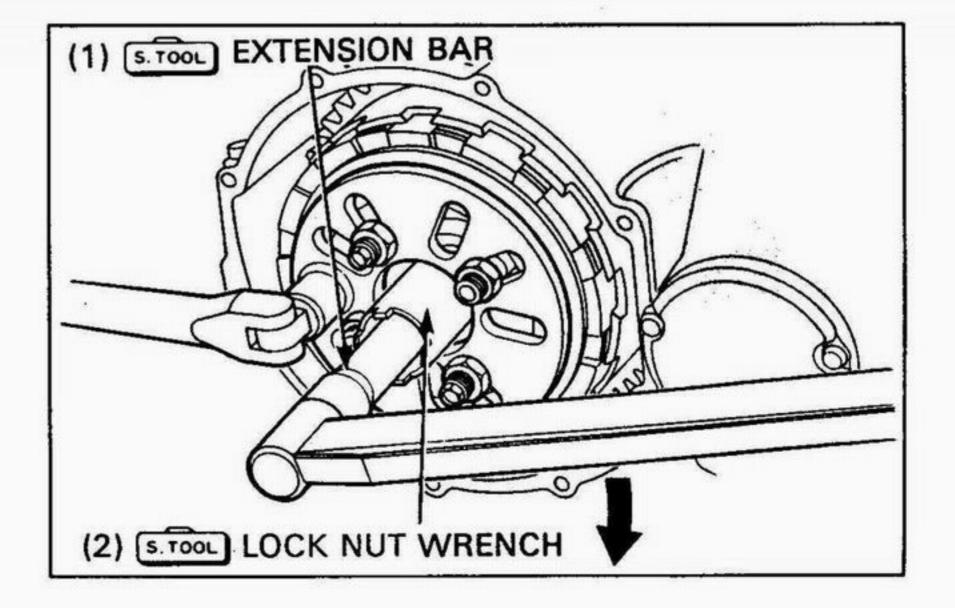
S TOOL

Lock nut wrench, 26×30 mm Extension bar

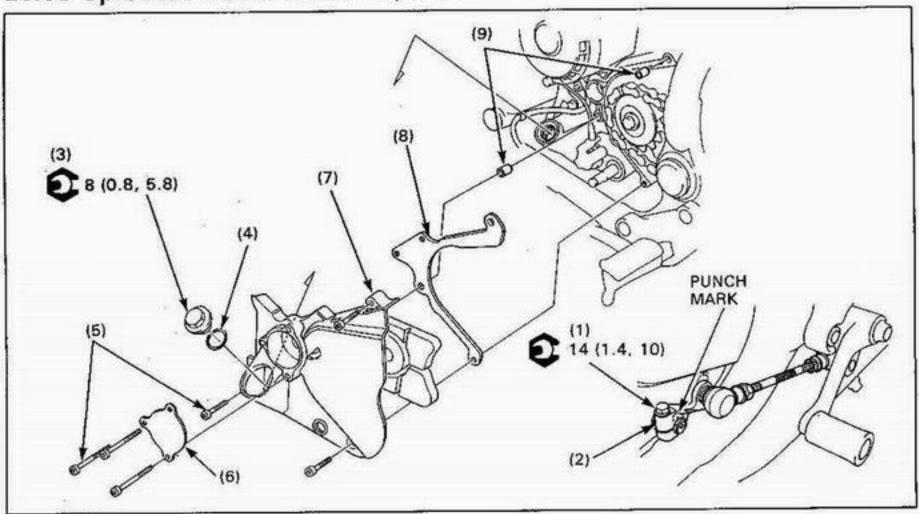
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Torque: 110 N·m (11.0 kg-m, 80 ft-lb)

Stake the lock nut onto the mainshaft.



Drive Sprocket Cover Removal/Installation



CAUTION

· Be careful not to damage the wire harnesses by pinching them between the sprocket cover and engine.

NOTE

- · The change cover cap must be removed for the drive sprocket cover removal.
- · Route the wire harnesses properly (page 1-21).

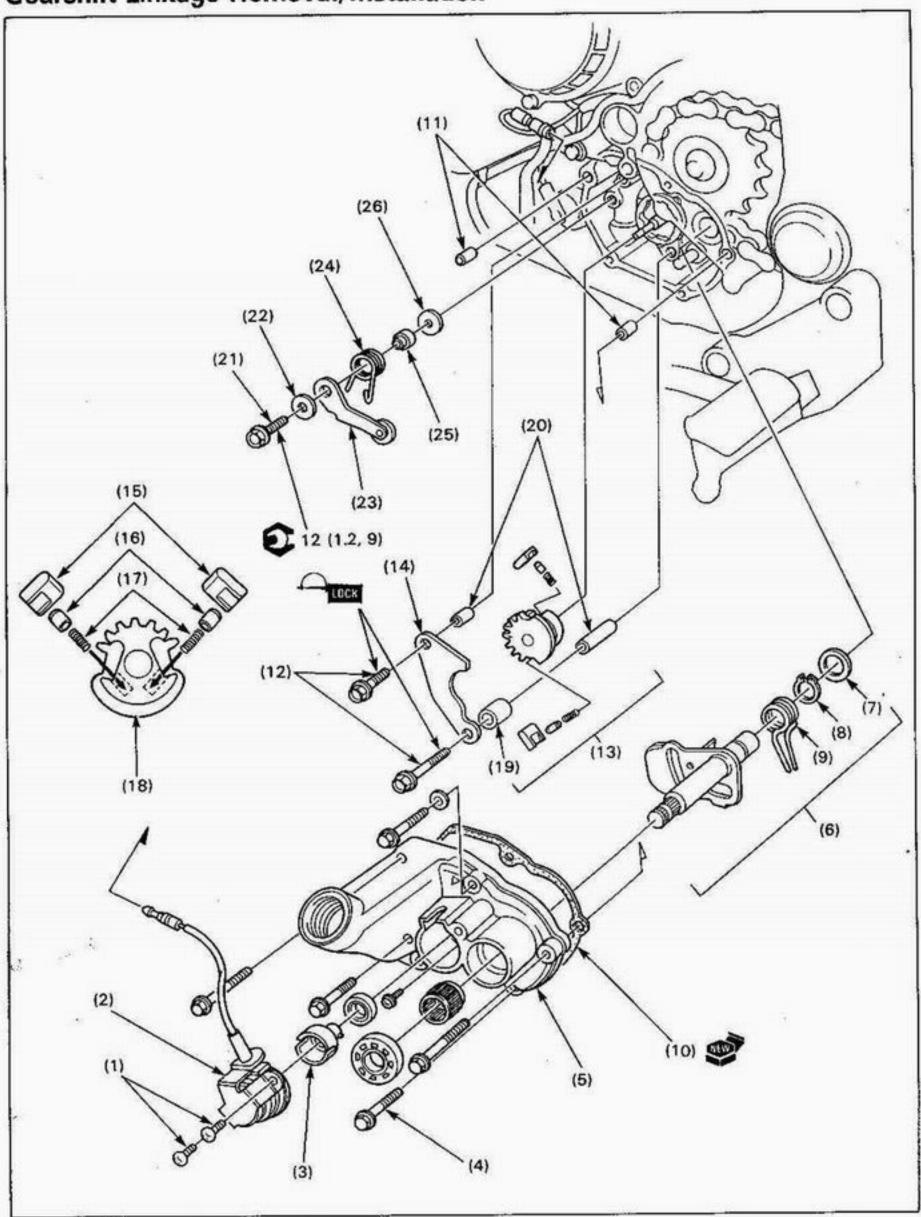
Requisite Service

· Engine oil draining/refill

Place the motorcycle on its center stand

Procedure Q'ty		Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2)	Removal Order Gearshift spindle joint bolt Gearshift spindle joint	1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. At installation, align the punch marks on the joint and spindle.
(3)	Change cover cap	1	
(4)	O-ring	1	
(5)	Drive sprocket cover bolt	6	227
(6)	Drive sprocket cover plate	1	180
(7)	Drive sprocket cover	1	
(8)	Drive chain guide	1	75
(9)	Dowel pin	2	

Gearshift Linkage Removal/Installation



NOTE

· Shift the transmission into neutral before removing or installing the gearshift linkage.

Requisite Service

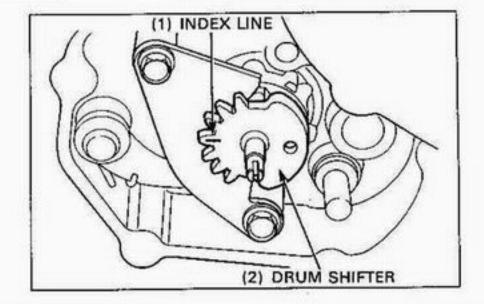
Drive sprocket cover removal/installation (page 8-9)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(12)	Removal Order Neutral switch mounting screw Neutral switch Neutral switch joint Gearshift linkage cover bolt Gearshift linkage cover Gearshift spindle assembly - washer - snap ring - return spring Gasket Dowel pin Guide plate mounting bolt	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Disconnect the neutral switch connector. Installation (page 8-12) Remove/install as an assembly. Installation (page 8-12) Assembly: as illustrated
(14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19)	Guide plate/drum shifter assembly - guide plate - ratchet pawl - plunger - spring - drum shifter Collar Dowel pin	1 2 2 2 1 1 2	Pawl orientation as shown.
(22) (23) (24)	Stopper arm bolt Washer Stopper arm Spring Collar Washer	1 1 1 1 1	

Gearshift Linkage Cover/Gearshift Spindle Assembly Installation

NOTE

- The transmission should be in neutral to install the linkage.
- With the transmission in neutral, the index line on the drum shifter teeth faces forward as shown.

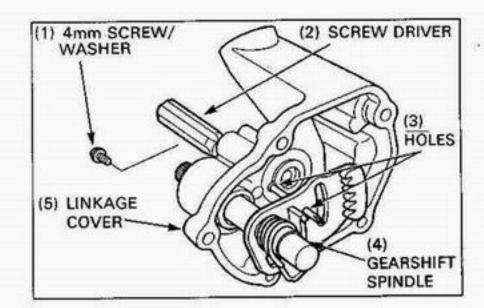


Remove the 4 mm screw and washer from gearshift linkage cover.

Install the gearshift spindle assembly in the gearshift linkage cover.

Align the holes in the gearshift spindle and linkage cover with a screwdriver. (Keep the screwdriver in place.)

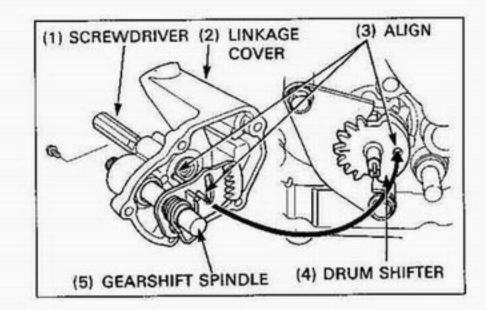
Install the dowel pins and new gasket.



Install the linkage cover/gearshift spdindle assembly with the screwdriver through the hole in the shifter. Install and tighten the gearshift linkage cover bolts.

Torque: 12 N-m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

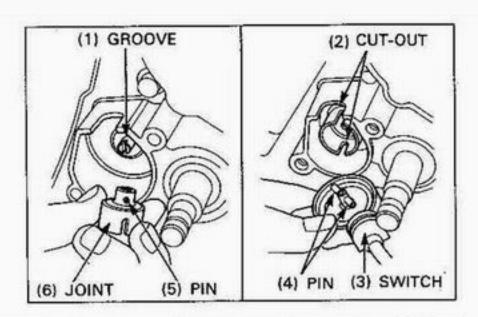
Remove the screwdriver, install the washer and 4 mm screw.



Neutral Switch Installation

Install the neutral switch joint, aligning the joint pin with the groove in the gearshift drum. Install the neural switch, aligning the switch pin of the

switch with the cut-out in the switch joint.



G

9. Crankshaft/Transmission

Service Information	9-1	Crankshaft, Connecting Rod Removal	9-10
Troubleshooting	9-1	Alternator Shaft Disassembly/Assembly	9-12
Countershaft Bearing Cover Removal/Installation	9-2	Crankshaft Bearing Replacement	9-14
Crankcase Separation	9-4	Crankshaft, Conecting Rod Installation	9-16
Transmission Removal/Installation	9-6	Crankcase Assembly	9-18
Transmission Disassembly/Assembly	9-8		

Service Information

- · This section covers crankcase separation in order to service the crankshaft, transmission and alternator shaft.
- · The following parts must be removed before separating the crankcase.
 - -Alternator (Section 13)
 - -Clutch/gearshift linkage (Section 8)
 - -Cylinder head/cylinder/piston (Section 7)
 - -Engine (Section 6)
 - -Oil pump (Section 4)
 - -Starter motor (Section 15)
- · Prior to assembling the crankcase halves, apply a sealant to their mating surfaces. Wipe off excess sealant thoroughly.
- Mark and store the bearing inserts to be sure of their correct locations for reassembly. If the inserts are improperly
 installed they will block the oil holes, causing insufficient lubrication and eventual engine seizure.

Troubleshooting

Excessive Noise

- · Worn connecting rod big-end bearing
- Bent connecting rod
- · Worn crankshaft main bearing
- · Worn transmission bearing

Hard To Shift

- Improper clutch operation
- · Incorrect engine oil viscosity
- Incorrect clutch adjustment
- · Bent shift fork
- Bent fork shaft
- Bent fork claw
- Damaged shift drum cam grooves
- Bent shift spindle

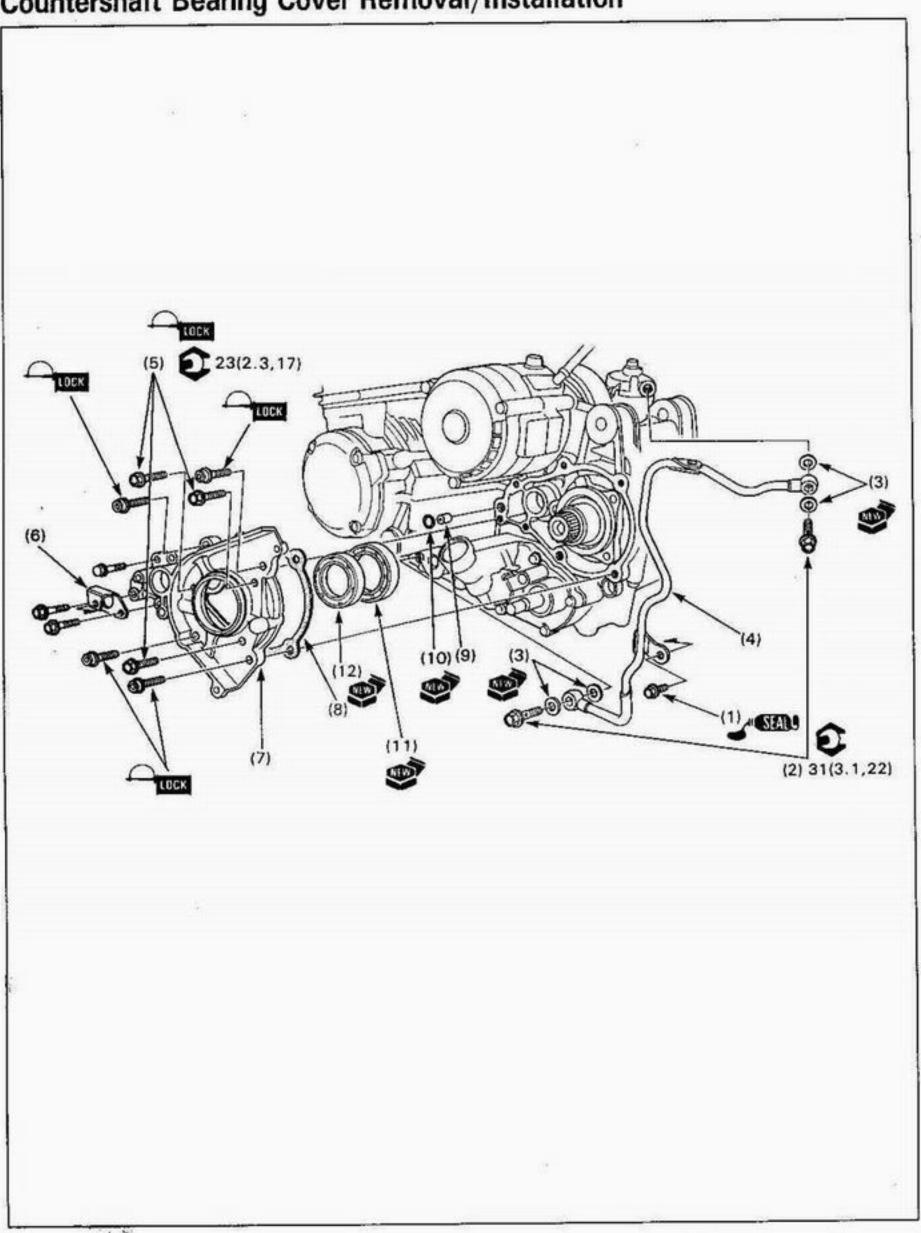
Transmission Jumps Out Of Gear

- Worn gear dogs or slots
- · Bent fork shaft
- Broken shift drum stopper
- · Worn or bent shift forks
- Broken shift linkage return spring

Engine Vibration

- Excessive crankshaft runout
- Loose engine mount bolts

Countershaft Bearing Cover Removal/Installation



NOTE

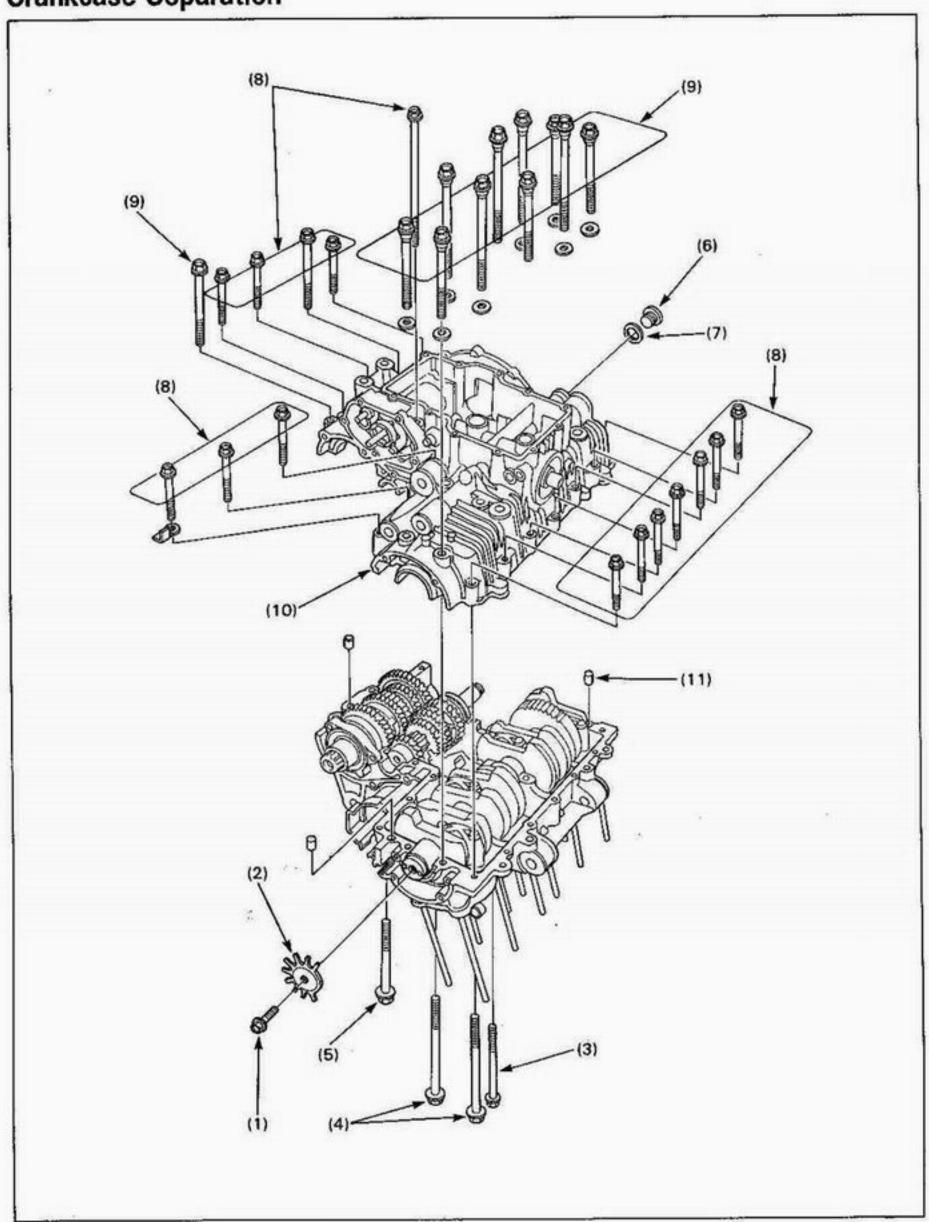
- After installation, check that there are no oil leaks.

Requisite Service

Engine removal/installation (page 6-2)

	Procedure		Remarks
	Removal Order	-	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Oil pipe mounting bolt	1	
(2)	Oil pipe bolt	1 2 4	
(3)	Sealing washer	4	
(4)	Oil pipe A	1	NOTE
			Be careful not to bend oil pipe.
(5)	Countershaft bearing cover bolt	10	posto contrastino su alterna un careca de la
(6)	Oil pipe stay	1	
(7)	Countershaft bearing cover	1	
(8)	Gasket	1	
(9)	Oil orifice	1	
10)	O-ring	1	
11)	CASH PROPERTY.	1	
12)	PARTY OF TAXABLE	1	
-		2000	A Company of the Comp

Crankcase Separation

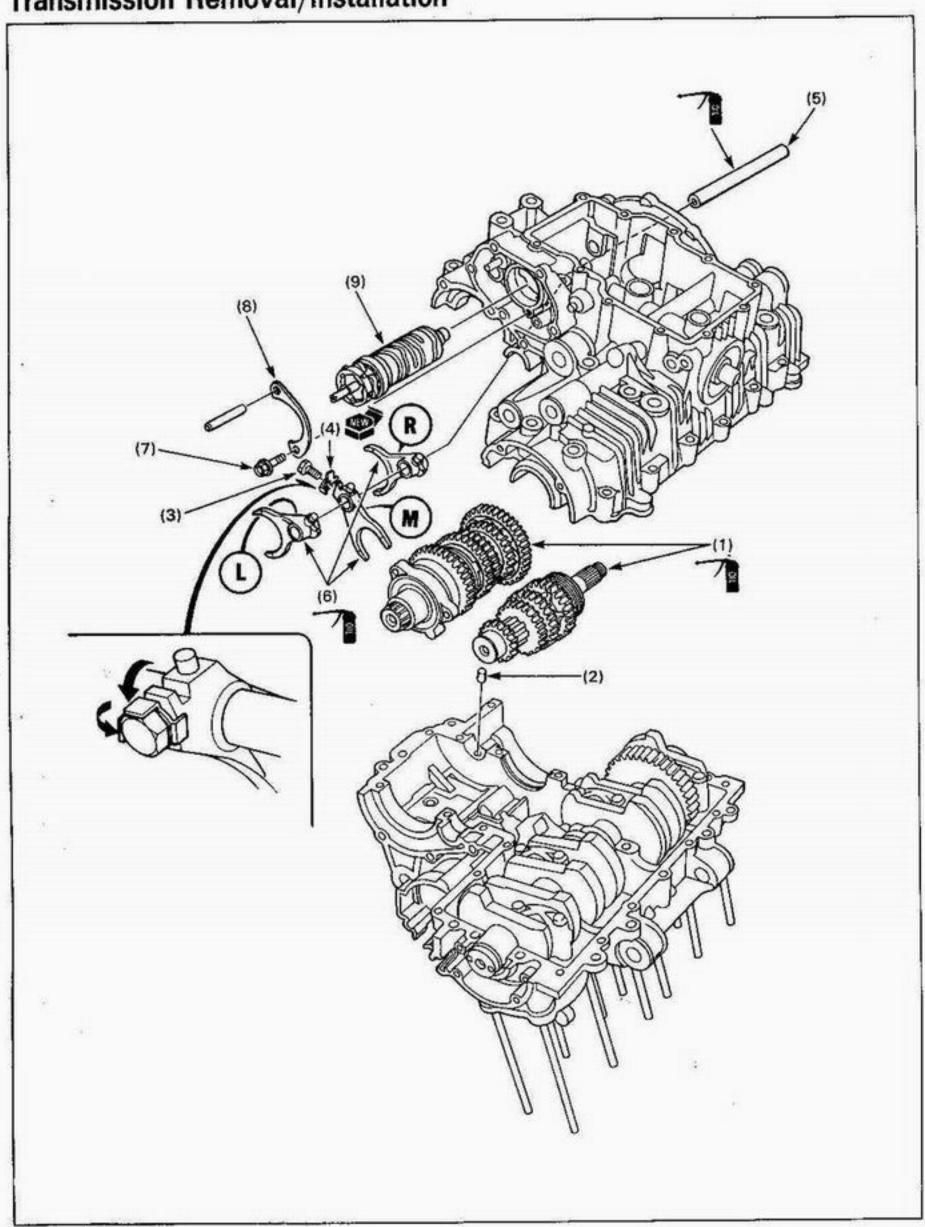


NOTE

Refer to Service Information (page 9-1) for list of parts which must be removed before separating the crankccase.

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order			
(1)	Pulse rotor bolt	1		
(2)	Pulse rotor	1		
(3)	Upper cankcase bolt (6 mm)	1		
(4)	Upper crankcase bolt (7 mm)	2		
(5)	Upper crankcase bolt (8 mm)	1		
(6)	Sealing bolt	1 1		
(7)	Sealing washer	1		
(8)	Lower crankcase bolt (6 mm)	15		
(9)	Lower crankcase bolt (8 mm)	11	Bolts (8 pcs) have sealing washers.	
(10)	Lower crankcase	1	THE HOSE WORLD THE HEATHER HIM TO BE	
(11)	Dowel pin	3		

Transmission Removal/Installation

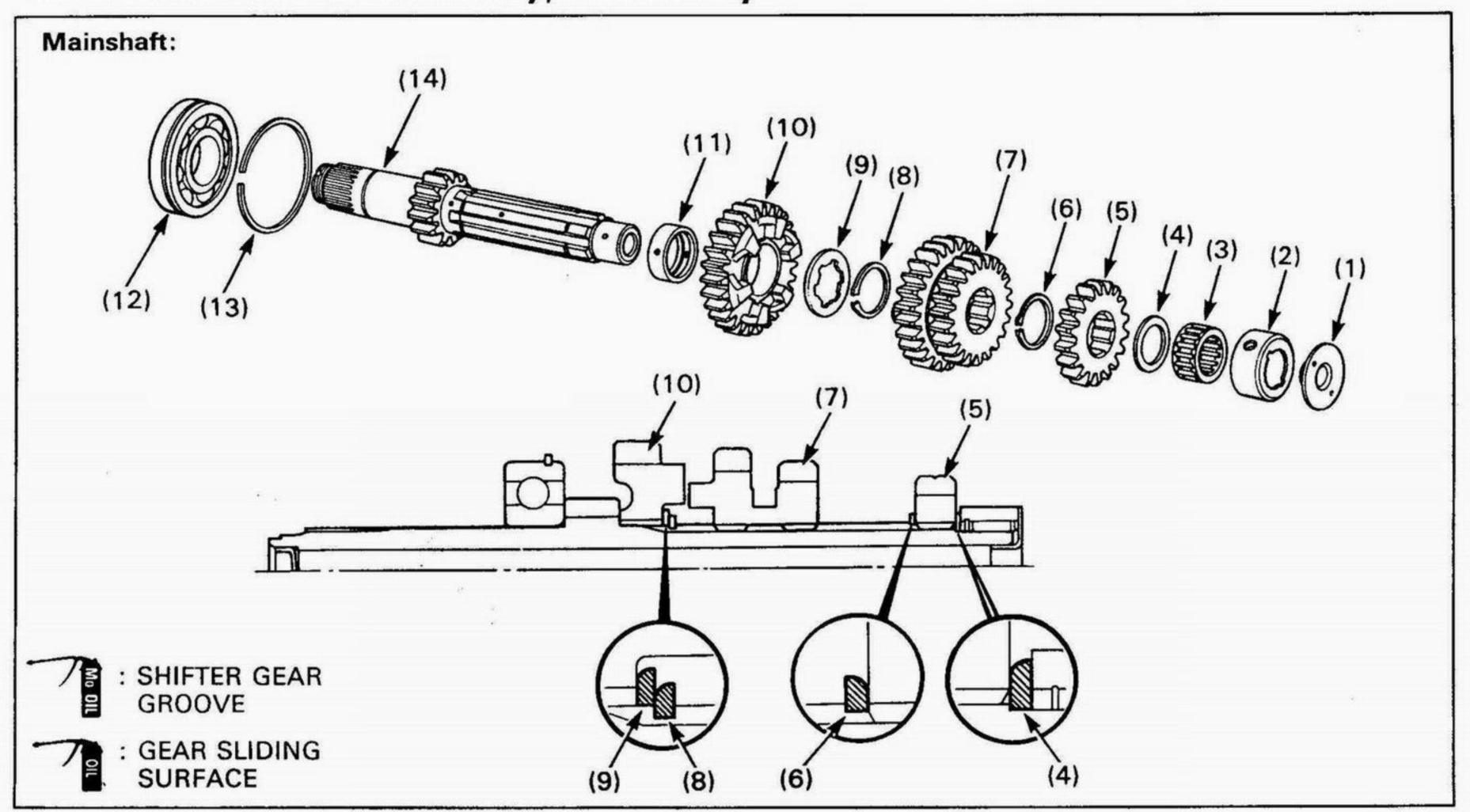


Requisite Service

- Crankcase separation (page 9-4)

Procedure		Q'ty.	Remarks	
(1)	Removal Order Mainshaft/countershaft assembly	1/1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. At installation, align the mainshaft bearing set ring with the case groove and align the countershaft bearing case hole with the dowel pin.	
(2)	Dowel pin	1		
(3)	Center fork mounting bolt	1	Remove after bending down the lock washer tab. Bend new lock washer tabs as shown.	
(4)	Lock washer	1	Install a new lock washer.	
(5)	Shift fork shaft	1		
(6)	Shift fork	3	Install with the identification mark (R: Right, M: Center, L: Left) side facing the right side as shown.	
(7)	Shift drum bearing stopper plate bolt	1	Install the dowel pin and then tighten the stopper plate bolt.	
(8)	Shift drum bearing stopper plate	1		
(9)	Shift drum	1		

Transmission Disassembly/Assembly



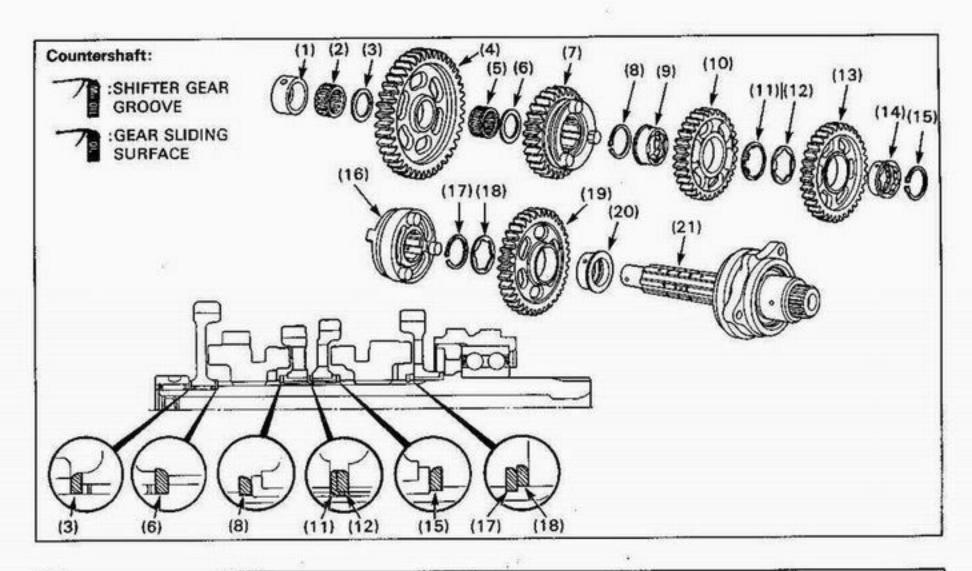
NOTE

- · When assembling the transmission, apply molybdenum disulfide oil to M3/M4, C5 and shifter gear shift fork groove.
- · Always install the thrust washers and snap rings with the chamfered (rolled) edge facing away from the thrust load.
- · After installing a snap ring, slightly open the ring and rotate it in its groove to be sure it is fully seated.
- · Do not use worn snap rings which could easily spin in the groove. They may be too loose to properly seat in the groove.
- · Align the gap in the snap ring with the spline groove.

Requisite Service

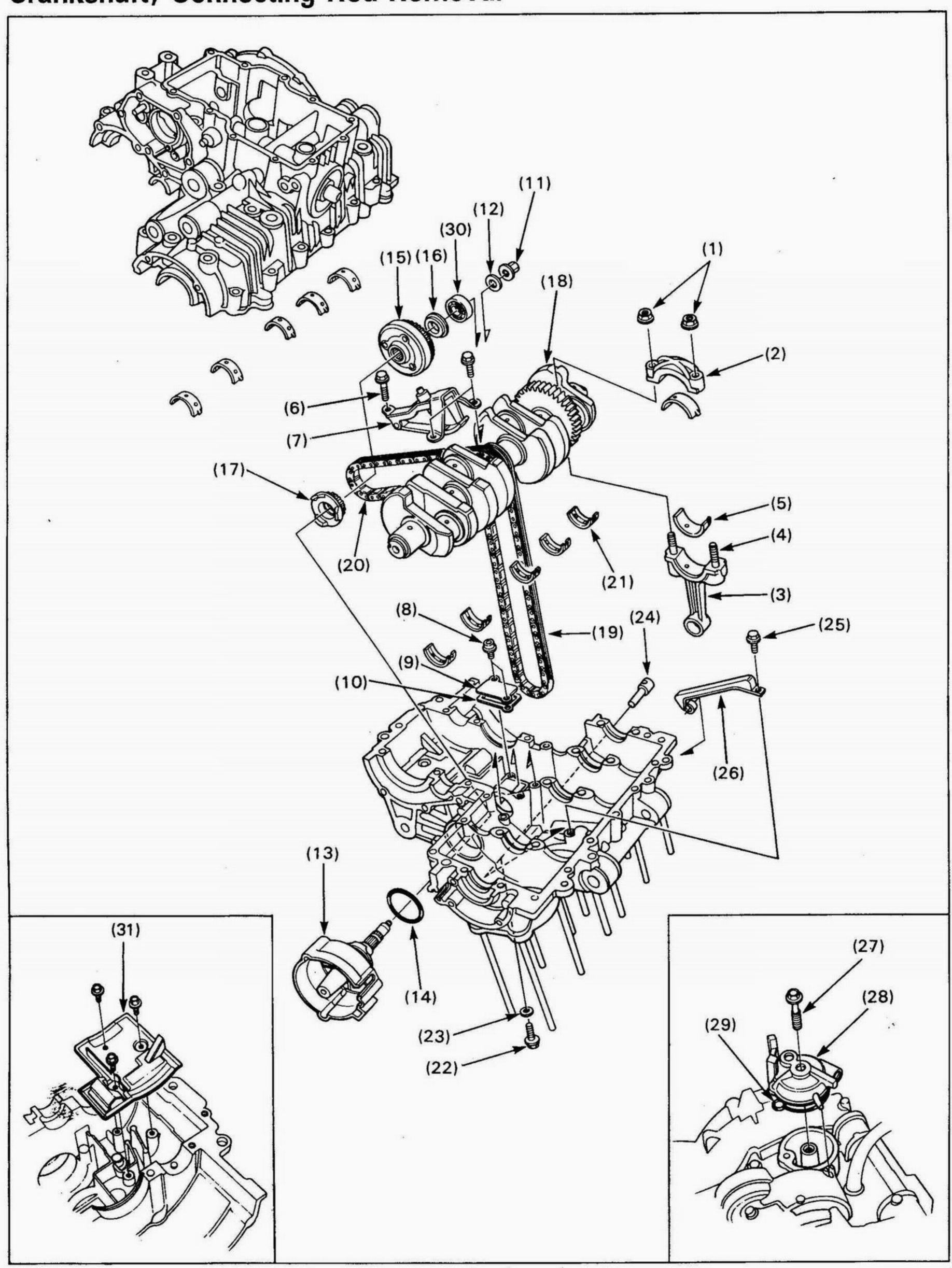
Transmission removal/installation (page 9-6)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Mainshaft Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.	
(1)	Orifice plate	1		
(2)	Bearing case	1		
(3)	Needle bearing	1		
(4)	Thrust washer	1		
(5)	M2 gear (18T)	1		
(6)	Snap ring	3		
(7)	M3/M4 gear (22/25T)	1		
(8)	Snap ring	1		
(9)	Spline washer	1		
A Comment of the last	M5 gear (27T)	1		
A	M5 bushing	1		
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Mainshaft bearing	1		
	Set ring \	1		
21	Mainshaft (M1 gear/14T)	1	1	



Procedure		Qty	Remarks	
	Countershaft Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.	
(1)	Bearing case	1		
(2)	Needle bearing	1		
(3)	Thrust washer	1		
(4)	C1 gear (42T)	1	*	
(5)	Needle bearing	1		
(6)	Thrust washer	3		
(7)	C5 gear (29T)	1		
(8)	Snap ring	1		
(9)	C4 spline bushing	1		
(10)	C4 gear (31T)	1		
(11)	Lock washer	1		
(12)	Spline washer	1		
(13)	C3 gear (34T)	1		
(14)	C3 spline bushing	- 1		
(15)	Snap ring	1		
(16)	Shifter gear	1		
(17)	Snap ring	1		
(18)	Spline washer	1		
(19)	V DESERVO SEE AND CONTRACTOR SEE	1		
(20)	C2 bushing	1		
(21)		1		

Crankshaft, Connecting Rod Removal



NOTE

- Determine the replacement bearing color code according to the main bearing selection table (page 9-14) or the connecting rod bearing selection table (page 9-15)
- Mark and store the bearing inserts to be sure of their correct locations for reassembly.
- · Refer to page 1-8 for crankshaft and rod specification.
- · Refer to section 14 of the Common Service Manual for bearing inspection.

Requisite Service

Crankcase separation (page 9-4)

Transmission removal/installation (page 9-6)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order			
(1)	Connecting rod bearing cap nut	8		
(2)	Bearing cap	4		
(3)	Connecting rod	4		
(4)	Connecting rod bolt	8	Do not remove unless necessary.	
(5)	Connecting rod bearing	8		
(6)	Alternator drive chain tensioner bolt	3		
(7)	Alternator drive chain tensioner	1		
(8)	Oil chamber cover bolt	2		
(9)	Oil chamber cover	1 1		
(10)	Gasket	1 1		
(11)	Alternator shaft nut	1 1	Removal (see below)	
(12)	Washer	1		
(13)	Alternator shaft assembly	1	Disassembly and assembly (page 9-12)	
(14)	O-ring	1		
(15)	Starter clutch assembly	1 1	Disassembly and assembly (page 15-8)	
(16)	Collar	1		
(17)	Alternator driven sprocket	1		
(18)	Crankshaft	1		
(19)	Cam chain	1		
(20)	Alternator drive chain	1		
(21)	Crankshaft main journal bearing	10		
(22)	Alternator drive chain slipper pin bolt	1		
(23)	Washer	1	li de la companya de	
(24)	Alternator drive chain slipper pin	1 1		
(25)	Alternator drive chain slipper bolt	1		
(26)	Alternator drive chain slipper	1		
(27)	Air separator bolt	1		
(28)	Air separator cover	1	Blow the oil hole in the air separator cover with compressed air.	
(29)	O-ring .	1		
	Alternator shaft bearing	1		
(31)		1	Do not remove, without necessary.	

Alternator Shaft Nut Removal/Installation

Temporarily install the alternator rotors and hold the rotor with the universal holder.



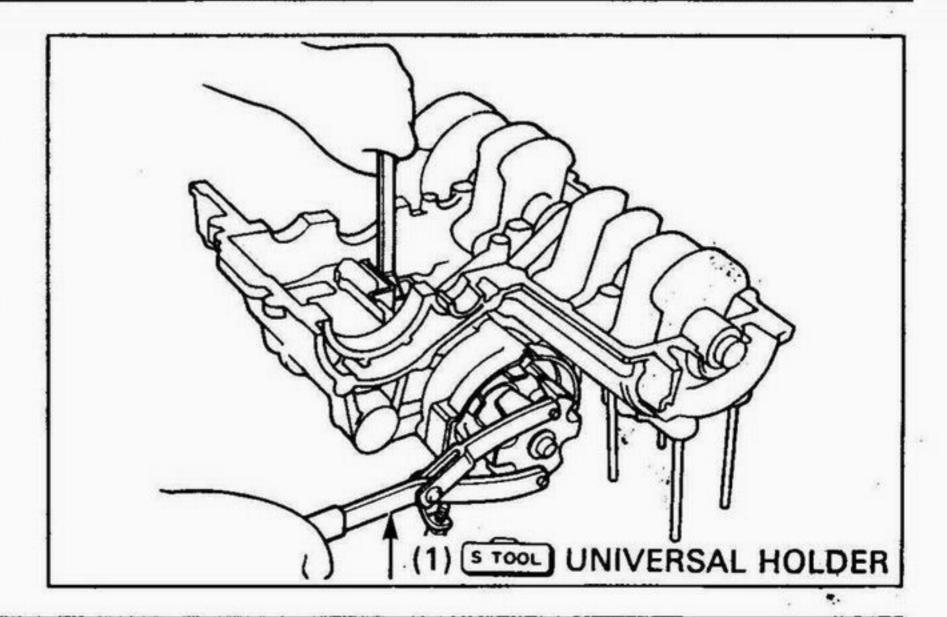
Universal holder

07725-0030000

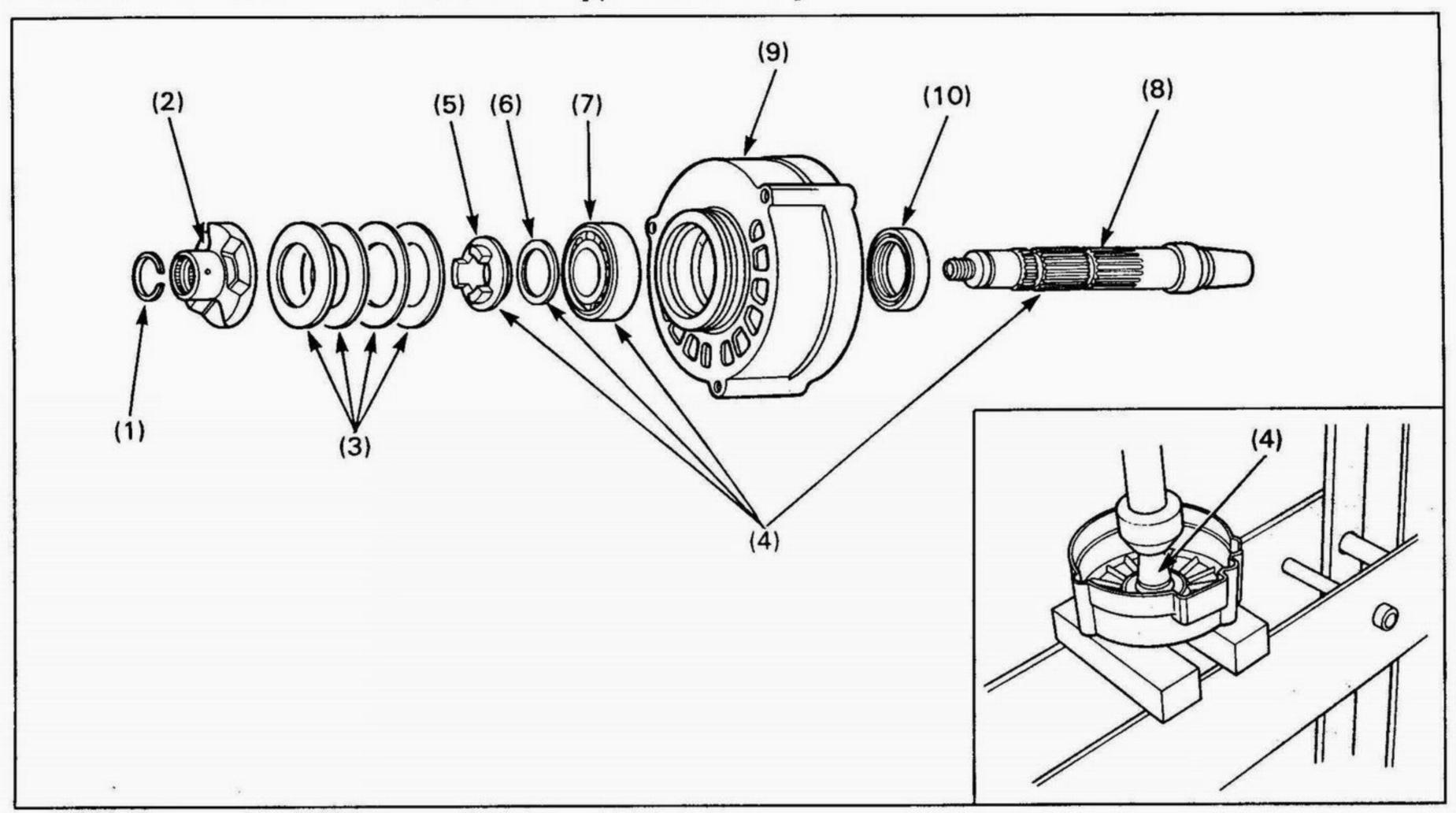
Remove the alternator shaft nut.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Torque: 34 N·m (3.4 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)



Alternator Shaft Disassembly/Assembly



NOTE

- · Never reinstall the old bearing; once the bearing is removed, it must be replaced with a new one.
- · Blow the oil line in the alternator shaft with compressed air.

Requisite Service

Crankshaft removal (page 9-10)

Procedure		Qty	Remarks	
ę	Disassembly Order			
(1)	Snap ring	1		
(2)	Damper cam	1		
(3)	Damper spring	4		
(4)	Alternator shaft assembly	-	Press the alternator shaft assembly out of the alternator case.	
(5)	- Collar	1		
(6)	-Washer	1		
(7)	- Bearing	1		
(8)	-Alternator shaft	1		
(9)	Altrnator case	1		
	Oil seal	1		
	Assembly Order			
(7)	Bearing	1 -	page 9-13.	
(8)	Alternator shaft	1 -		
(6)	Washer	1 -		
(5)	Collar	1 -		
(3)	Damper spring	4 -		
(2)	Damper cam	1 -		
(1)	Snap ring	1 -		
(10)	Oil seal	1 —	J.)	

Alternator Shaft Assembly

Drive a new bearing in the alternator case.

S. TOOL

Attachment, 42×47 mm Pilot, 20 mm 07746-0010300

Driver

07749-0010000

Support the case bearing with special tools and press the alternator shaft into the bearing.

S TOOL

Attachment, I.D. 20 mm

07746-0020400

Inner Driver B

07746-0020100

Install the washer.

Support the collar with special tools and press the alternator shaft into the collar.

S. TOOL

Attachment, I.D. 20 mm

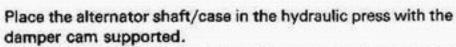
07746-0020400

Inner Driver B

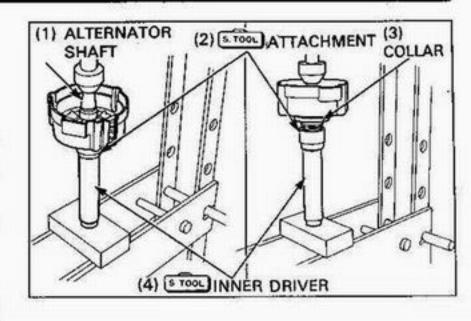
07746-0020100

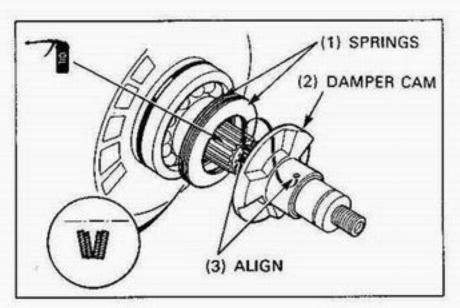
Install the four damper springs with the dished faces facing each other as shown.

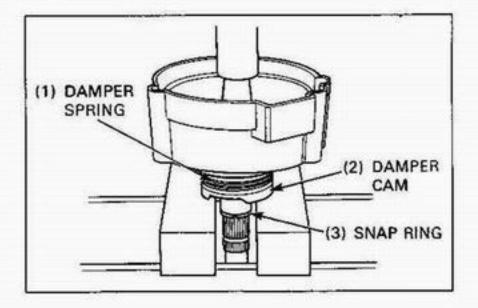
Install the damper cam onto the alternator shaft, aligning the oil holes in the damper cam and shaft.



Compress the damper spring and secure the damper cam with the snap ring.







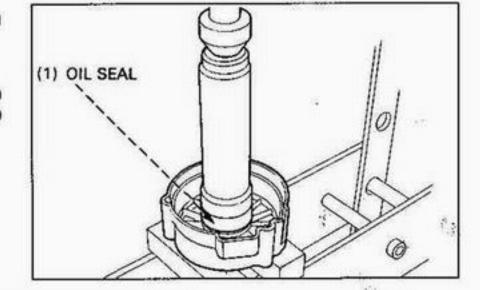
Support the case and press a new oil seal into the case using the special tool.

S TOOL

Attachment, I.D. 30 mm

07746-0030300

Inner Diver C



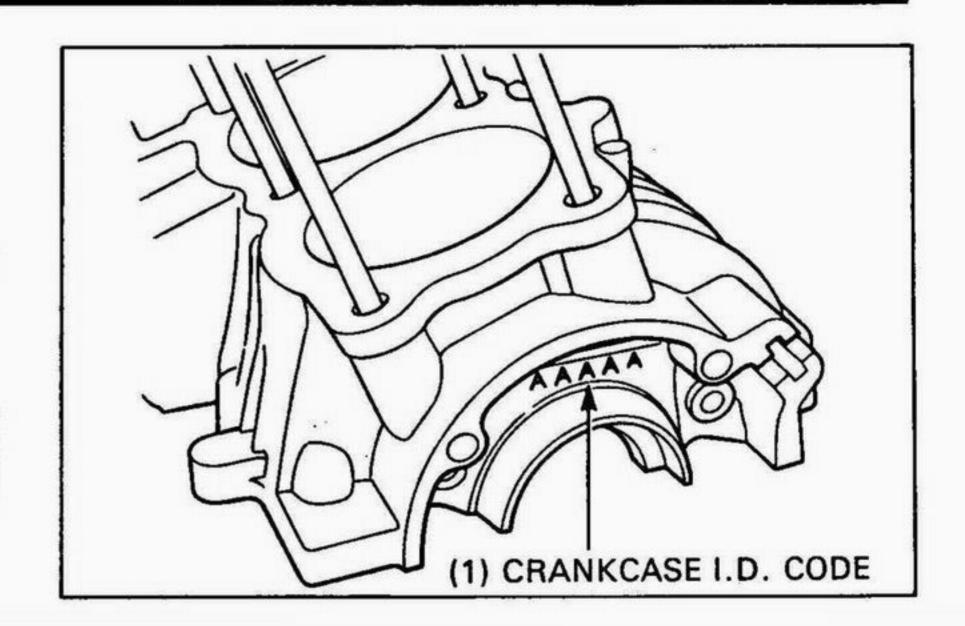
Crankshaft Bearing Replacement

Main Journal Bearing Selection

Record the crankcase I.D. code letters from the left side of the crankcase.

NOTE

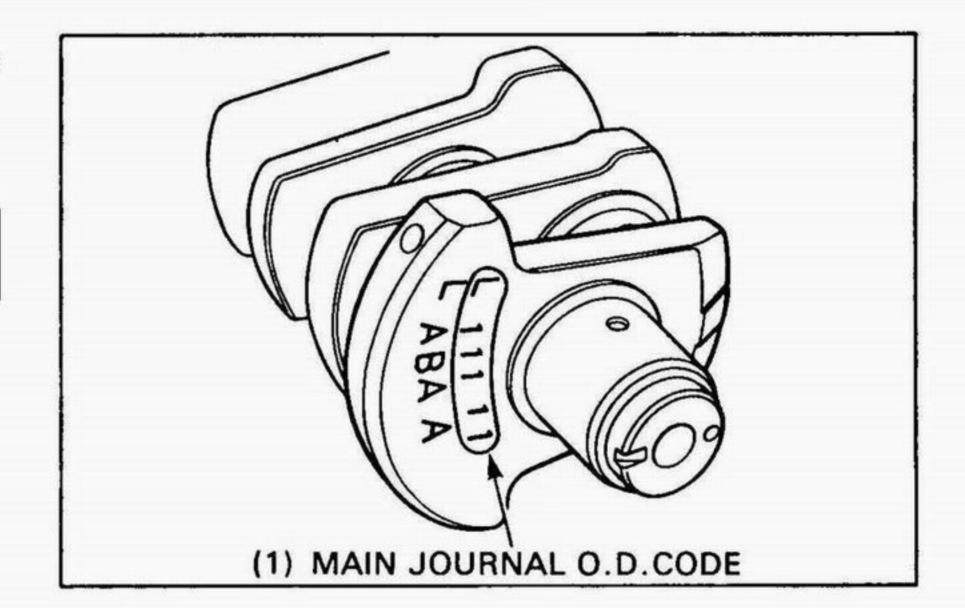
 The letters (A or B) on the upper crankcase are the codes for the main journal I.D. s, reading from the left.



Record the corresponding main journal O.D. code numbers from the crank weight.

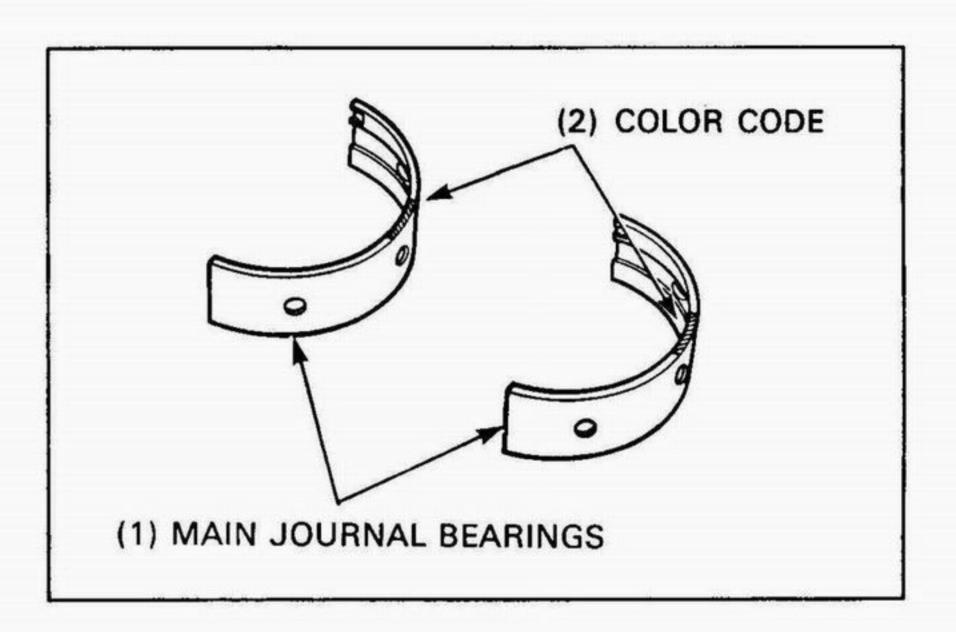
NOTE

 The numbers (1 or 2) on the crank weight are the codes for the main journal O.D. s, reading from the left.



Cross reference the case and journal codes to determine the replacement bearing color code.

\	Main journal O.D. code	1	2
	ankcase), code	35.992- 36.000 mm (1.4170- 1.4173 in)	35.984- 35.992 mm (1.4166- 1.4170 in)
A	39.000-39.008 mm (1.5354-1.5357 in)	Red	Pink
В	39.008-39.015 mm (1.5357-1.5360 in)	Pink	Yellow



Bearing thickness

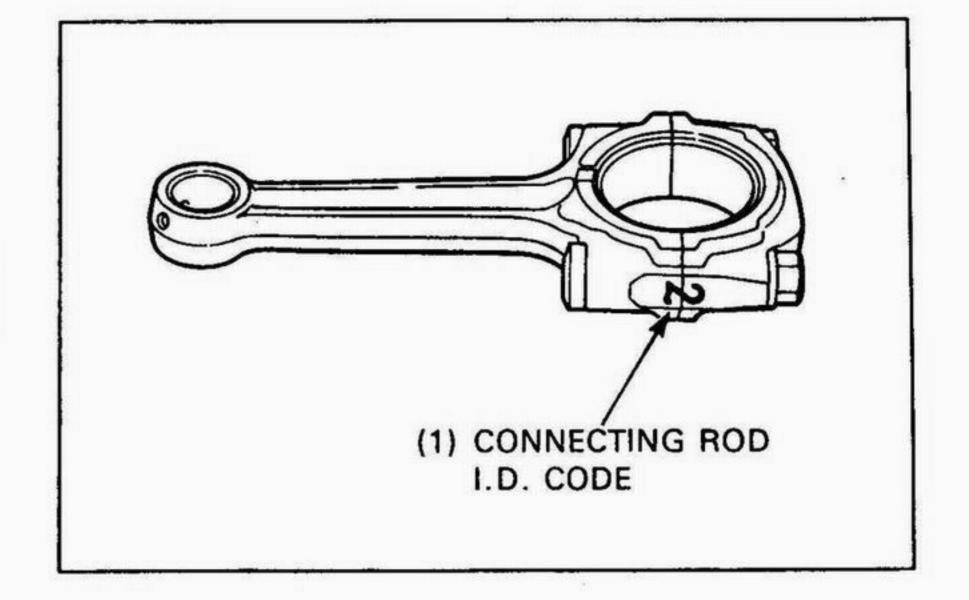
Yello: Thick Pink: ‡ Red Thin

Connecting Rod Bearing Selection

Record the connecting rod I.D. code numbers on the rod.

NOTE

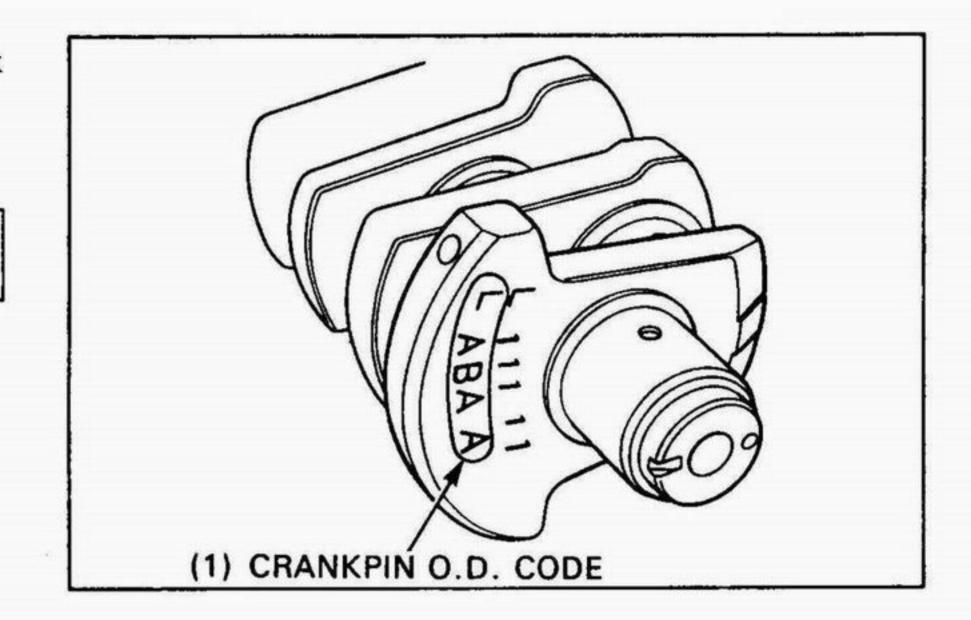
 The numbers (1 or 2) on the connecting rod are the codes for the connecting rod I.D.s.



Record the crankpin O.D. code letters from the crank weight.

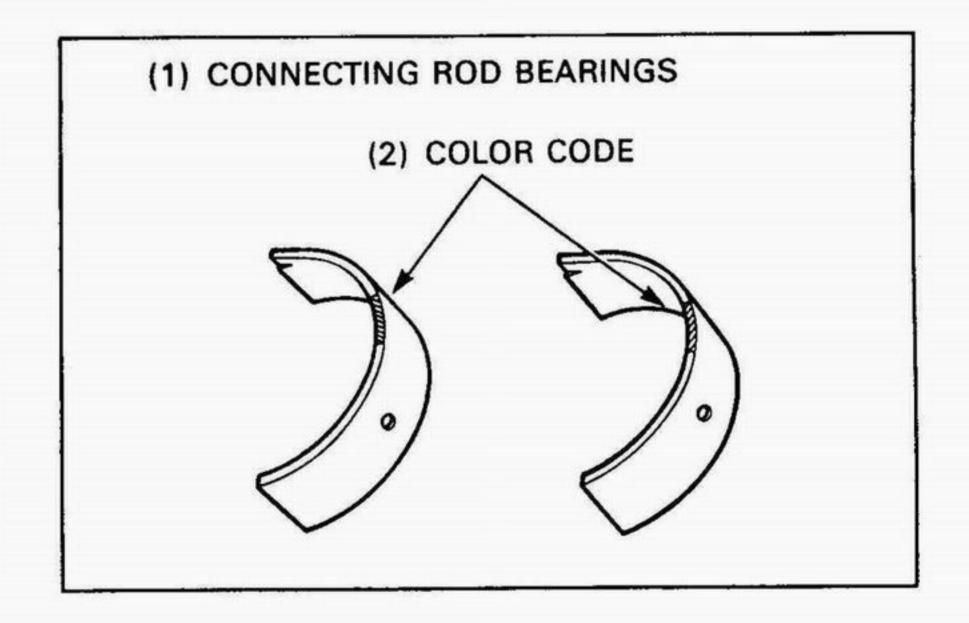
NOTE

 The letters (A or B) on the crank weight are the codes for the crankpin O.D.s, reading from the left.



Cross reference the crankppin and rod codes to determine the replacement bearing color code.

\	Crankpin O.D. code	Α	В
Connecting rod I.D. code		35.992- 36.000 mm (1.4170- 1.4173 in)	35.984- 35.992 mm (1.4166- 1.4170 in)
1	39.000-39.008 mm (1.5354-1.5357 in)	Yellow	Green
2	39.008-39.016 mm (1.5357-1.5360 in)	Green	Brown



Bearing thickness

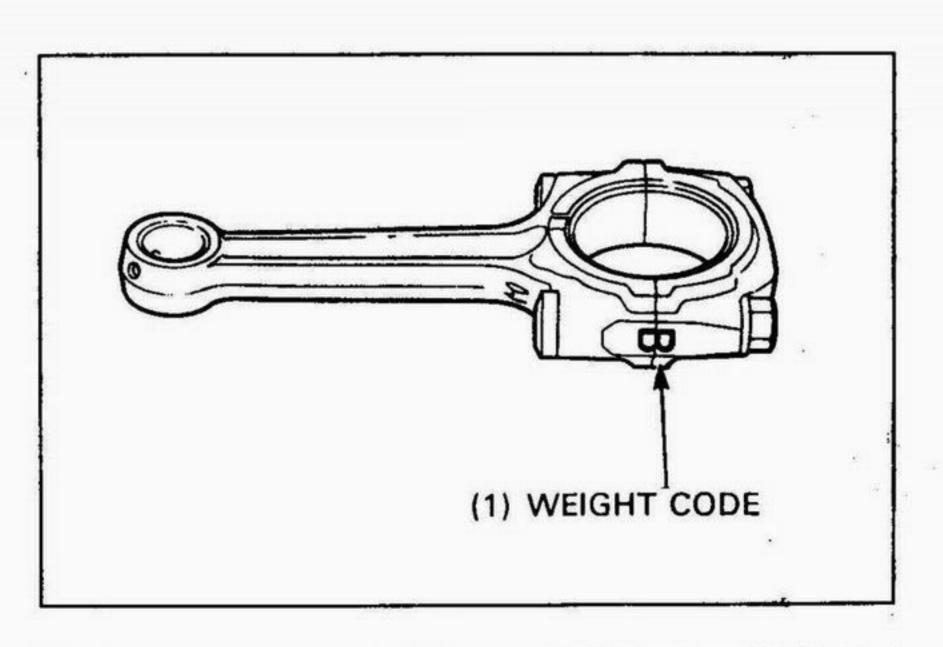
Brown: Thick Green: \$ Yellow: Thin

Connecting Rod Replacement

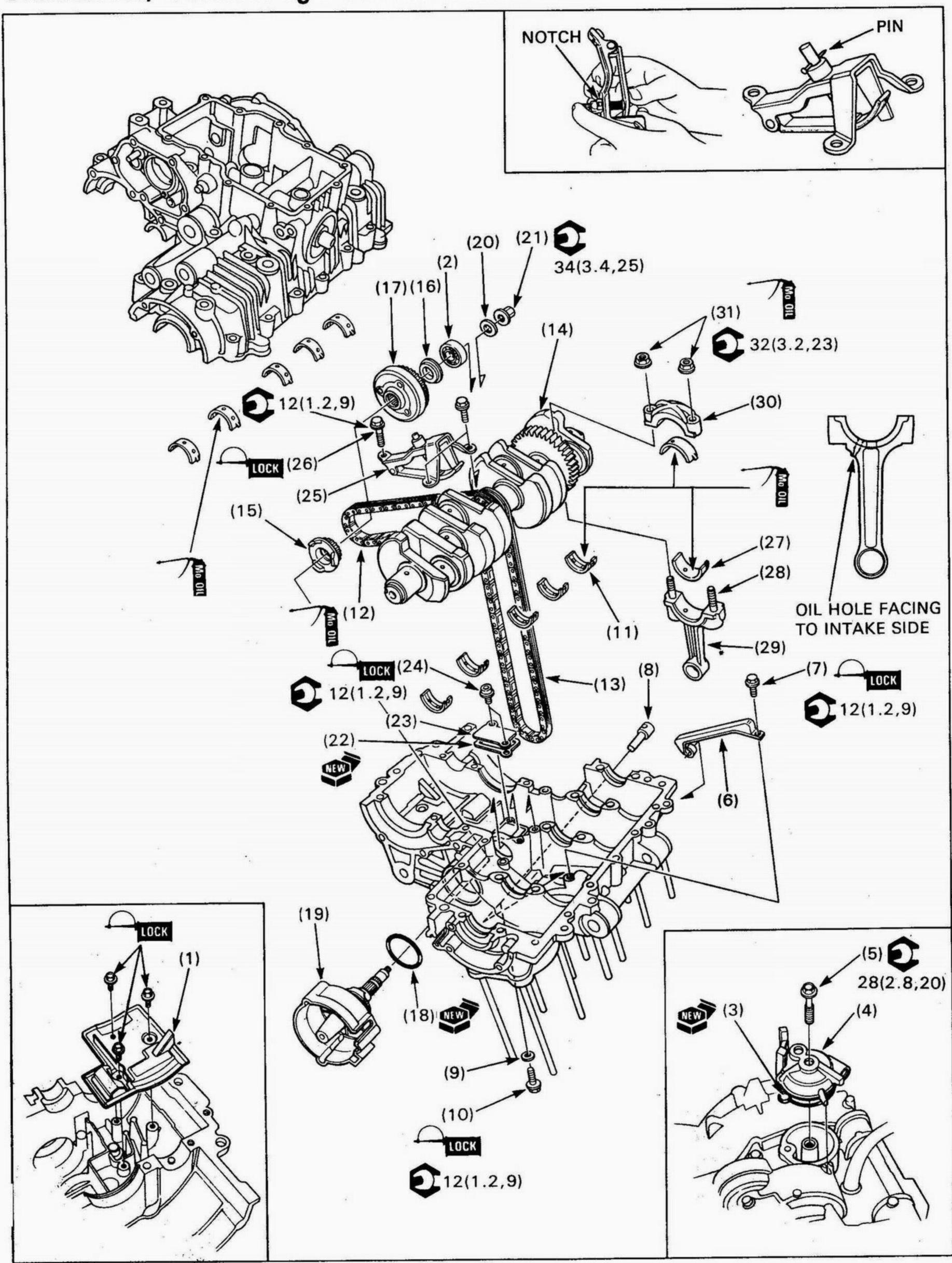
Be sure to use the connecting rods having the same weight code in an engine.

CAUTION

 If a connecting rod having the different weight code is to be used, be sure that the difference in weight (code) is held within a single weight rank.



Crankshaft, Connecting Rod Installation



NOTE

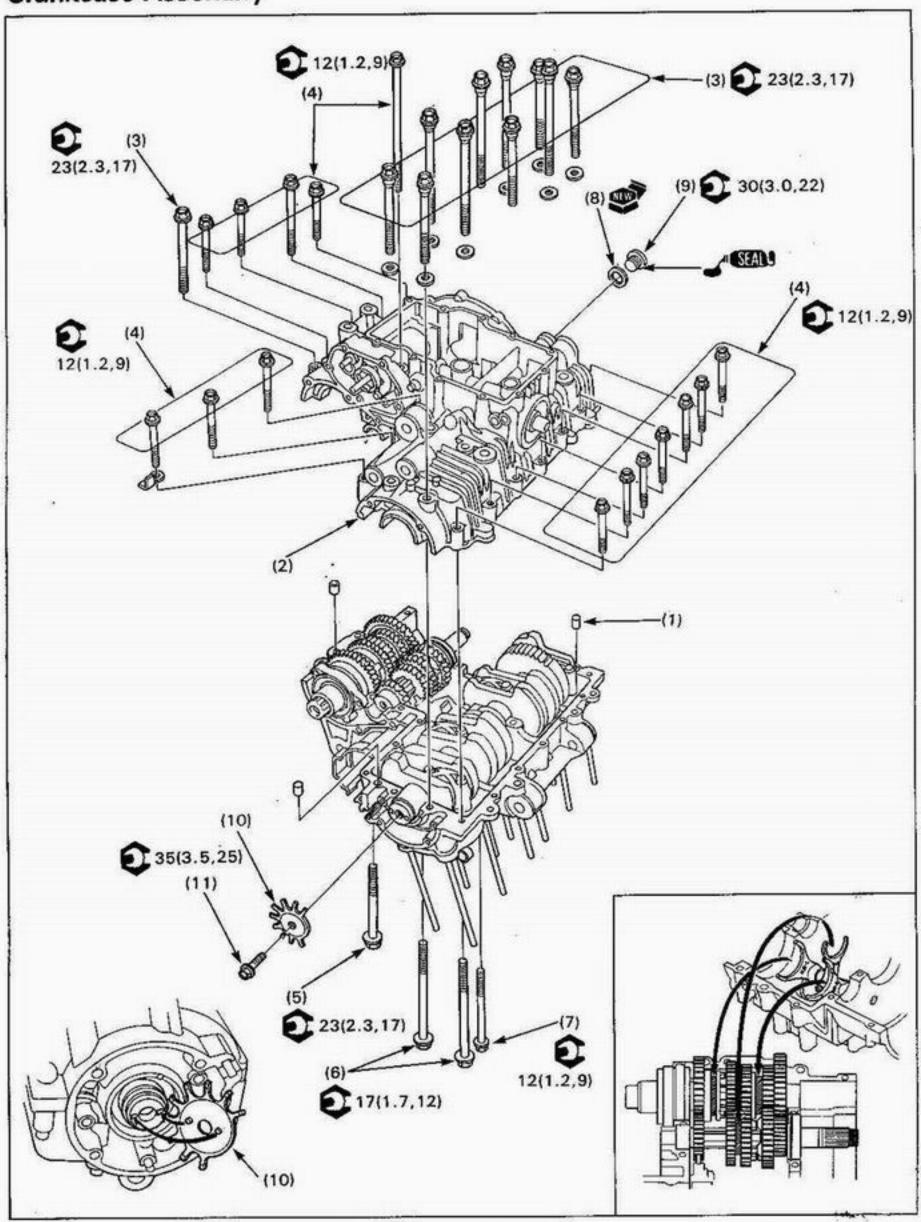
- At installation, apply molybdenum disulfide oil to the main journal bearing and connecting rod bearing surface.

Requisite Service

· Crankshaft, connecting rod removal (page 9-10)

	Procedure		Remarks
	Installation Order		
(1)	Breather plate	1	
(2)	Alternator shaft bearing	1	
(3)	O-ring	1	
(4)	Air separator cover	1	Align the separator cover tang with the slot in the upper crankcase.
(5)	Air separator cover bolt	1	
(6)	Alternator drive chain slipper	1	
(7)	Alternator drive chain slipper bolt	1	
(8)	Alternator drive chain slipper pin	1	
1000410111	Washer	1	
900 CENTRAL	Ablternator drive chain slipper pin bolt	1	
III DIGWYYCH TI	Crankshaft main journal bearing	10	 Wipe all oil from the bearing seating areas. Align the bearing tabs with the groove in the crankcase.
(12)	Alternator drive chain	1	
2500000000	Cam chain	1	
60000000	Crankshaft	1	
00000000	Alternator driven sprocket	1	
000040000000	Collar	1	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Starter-clutch assembly	1	
4520 FEED	O-ring	1	* 1.71
739 (2000)	Alternator shaft assembly	1	1.
(907/05/09)	Washer	1	
A 100 SIA 1	Alternator shaft nut	1	Installation (page 9-11)
(22)		1	
30,000	Oil chamber cover	1	
0.05-53-53	Oil chamber cover bolt	2	
344304390	Alternator drive chain tensioner	1	Push the notch on the chain tensioner with a screwdriver
(23)	Atternator dive chair tensioner		and squeeze the tensioner until the hole in the rod appears. Insert a pin into the hole to lock the tensioner.
(26)	Alternator drive chain tensioner bolt	3	After tightening, remove the tensioner lock pin.
(27)	Connecting rod bearing	8	 Wipe all oil from the bearing seating areas. Align the bearing oil hole with the oil hole in the connecting rod.
(28)	Connecting rod bolt	8	
(29)		4	Face the oil holes to the intake side.
(30)	NO. DEC. (1997) T. N. S.	4	Install then with the code letters read properly.
(31)		8	At installation, apply molybdenum disulfied oil to the threads and torque them in 2 or 3 steps.

Crankcase Assembly



Requisite Service

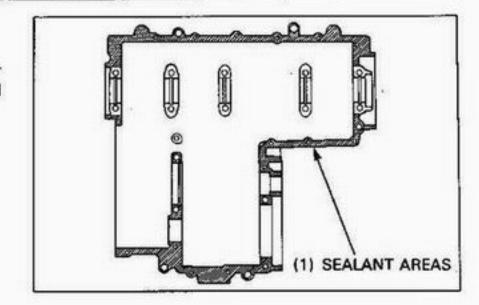
- · Crankshaft, connecting rod installation (page 9-16)
- Transmission removal/installation (page 9-6)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1)	Dowel pin	3	
(2)	Lower crankcase	1 — Crankcas	se installation (see next page)
(3)	Lomer crankcase bolt (8 mm)	11—	
(4)	Lower crankcase bolt (6 mm)	15—	
(5)	Upper crankcase bolt (8 mm)	1 —	
(6)	Upper crankcase bolt (7 mm)	2 —	
(7)	Upper crankcase bolt (6 mm)	1 —	
(8)	Sealing washer	1 1	
(9)	Sealing bolt	1	
(10)	Pulse rotor	1 1	
(11)	Pulse rotor bolt	1	

Crankcase Installation

Apply a light but thorough coating of sealant to the upper crankcase mating surface except to the main bearing journal bolt mating areas as shown.

Assemble the crankcase.



Install the crankcase bolts and sealing washers.

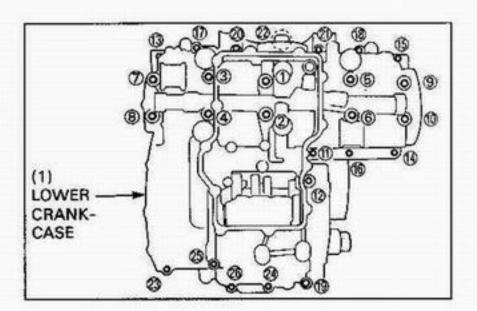
NOTE

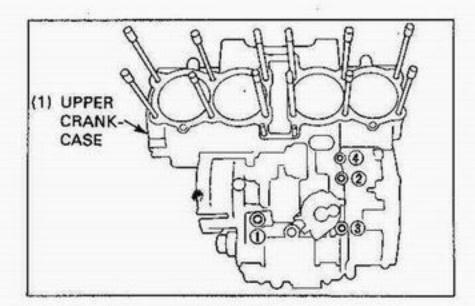
 Ten 8 mm bolts (for the crankshaft main journals) have sealing washers.

Tighten all crankcase bolts in a gradual, crisscross pattern, beginning with larger diameter bolts first as shows.

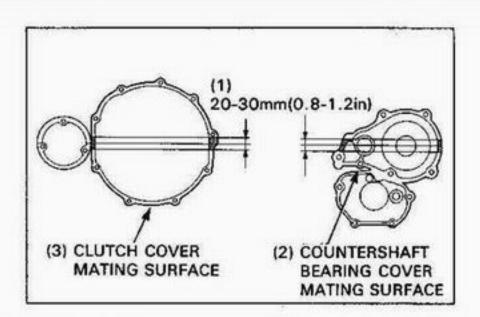
Torque:

8 mm cranacase bolt: 23 N·m (2.3 kg·m, 17 ft·lb) 6 mm crankcase bolt: 12N·m (1.2 kg·m, 9 ft·lb)





Apply a sealant to the countershaft bearing cover and clutch cover mating surfaces as shown.



10. Front Wheel/Suspension/Steering

	Service Information	10-1	Fork Removal/Installation	10-8
	Trobleshooting	10-1	Fork Disassembly	10-10
	Handlebar Removal/Installation	10-2	Fork Assembly	10-12
	Front Wheel Removal/Installation	10-4	Steering Stem Removal/Installation	10-14
	Front Wheel Disassembly/Assembly	10-6		
1				

Service Information

A WARNING

- · A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- Refer to section 12 for brake system information.
- Refer to section 16 for light, meter and switch information.
- Refer to section 16 for light, meter and switch information.

 Tubeless tire removal, repair, and remounting procedures are covered in section 16 of the Common Service Manual.

 10
- · When servicing the front wheel, fork or steering stem, support the motorcycle securely with a jack or other support. Do not use the oil filter as a jack point.

Troubleshooting

Hard Steering

- · Steering head bearing adjustment nut too tight
- Faulty steering head bearings
- Insufficient tire pressure
- Faulty tire

Steers To One Side Or Does Not Track Straight

- Bent fork
- · Bent front axle
- Wheel installed incorrectly
- Faulty steering head bearings
- · Bent frame
- Worn wheel bearing
- Worn swingarm pivot components

Front Wheel Wobbling

- Bent rim
- Worn front wheel bearings
- Faulty tire
- Unbalanced tire and wheel

Wheel Turns Hard

- Faulty wheel bearing
- Faulty speedometer gear
- Bent front axle

Soft Suspension

- Insufficient fluid in fork
- Weak springs
- Low fluid level in fork
- Low tire pressure

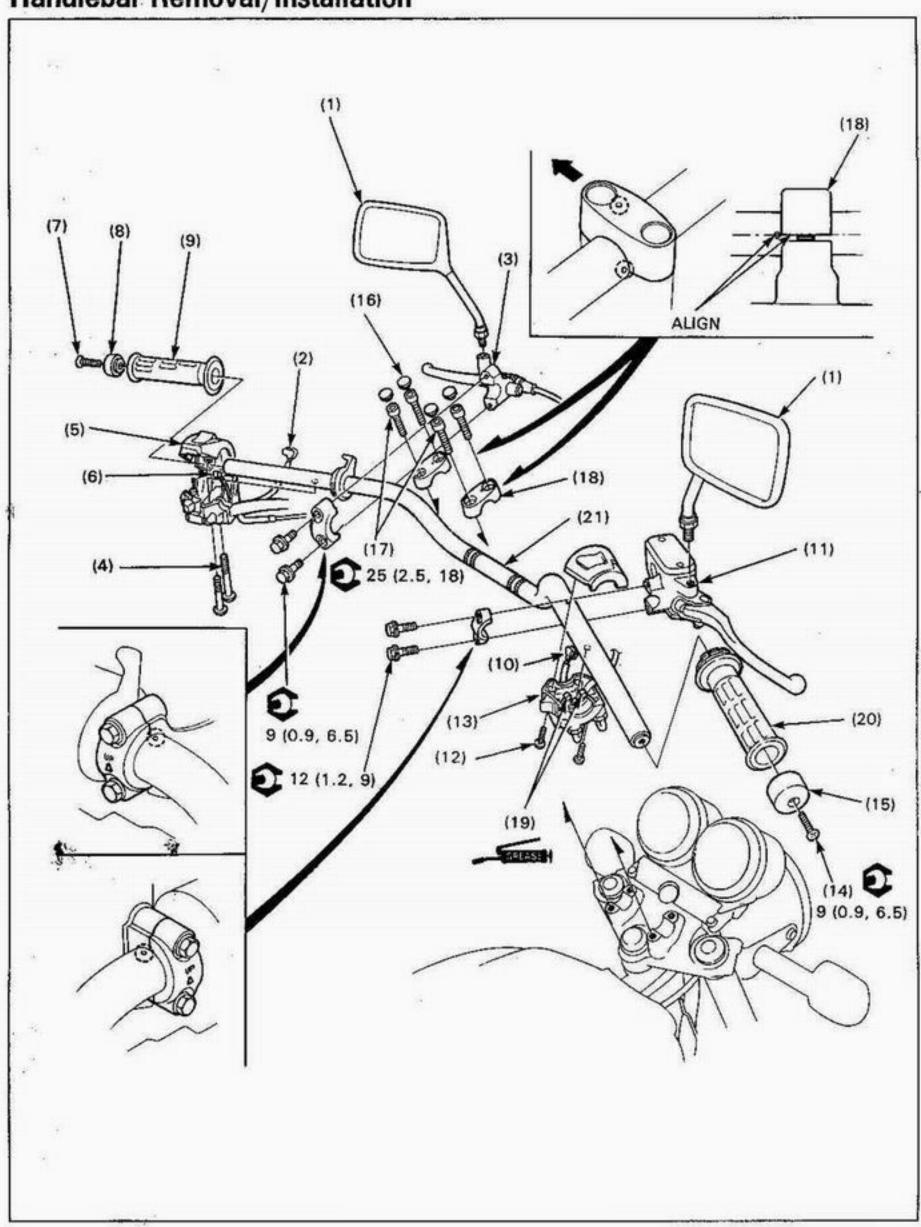
Hard Suspension

- Incorrect fluid weight
- Bent fork tubes
- Clogged fluid passage
- High tire pressure

Front Suspension Noisy

- Insufficient fluid in fork
- Loose fork fasteners
- Lack of grease in speedometer gear

Handlebar Removal/Installation

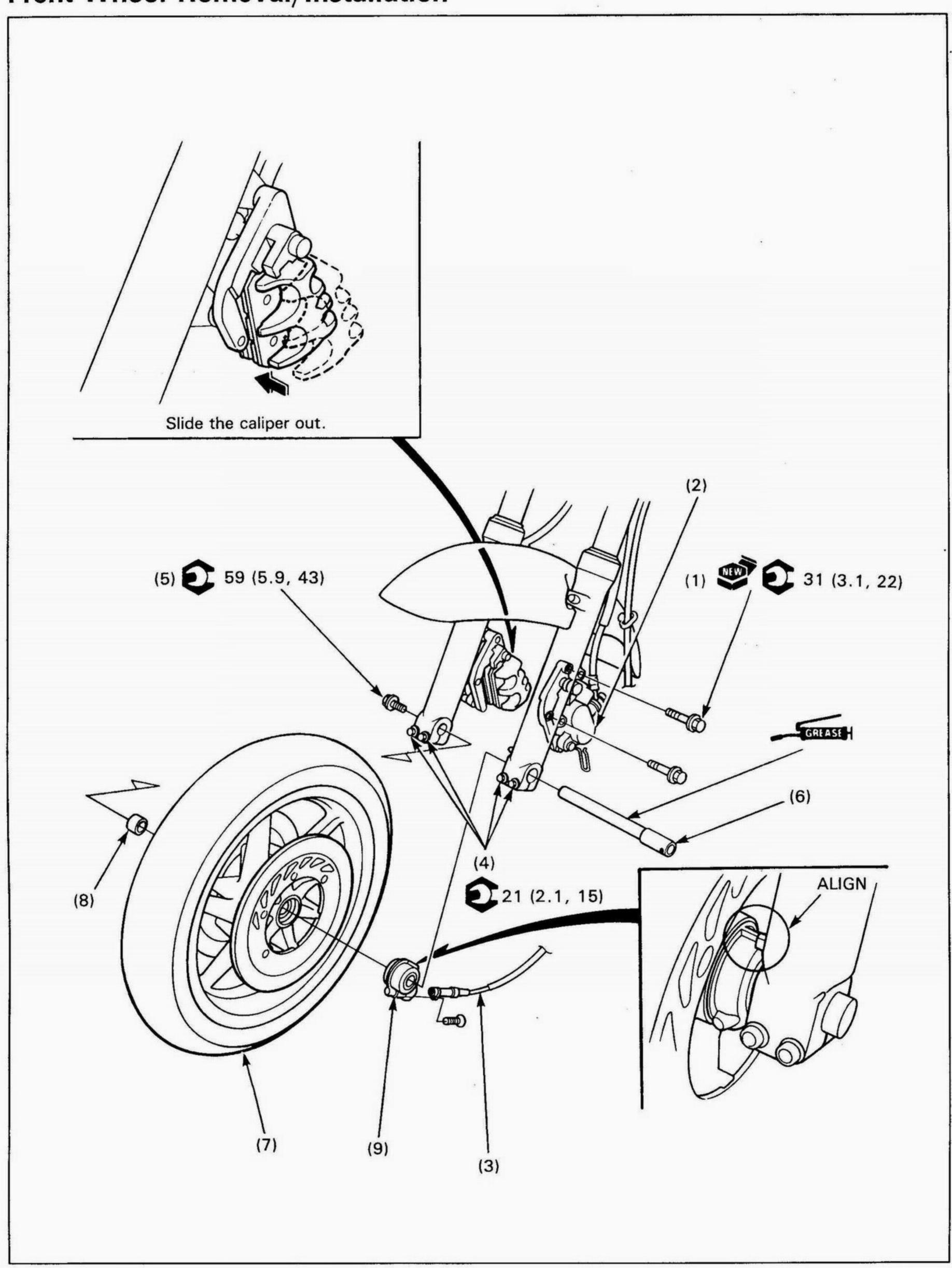


NOTE

- Using wires, hang the front brake master cylinder at least as high as the position it was originally installed to prevent
 air from getting into the master cylinder. Do not twist the brake hose.
- Route the cables and wire harnesses properly (page 1-21).
- · After installing the handlebar, adjust-
 - · the throttle cable
 - · the clutch cable
 - · the choke cable

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Rearview mirror	2		
(2)	Clutch switch connector	2		
(3)	Clutch lever assembly	1	Align the holder end with the punch mark on the handlebar and face the holder "UP" mark upward. Tighten the upper bolt first, then the lower bolt.	
(4)	Left handlebar switch housing screw	2	Tighten the front screw first, then the rear screw.	
(5)	Left handlebar switch housing	1		
(6)	Choke cable	1 1		
(7)	Handebar weight mounting screw	1 1		
(8)	Handlebar weight	1 1		
(9)	Handle grip	1	Apply Honda Bond A or an equivalent to the inside surface of the grip.	
(10)	Brake light switch connector	2		
	Master cylinder	1	Align the holder end with the punch mark on the handlebar and face the holder "UP" mark upward.	
		i i	Tighten the upper bolt first, then the lower bolt.	
(12)	Right handlebar switch housing screw	2	Tighten the front screw first, then the rear screw.	
	Right handlebar switch housing	1		
	Handlebar weight mounting screw	1		
	Handlebar weight	1		
	Сар	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Handlebar holder bolt	4	Tighten the front bolts first, then the rear bolts.	
	Handlebar holder	2	Install the upper holder with its punch mark facing forward.	
	Throttle cable end	2		
	Throttle pipe	1		
	Handlebar	1	Place the handlebar onto the lower holder and align the punch marks on the handlebar with the lower surface of the handlebar holder.	

Front Wheel Removal/Installation



AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

CAUTION

· Do not suspend the bake caliper from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.

NOTE

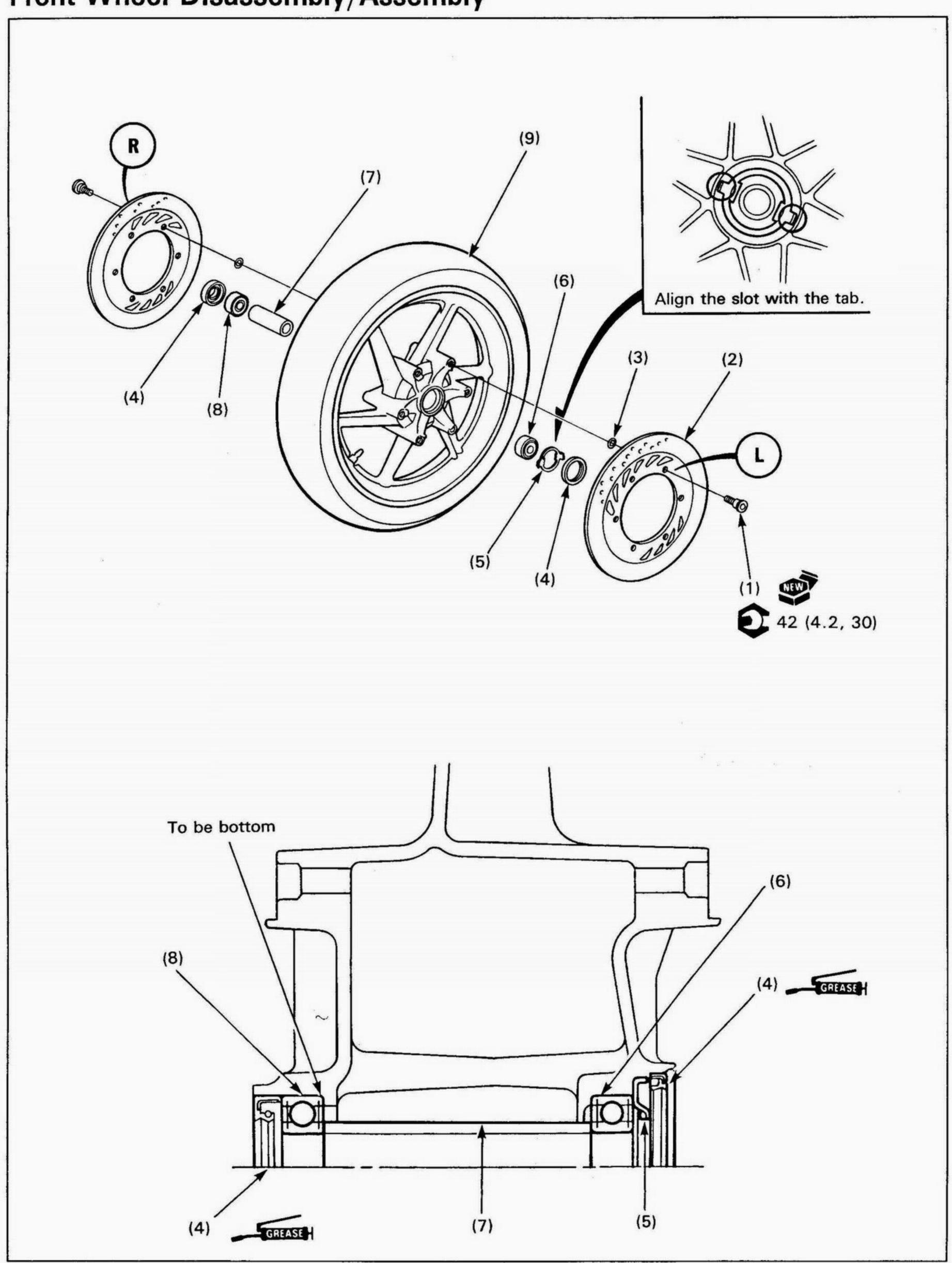
- · Do not apply the brake lever after the front wheel is removed.
- Apply thin coat clean grease to the front axle before installation.
- Check the clearance between the brake disc and caliper bracket on each side installation. The clearance should be at least 0.7 mm (0.03 in).

Requisite Service

· Raise the front wheel off the ground.

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	Removal Order Caliper blacket bolt Left brake caliper assembly Speedometer cable Front axle pinch bolt Front axle bolt Front axle Front wheel assembly	2 1 1 4 1 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(8)	Right side collar Speedometer gearbox assembly	1 1	When installing or removing, slide the right brake caliper out so that the wheel rim clears. When installing, align the stopper on the speedometer gear box with the tab on the left fork slider.

Front Wheel Disassembly/Assembly



AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

NOTE

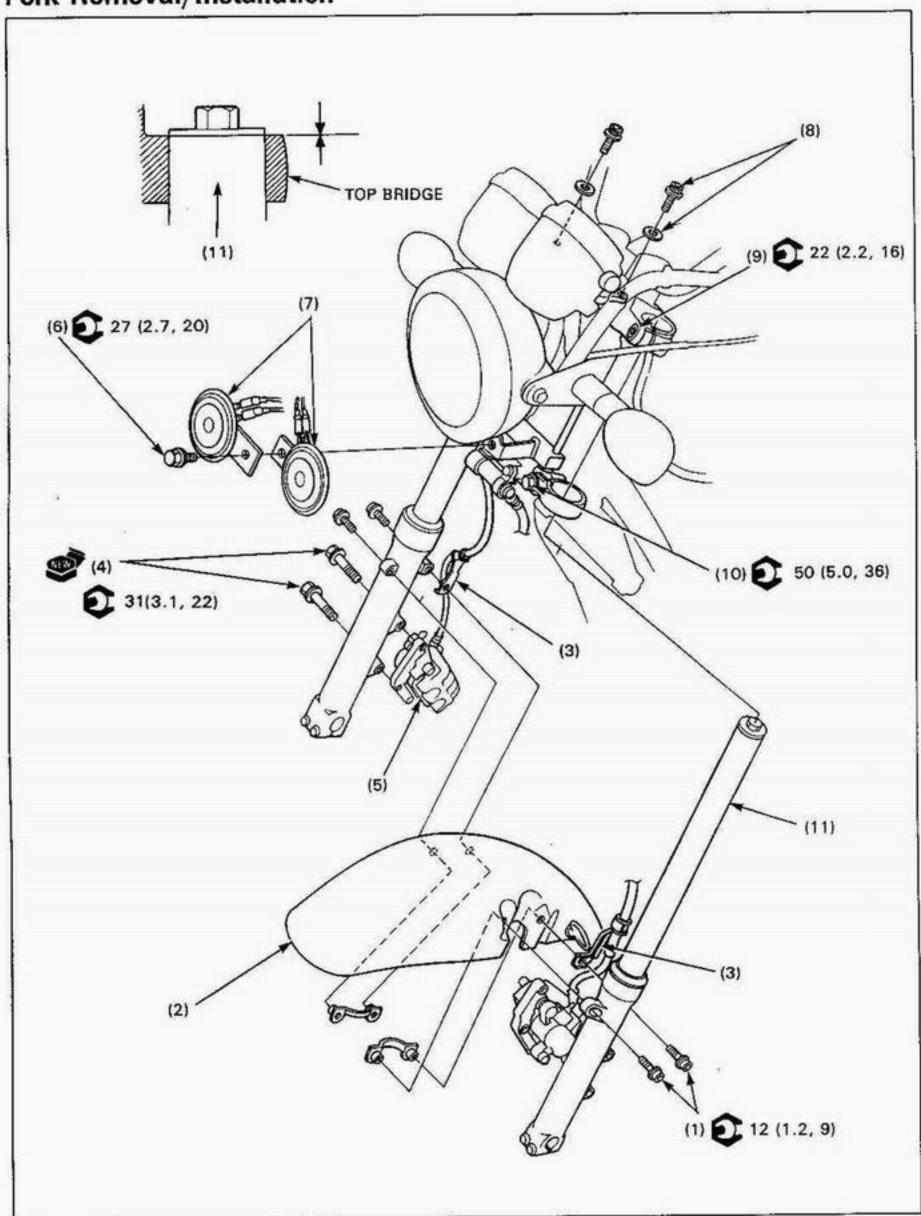
- · Always replace wheel bearings as a set.
- · For wheel bearing replacement, refer to section 1 of the Common Service Manual.

Requisite Service

Front wheel removal/installation (page 10-4)

	Procedure		Remarks	
	Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.	
(1)	Brake disc bolt	12		
(2)	Brake disc	2	Install with the stamped side outward as shown.	
(3)	Shim	12		
(4)	Dust seal	2	At installation, apply grease to the dust seal lips.	
(5)	Speedometer gear retainer	1		
(6)	Left wheel bearing (6004 UU)	1	*-	
(7)	Distance collar	1		
(8)	Right wheel bearing (6004 UU)	1	At assembly, drive in the right side bearing first, then the left side bearing.	
(9)	Front wheel/tire	1/1		

Fork Removal/Installation



CAUTION

 Support the removed caliper with a piece of wire so that it does not hang from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.

NOTE

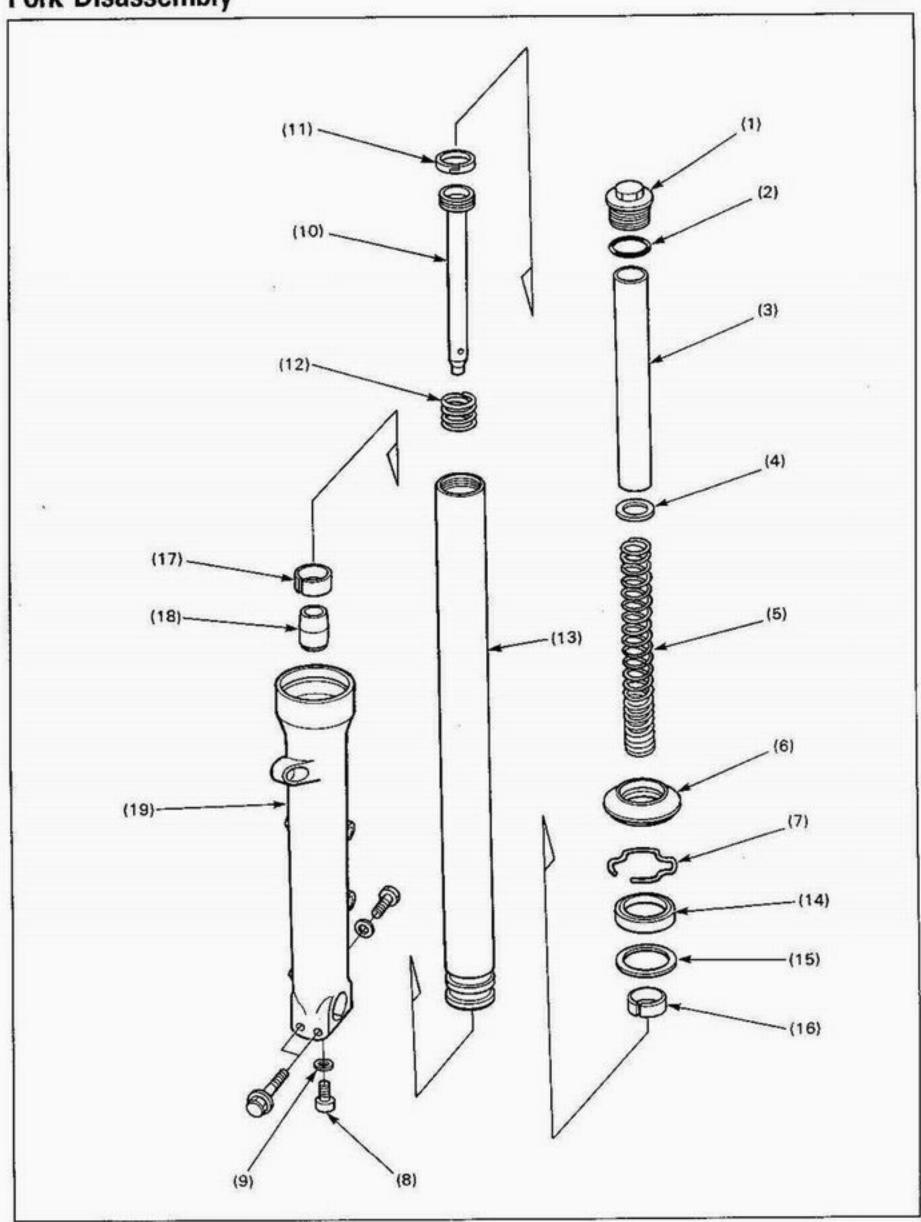
- Do not squeeze the brake lever when the caliper is removed, or it will be difficult to refit the disc between the brake pads.
- · Before removing the fork, loosen the fork cap but do not remove it.

Requisite Service

Front wheel removal/installation (page 10-4)

	Procedure		Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Front fender bolt	4	
(2)	Front fender	1	
(3)	Brake hose clamp	2	
(4)	Caliper bracket bolt	2	
(5)	Caliper assembly	1	
(6)	Horn mounting bolt	1	
(7)	Horn	2 2	
(8)	Meter mounting bolt/washer	2	
(9)	Fork pinch bolt (upper)	2	Only loosen the bolts.
(10)	Fork pinch bolt (lower)	2	Only loosen the bolts.
			If the fork legs were disassembled, temporarily tighten the bottom pinch bolt and tighten the fork cap.
(11)	Fork assembly	2	

Fork Disassembly



A WARNING

· The fork cap is under spring pressure. Use care when removing it and wear face protection.

NOTE

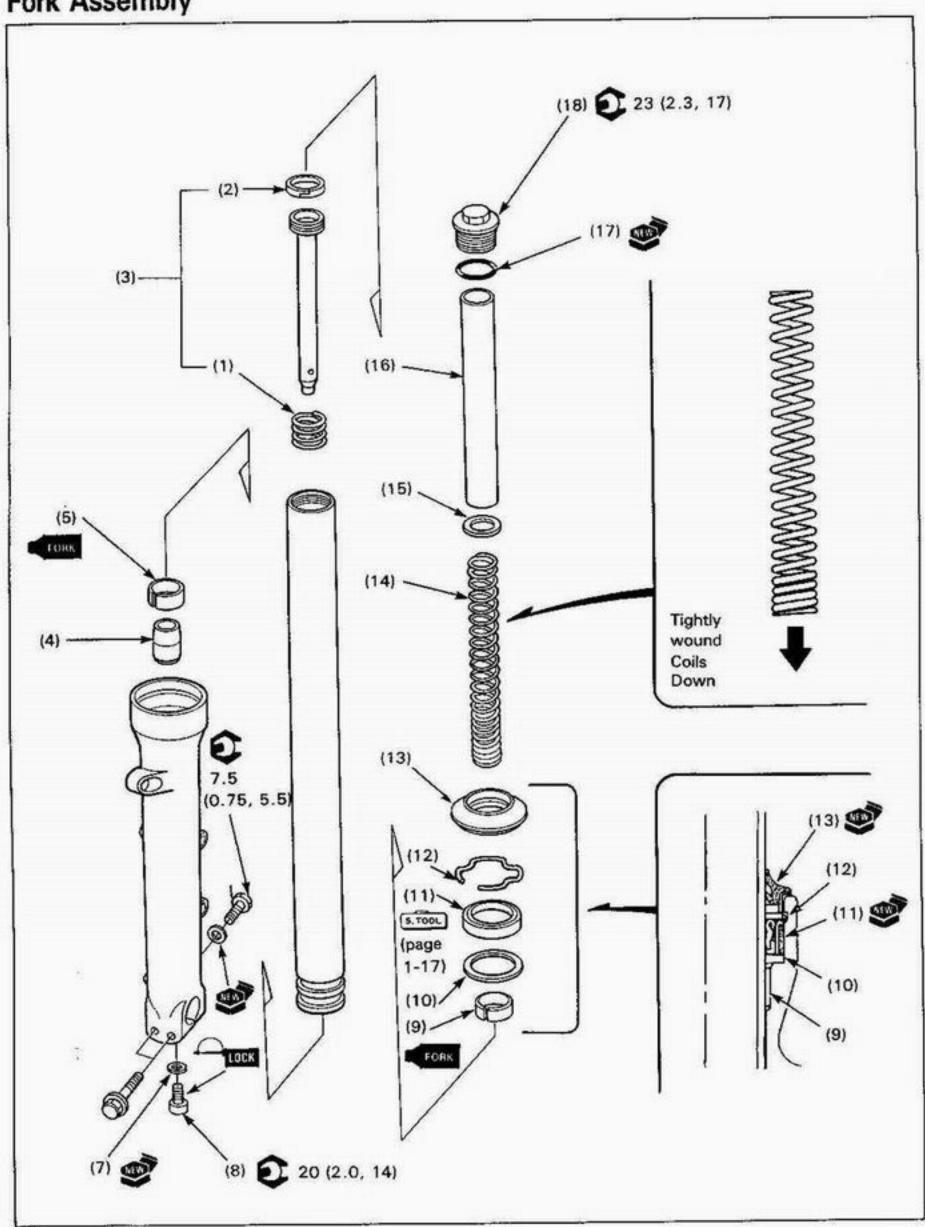
- Temporarily install the fork spring, spacer, and fork cap if the socket bolt turns with the fork piston, during socket bolt removal.
- · Always replace oil seal with new one.

Requisite Service

Fork removal (page 10-8)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
	Disassembly Order		
(1)	Fork cap	1	
(2)	O-ring	1	
(3)	Spacer	1 1	
(4)	Spring seat	1	
(5)	Fork spring	1	After removing, pour out any remaining fork oil.
(6)	Dust seal	, 1 1 –	When removing, do not damage the fork tube.
(7)	Stopper ring	1 –	
(8)	Fork socket bolt	1	
(9)	Sealing washer	1	
(10)	Fork piston	1	
(11)	Fork piston ring	1 1	Do not remove it unless replacement is necessary.
(12)	Rebound spring	1	
(13)	Fork tube	1	
(14)	Oil seal	1	
(15)	Back up ring	1	
	Slider bushing	1	
(17)	Fork tube bushing	1	Do not remove it unless replacement is necessary.
	Oil lock piece	1	
	Fork slider	1	

Fork Assembly



NOTE

- · Always replace the oil seal with a new one.
- · Coat the new oil seal with the recommended fork oil and install it with the mark facing up.
- · After assembling the fork legs, install each fork leg into the lower fork bridge first, then torque the fork cap.

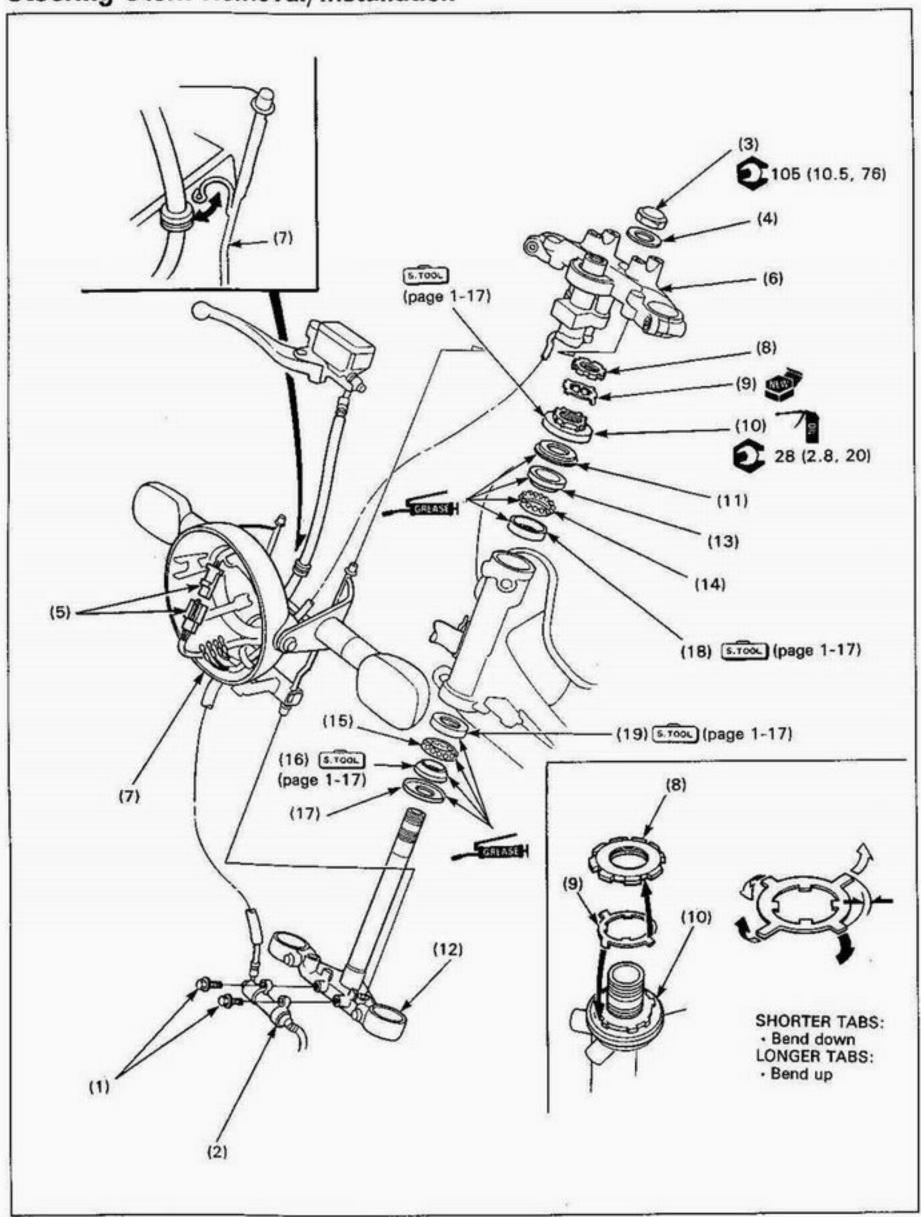
Requiste service

· Fork disassembly (page 10-10)

· Fork installation (page 10-8)

	Procedure	Q*ty	Remarks	
/41	Assembly Order			
(1)	Rebound spring	1	Replace with a new one if it was removed from the piston.	
(2)	Fork piston ring	1 1	Insert into the fork tube.	
(3)	Fork piston assembly	1	Insert onto the piston.	
(4)	Oil lock piece	1 1	Replace with a new one if it was removed from the fork	
(5)	Fork tube bushing	. 1 1	tube.	
(6)	Fork tube	1		
(7)	Sealing washer	1		
(8)	Fork socket bolt	1	If the socket bolt turns together with the fork piston, temporarily install the fork spring, spacer and fork cap, then tighten the socket bolt.	
(9)	Slider bushing	1		
(10)	17 - 17 A 20 A 2	1		
6.000000	Oil seal	1	 Wrap vinyl tape around the fork tube top end to avoid demaging the oil seal during installation. Use fork seal driver (07947-KA50100) and attachment (07947-KF00100) for fork seal installation. 	
(12)	Stopper ring	1		
	Dust seal	1	After installing, compress the fork tube fully and pour the specified amount of fork fluid (page 1-11) into the fork tube.	
(14)	Fork sring	1	Wipe all oil off the spring thoroughly using a clean lint free cloth and install with tightly wound coil end facing down.	
(15)	Spring seat	1		
70.000	Spacer	1	Section for the Color of the Co	
Description	O-ring	1	Apply oil to the new O-ring.	
Contract of the Contract of th	Fork cap	1	CAUTION	
electris.			Be careful not to cross-thread the fork cap. Screw in the cap, but do not tighten yet.	

Steering Stem Removal/Installation



NOTE

- Replace the bearings and races as a set.
- At installaion, apply grease to all bearing surfaces.
- · Check the steering head bearing preload (page 1-11) after torquing the stem nut.

Requisite Service

- Fork removal/installation (page 10-6)
- Handlebar removal/installation (page 10-2)

Meter removal/installation (page 16-5)

	Procedure	Q'ty.	Remarks
	Removal Order		
(1)	Brake hose joint mounting bolt	2	
(2)	Brake hose joint	1	
(3)	Steering stem nut	1	After removing, remove the fork tubes.
(4)	Thrust washer	1	
(5)	Ignition switch connector	1	Disconnect inside the headlight case (page 1-21).
(6)	Top bridge assembly	1 1	
(7)	Headlight/stay assembly	1	Support with a piece of wire so it does not hang from the cable or wire harness.
(8)	Lock nut	1	Remove, after straightening the lock washer tabs.
(9)		1	
1200 1500	Steering head bearing adjustment nut	1	
DOM: NO. 24	Dust seal	1	
0.0000.5	Steering stem	1	
0.0000150	Upper bearing inner race	1	.9 -
ROPASSON.	Upper bearing	1	3.5
550000000	Lower bearing	1	
71/11/11/11/15	Lower bearing inner race	1 1 -	Replace if removed.
	Dust seal	1 1 -	Use race remover attachment (07953-MJ10100) with
5000000	Upper bearing outer race	1 1 -	driver (07953-MJ10200) for upper outer race removal.
0.00	Lower bearing outer race	i -	Use race remover (07946-3710500) for lower outer race removal.
	Installation Order		
(19)	Lower bearing outer race	1 -	Replace as a set, if necessary.
	Upper bearing outer race	1 —	 Use attachment, 52×55 mm (07746-010400) and
	Dust seal	1 -	driver (07749-0010000) for lower outer race installa-
	Lower bearing inner race	1	tion.
	Lower bearing	1 -	 Use attachment, 42×47 mm (07746-0010300) and
	Upper bearing	1 -	driver (07749-0010000) for upper outer race installa-
	Upper bearing inner race	1 -	tion.
79.75			 Use steering stem driver (07946-MB00000) for lower inner race installation.
(12)	Steering stem	1	
(11)	133 4 1 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1	1	The second secon
(10)	Steering head bearing adjustment nut	1 -	Installation: refer to section 18 of the Common Service
(9)	Lock washer	1	Manual (Retainer-Type Ball Bearings).
(8)	Lock nut	1 —	
(7)	Headlight/Stay assembly	1	
(6)	Top bridge assembly	1	
(5)	Ignition switch connector	1	
(4)	Thrust washer	1	
(3)	Steering stem nut	1	Temporarily install fork and torque the nut.
(2)	Brake hose joint	1	
(1)	Brake hose joint mounting bolt	2	1

	MEMO		
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			*

11. Rear Wheel/Suspension

Service Information	11-1	Shock Absorber Removal/Installation	11-6
Troubleshooting	11-1	Shock Absorber Disassembly/Assembly	11-7
Rear Wheel Removal/Installation	11-2	Swingarm Removal/Installation	11-10
Rear Wheel Disassembly/Assembly	11-4	Swingarm Disassembly/Assembly	11-11

Service Information

AWARNING

- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- · Tubeless tire removal, repair, and remounting procedures are covered in section 16 of the Common Service Manual.
- · For rear wheel, shock absorber or swingarm removal, a hoist or other support is required to support the motorcycle.
- Refer to section 12 for brake system information.

Troubleshooting

Soft Suspension

- Weak spring
- Oil leakage from damper unit
- Incorrect suspension adjustment
- · Low tire pressure

Hard Suspension

- Incorrect suspension adjustment
- Bent swingarm pivot
- Damaged swingarm pivot bearings
- · Bent damper rod
- High tire pressure

Steers To One Side Or Does Not Track Straight

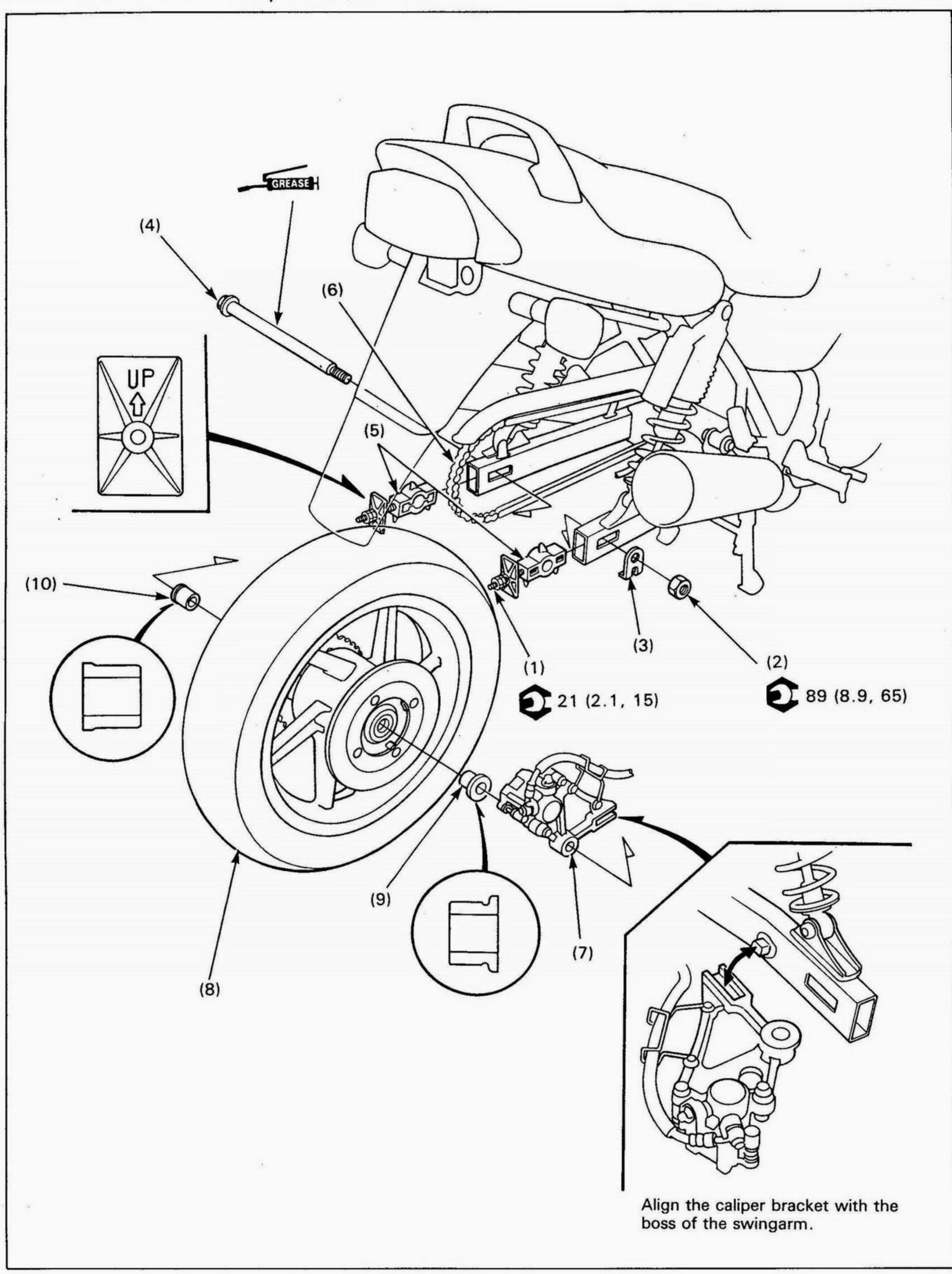
- Bent rear axle
- Axle alignment/chain adjustment not equal on both sides

Rear Wheel Wobbling

- · Bent rim
- Worn rear wheel bearings
- · Faulty tire
- Unbalanced tire and wheel
- Low tire pressure
- Faulty swingarm pivot bearings

11

Rear Whel Removal/Installation



AWARNING

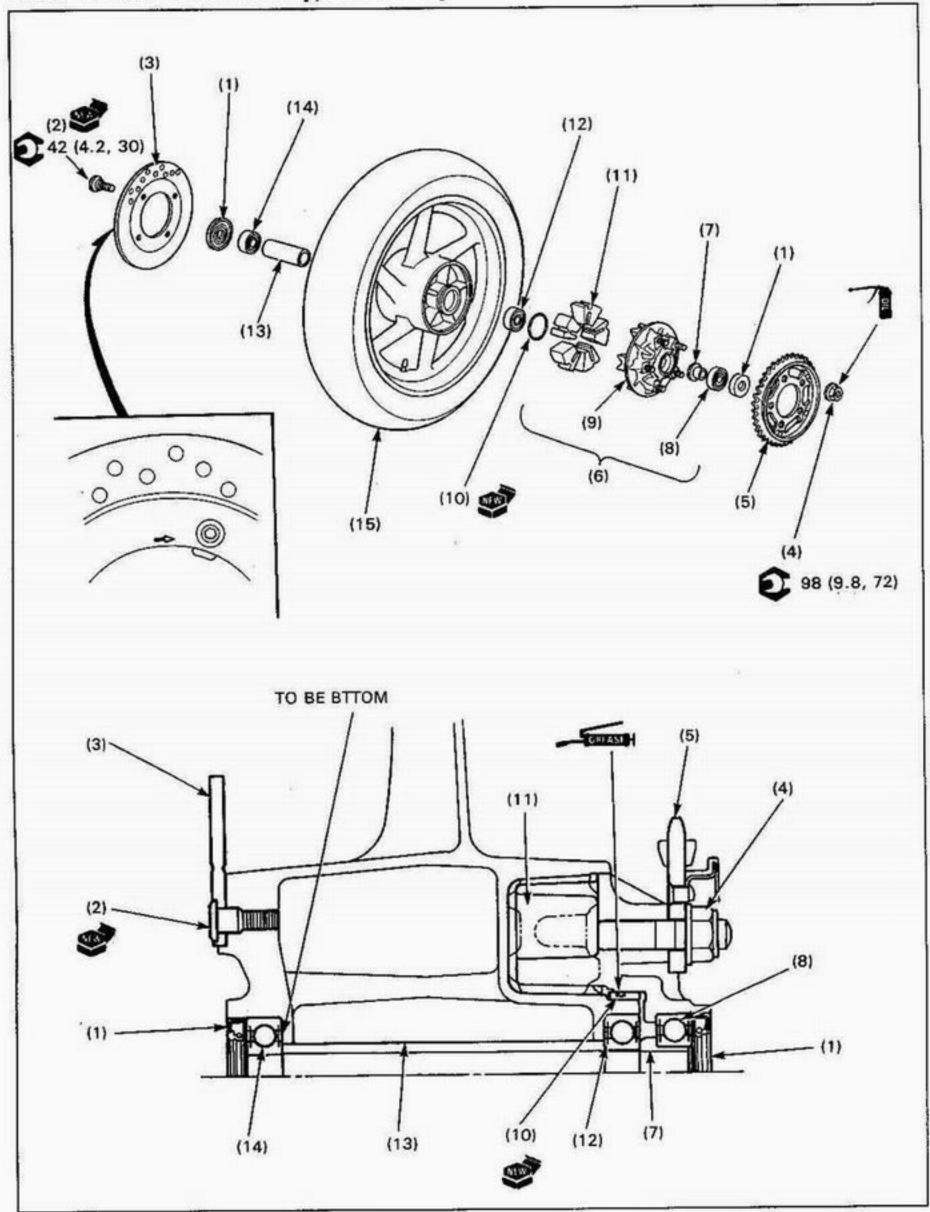
 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

NOTE

- For rear wheel removal, a hoist or other support is required to support the motorcycle.
- · Adjust the drive chain slack after installing the wheel.

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	Removal Order Lock nut/drive chain adjusting nut Rear axle nut Washer Rear axle Drive chain adjuster Drive chain	2/2 1 1 1 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Loosen them fully. Move the rear wheel forward, and derail the drive chain from	
(7) (8) (9) (10)	Rear brake caliper assembly Rear wheel assembly Right side collar Left side collar	1 1 1	the driven sprocket.	

Rear Wheel Diassembly/Assembly



AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

NOTE

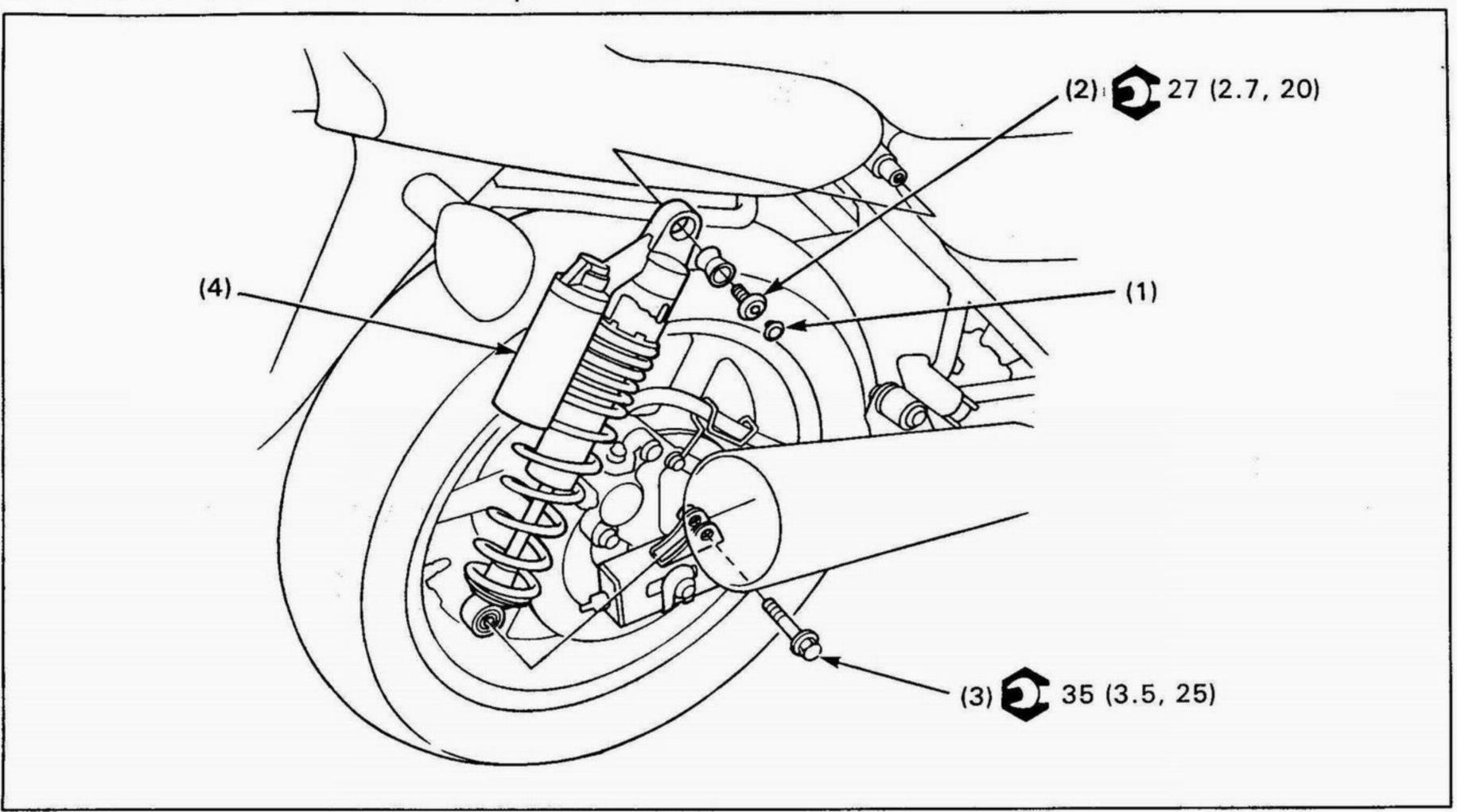
- · For driven sprocket removal, loosen the sprocket nuts with the driven flange installed into the wheel hub.
- Replace wheel bearings as a set.
- For wheel bearing replacement, refer to section 1 of the Common Service Manual.

Requisite Service

· Rear wheel removal/installation (page 11-2)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
(1) (2) (3)	Disassembly Order Dust seal Brake disc mounting bolt Brake disc	2 4 1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly At assembly, apply grease to the dust seal lips. At assembly, install the "	
(4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	Driven sprocket nut Driven sprocket Driven flange assembly Driven flange collar Driven flange bearing (6204 UU) Driven flange	5 1 1 1 1		
(10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	Rear wheel damper Left wheel bearing (6303 UU)	1 5 1 1 1	Drive in the right side bearing first, then the left side bearing.	

Shock Absorber Removal/Installation

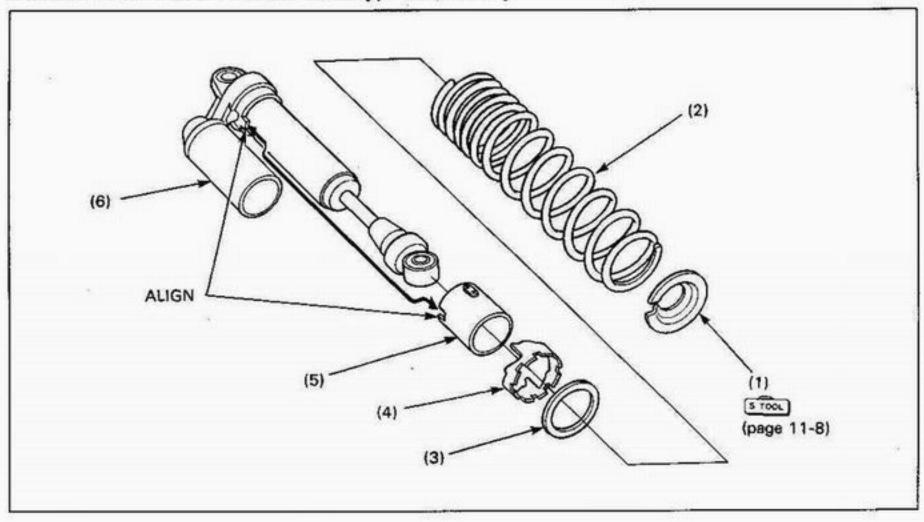


NOTE

- Put the motorcycle on its center stand.
- · Adjust the shock absorber to the softest position for disassembly.

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Сар	1	
(2)	Shock absorber mounting bolt (upper)	1	
(3)	Shock absorber mounting bolt (lower)	1	
(4)	Shock absorber assembly	1 1	

Shock Absorber Disassembly/Assembly



Requisite Service

Shock absorber removal/installation (page 11-6)

Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Disassembly Order Lower seat Spring Upper seat Preload adjuster Preload adjuster guide Damper unit assembly	1 1 1 1 1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. See page 11-8. Install with tightly wound end facing up.

Spring, Lower Seat Removal/Installation

Install the shock absorber compressor and attachment on the shock absorber.

NOTE

 Install the compressor securely against the spring and tighten the nut securely.



Shock absorber compressor Compressor attachment Compressor attachment 07GME-0010000 07959-MB10000 07967-KC10100 (1) S. TOOL ATTACHMENT

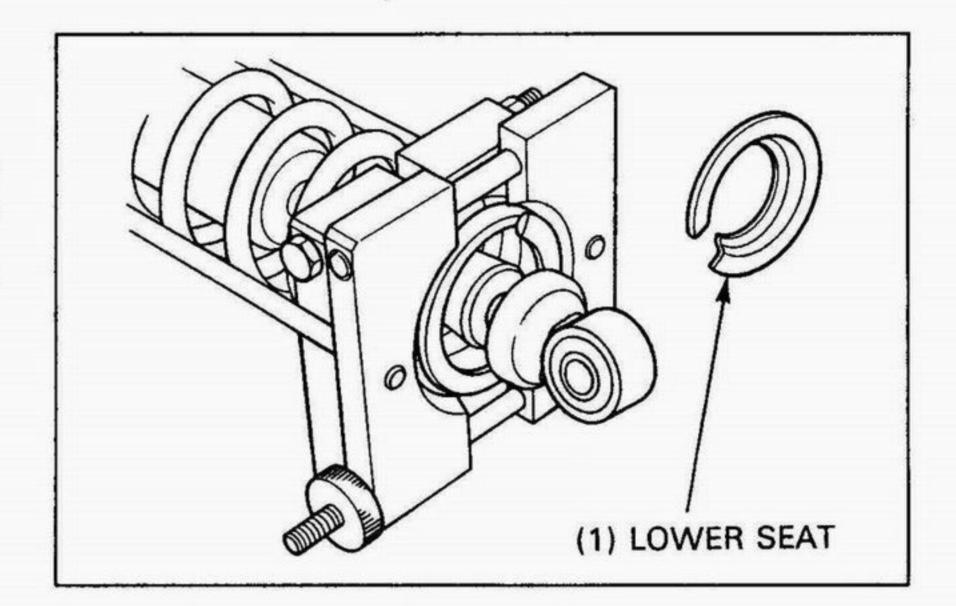
(2) S. TOOL COMPRESSOR

Compress the shock spring and remove the lower seat.

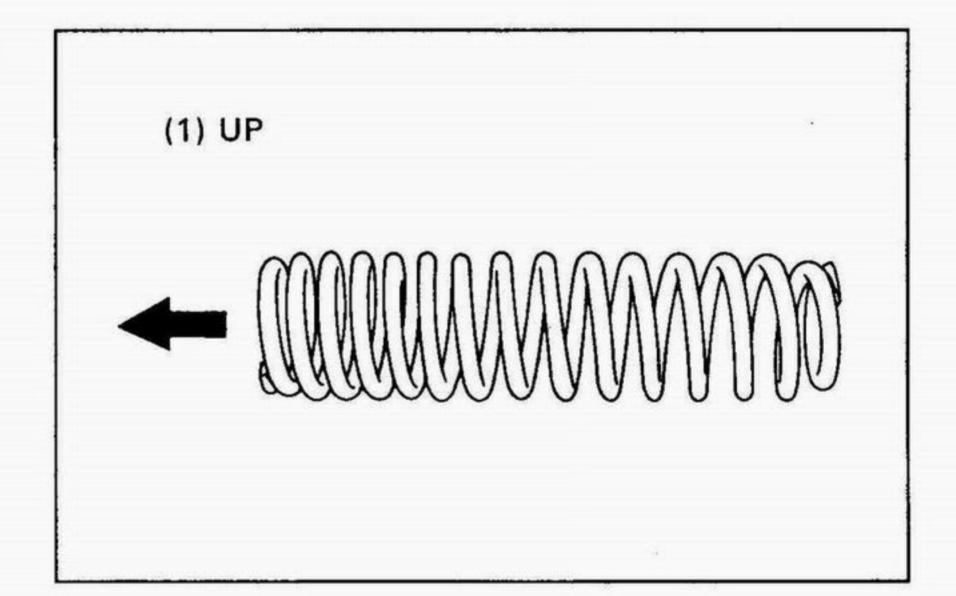
CAUTION

· Do not compress the spring more than nesessary.

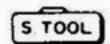
Loosen the shock absorber compressor slowly and remove the shock absorber and attachment. Remove the shock absorber spring.



Install the shock absorber spring with tightly wound coil end facing up.



Install the special tools and compress the shock spring. Install the lower seat securely.

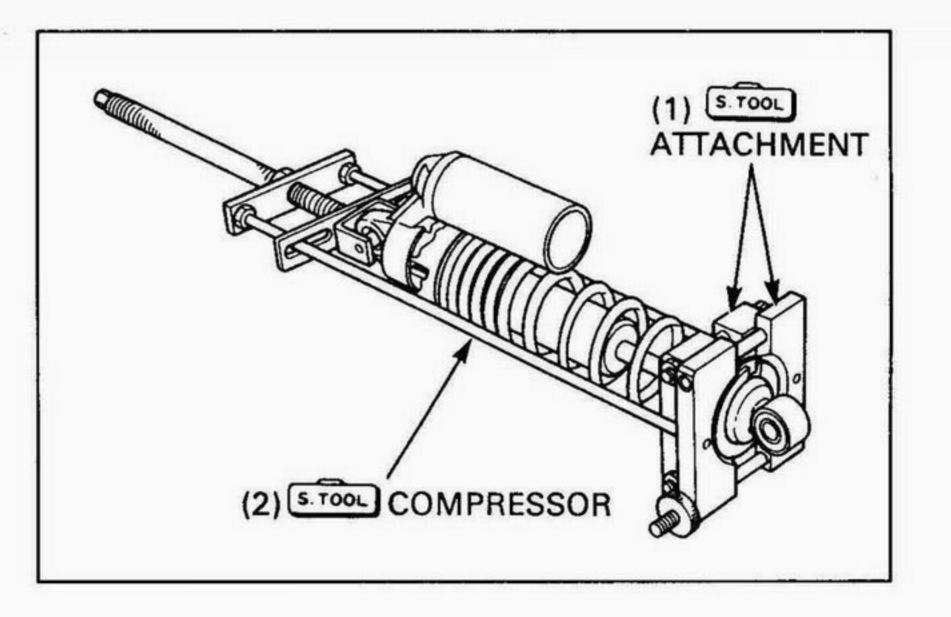


Shock absorber compressor Compressor attachment Compressor attachment 07GME-0010000 07959-MB10000 07967-KC10100

NOTE

 Install the compressor securely against the spring and tighten the nut securely.

Loosen the shock asorber compressor slowly and remove the shock absorber and attachment.



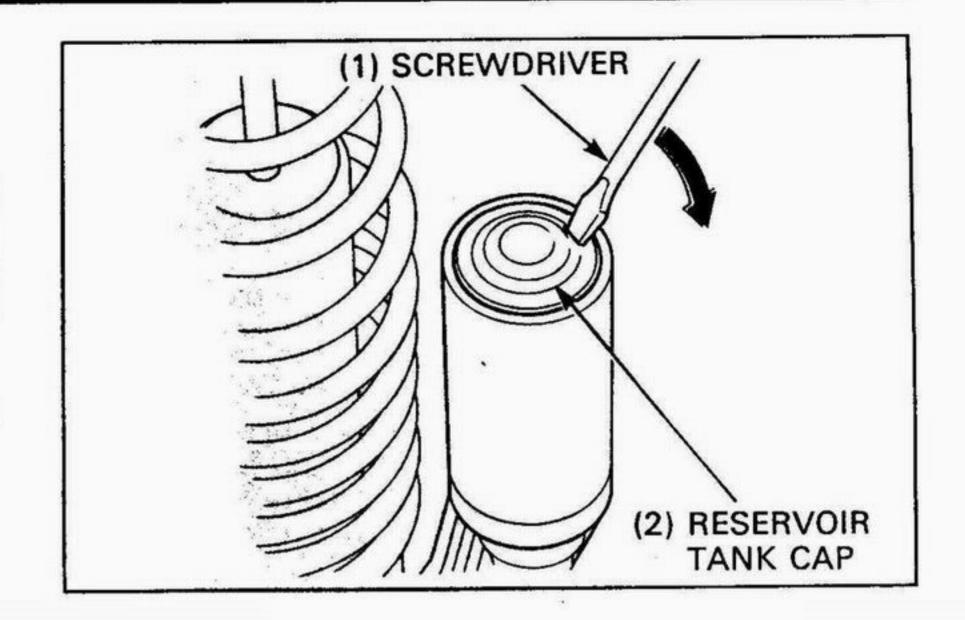
Shock Absorber Disposal Procedure

AWARNING

 Failure to release the pressure from a shock absorber before disposing of it may lead to a possible explosion and serious injury if it is heated or pierced.

Support the shock absorber upper mount in a vise.

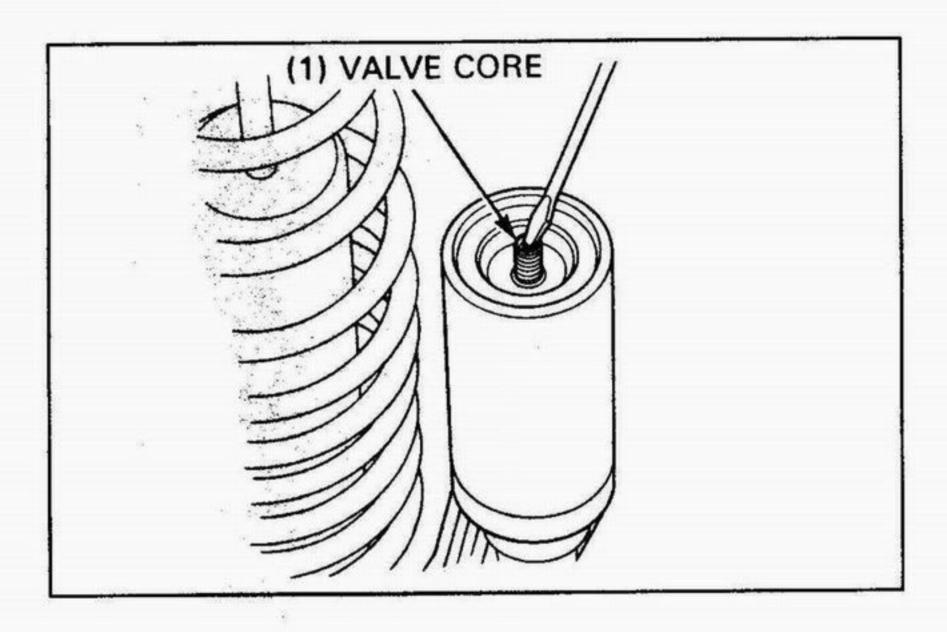
Break and remove the reservoir tank cap with screwdriver as shown.



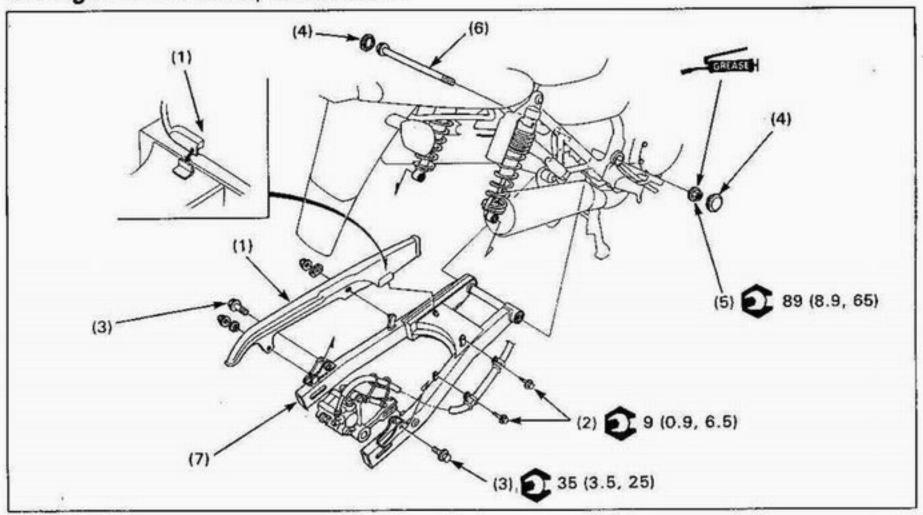
Depress the valve core to release the nitrogen from the reservoir and then remove the valve.

AWARNING

Point the valve away to prevent debris getting in your eyes.



Swingarm Removal/Installation



CAUTION

 Support the removed caliper with a piece of wire so that it does not hang from the brake hose. Do not twist the brake hose.

NOTE

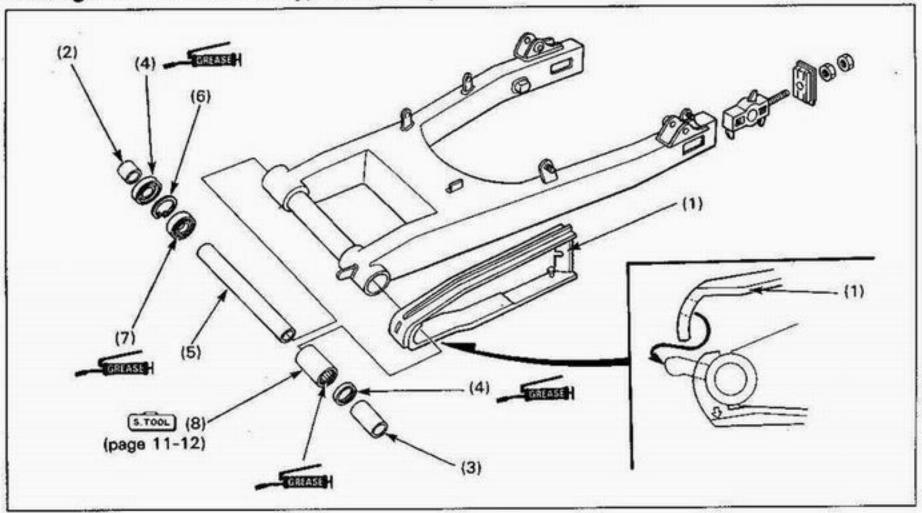
- · Put the motorcycle on its center stand.
- · Do not depress the pedal when the caliper is removed, or it will be difficult to refit the disc between the brake pads.

Requisite Service

Rear wheel removal/installation (page 11-2)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Drive chain cover	1		
(2)	Brake hose mounting bolt	2		
(3)	Shock absorber lower mounting bolt	2		
(4)	Cap	2		
(5)	Swingarm pivot nut	1		
(6)	Swingarm pivot bolt	1		
(7)	Swingarm assembly	1	At installation, pass the drive chain over the swingarm.	

Swingarm Disassembly/Assembly



NOTE

· For pivot bearing replacement, see next page.

Requisite Service

Swingarm removal/installation (page 11-9)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
D	isassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.	
(1) D	rive chain slider	1	Install the drive chain slider as shown.	
(2) R	ight pivot collar	1		
(3) Le	eft pivot collar	1		
(4) D	ust seal	2	Apply grease to the lip.	
(5) D	istance collar	1		
(6) S	nap ring	1 1	Install into the groove securely.	
(7) B	all bearing	1		
(8) N	eedle bearing	1		
60000	7 Table 2011	-54		

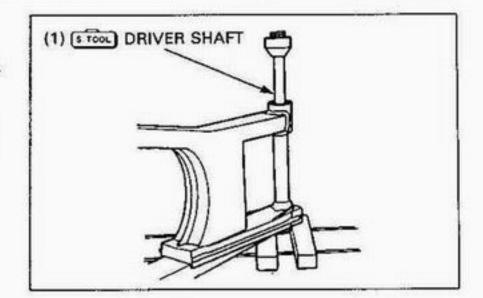
Swingarm Pivot Bearing Replacement

Press the right pivot bearing (ball bearing) out of swingarm.

S. TOOL

Driver shaft Driver

07946-MJ00100 or 07949-3710001

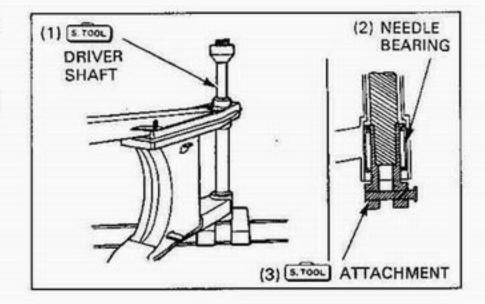


Set the needle bearing remover onto the left pivot bearing (needle bearing) as shown.

S. TOOL

Needle bearing remover attachment 07GMD-KT70200 **Driver shaft**

07946-MJ00100



Press the needle bearing into the swingarm with the marked side facing out.

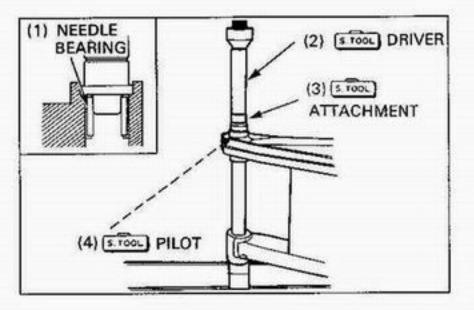
NOTE

· The bearing surface should be flush with the pivot inside surface as shown.

S. TOOL

Driver Attachment, 28×30 mm Pilot, 22 mm

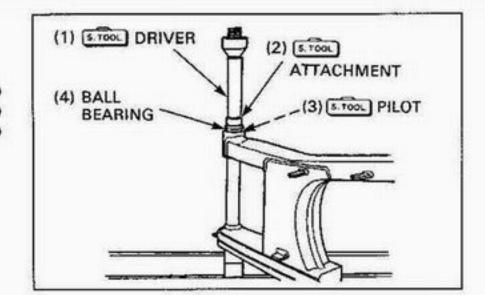
07749-0010000 07946-1870100 07746-0041000



Press the ball bearing in until it bottoms in the swingarm.

S. TOOL

Driver 07749-0010000 Attachment, 32×35 mm 07746-0010100 Pilot, 15 mm 07746-0040300



12

12. Brake System

Service Information	12-1	Rear Master Cylinder Disassembly/Assembly	12-7
Troubleshooting	12-1	Front Brake Caliper Removal/Installation	12-8
Front Brake Pad Replacement	12-2	Front Brake Caliper Disassembly/Assembly	12-9
Rear Brake Pad Replacement	12-3	Rear Brake Caliper Removal/Installation	12-10
Front Master Cylinder Removal/Installation	12-4	Rear Brake Caliper Disassembly/Assembly	12-11
Front Master Cylinder Disassembly/Assembly	12-5	Front Brake Hose Replacement	12-12
Rear Master Cylinder Removal/Installation	12-6	Brake Pedal Removal/Installation	12-14

Service Information

AWARNING

- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- · Once the hydraulic system has been opened, or if the brakes feel spongy, the system must be bled.
- Never allow contaminants (dirt, water, etc) to get into an open reservoir.
- Avoid spilling brake fluid on painted, plastic or rubber parts. Place a rag or shop towel over these parts whenever the system is serviced.
- Always use fresh DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container when servicing the system. Do not mix different types of fluid
 as they may not be compatible.
- · Always check the brake operation before riding the motorcycle.

Troubleshooting

Front Brake:

Brake Lever/Pedal Soft Or Spongy

- · Air bubbles in the hydraulic system
- · Leaking hydraulic system
- Contaminated brake pad/disc
- Worn caliper piston seal
- Worn master cylinder piston seal
- · Worn brake pad/disc
- Contaminated caliper
- Caliper not sliding properly
- · Low fluid level
- Clogged fluid passage
- Warped/deformed brake disc
- Sticking/worn caliper piston
- · Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Contaminated master cylinder

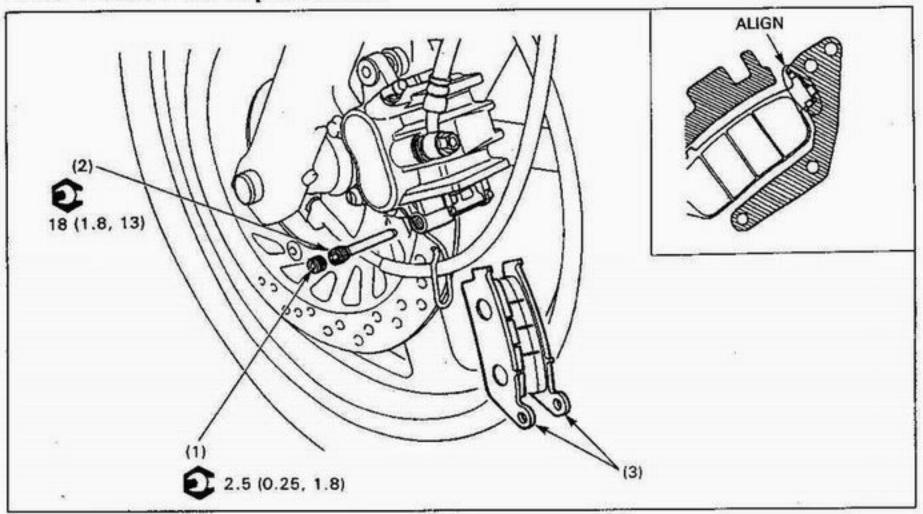
Brake Lever/Pedal Hard

- Clogged/restricted brake system
- Sticking/worn caliper piston
- Caliper not sliding properly
- · Clogged/resticted fluid passage
- Worn caliper piston seal
- · Sticking/worn master cylinder piston
- · Bent brake lever/pedal

Brakes Drag

- Contaminated brake pad/disc
- Misaligned wheel
- Worn brake pad/disc
- Warped/deformed brake disc
- Caliper not sliding properly

Front Brake Pad Replacement



AWARNING

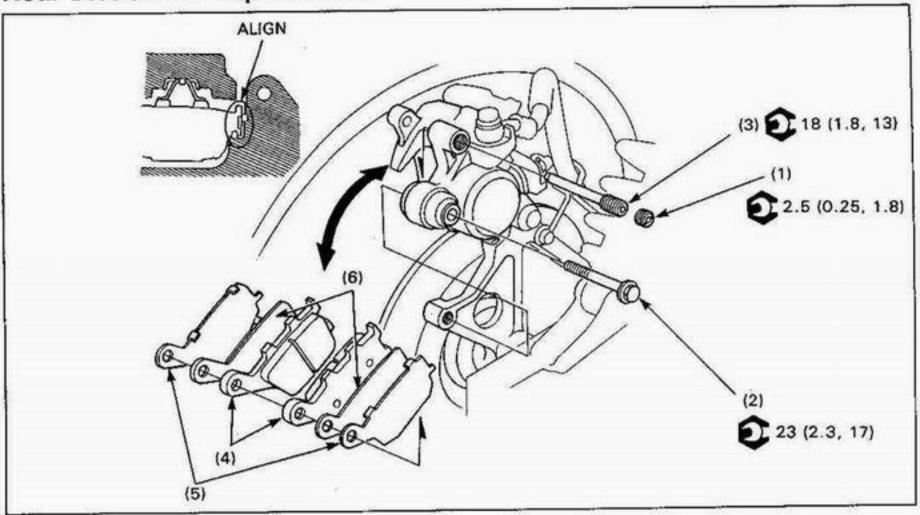
 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

NOTE

- · Pushing the caliper against the disc, push the caliper pistons all the way in to allow the installation of new pads.
- Do not squeeze the brake lever when the brake pads are removed, or it will be difficult to refit the disc between the brake pads.
- Replace brake pads as a set.
- · Apply a thin coating of sillicone grease onto the pad pin as a rust preventative.
- · After replacement, operate the brake lever to seat the caliper pistons against the pads.

	Procedure	Cty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Pad pin plug	1 2	to and the sale working the made against the and and a
	Pad pin	1	Insert the pin, pushing the pads against the pad spring.
(3)	Brake pad	2	Align the pad lug with the pad retainer as shown.

Rear Brake Pad Replacement



AWARNING

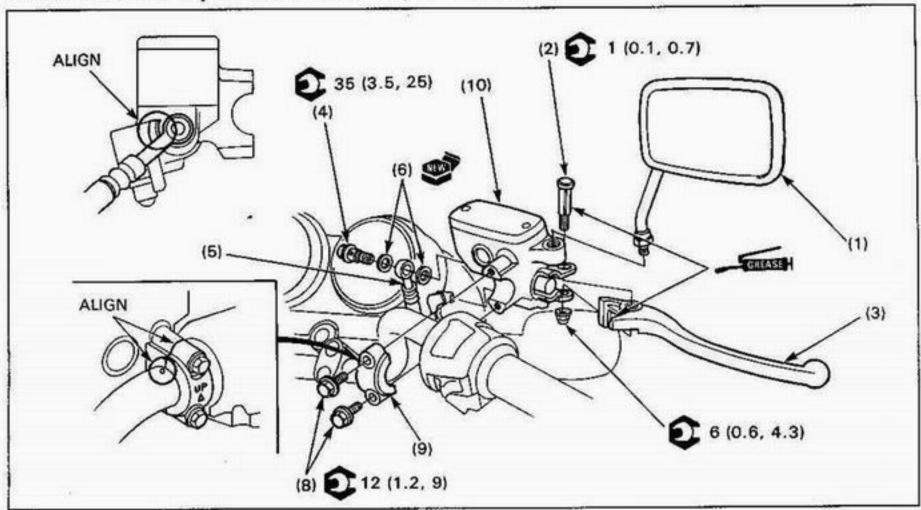
 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power, Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

NOTE

- · Pushing the caliper against the disc, push the caliper pistons all the way in to allow the installation of new pads.
- Do not operate the brake pedal when the caliper is removed, or it will be difficult to refit the disc between the brake pads.
- Replace brake pads as a set.
- · Apply a thin coating of silicone grease onto the pad pin as a rust preventative.
- · After replacement, operate the brake pedal to seat the caliper pistons against the pads.

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
(1) (2)	Removal Order Pad pin plug Rear caliper bracket bolt	1 1	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. After removing the pad pin plug, loosen the pad pin. At installation, install the caliper onto the brake disc so the disc is positioned between the pads, and tighten the mounting bolt.	
(3)	Pad pin	1		
(4)	Brake pad	2	Position the pad onto the pad retainer in the caliper as shown.	
(5)	Brake pad shim	2		
(6)	Brake pad insulator	2		

Front Master Cylinder Removal/Installation



CAUTION

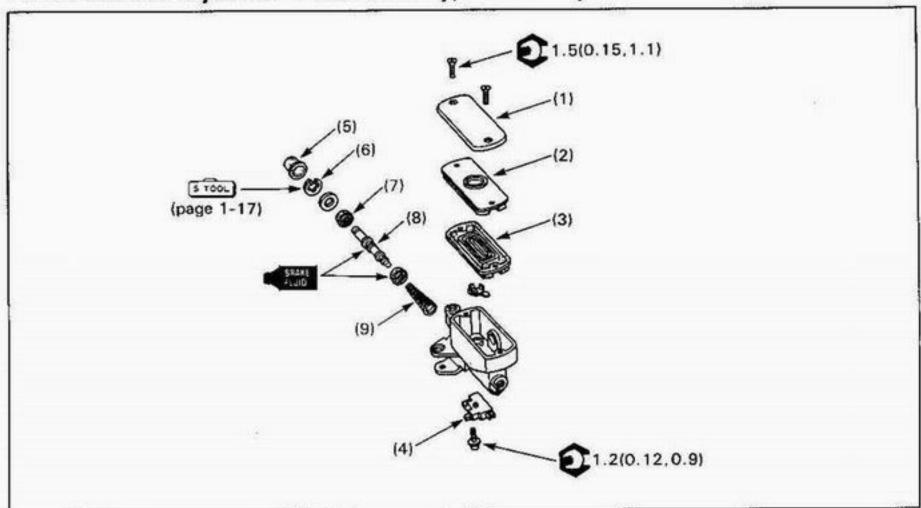
 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

 Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure		Qty	Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Right rearview mirror	1		
(2)	Brake lever pivot bolt	1		
(3)	Brake lever	1		
(4)	Brake hose bolt	1		
(5)	Brake hose	1	At installation, press the hose end against the stopper while tightening the hose bolt.	
(6)	Sealing washer	2		
(7)	Front brake light switch connector	2		
(8)	Master cylinder holder bolt	2	Tighten the upper bolt first, then the lower bolt.	
(9)	Master cylinder holder	1	Face the "UP" mark upward.	
(10)	[MANGOOM MANGOOM MANG	1	Align the holder end with the punch mark on the handlebar	

Front Master Cylinder Disassembly/Assembly



CAUTION

 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

NOTE

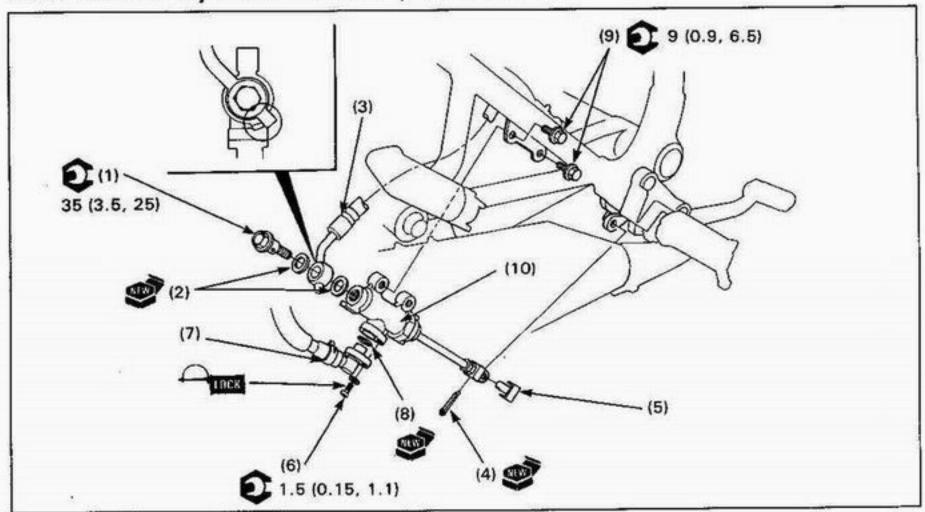
- · Replace the master piston, spring, cups, stopper plate, snap ring and boot as a set.
- The master piston, cups and spring must be installed as a set.

Requisite Service

- Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)
- Front master cylinder removal/installation (page 12-4)

	Procedure	Qty	Remarks
(1)	Disassembly Order Reservoir cover	1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(2)	Diaphragm plate	1	
(3)	Diaphragm	1	
(4)	Front brake light switch	1	
(5)	Boot	1	Language second
(6)	Snap ring	1	CAUTION Be certain the snap ring is fully seated in the groove
(7)	Stopper plate	1	
(8)	Master piston assembly	1	
(9)	Spring	1 1	Install it with its small coil end toward the piston.

Rear Master Cylinder Removal/Installation



CAUTION

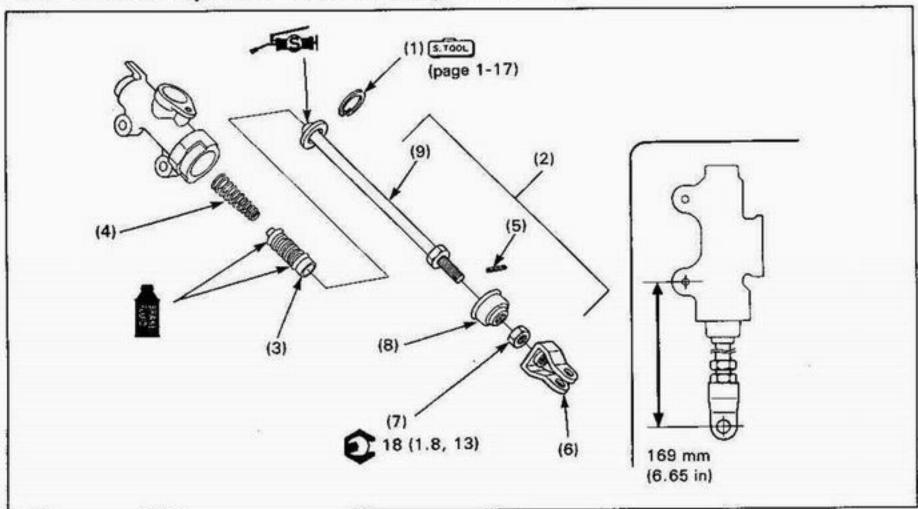
 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks
00000	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Brake hose bolt	1	
(2)	Sealing washer	2	
(3)	Brake hose	1	
(4)	Cotter pin	1	
(5)	Joint pin	1	
(6)	Screw	1	
(7)	Reservoir hose joint	1	
(8)	O-ring	1	
(9)	Rear master cylinder mounting bolt	2	
(10)	1. To	1	
2000		100	

Rear Master Cylinder Disassembly/Assembly



CAUTION

 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

NOTE

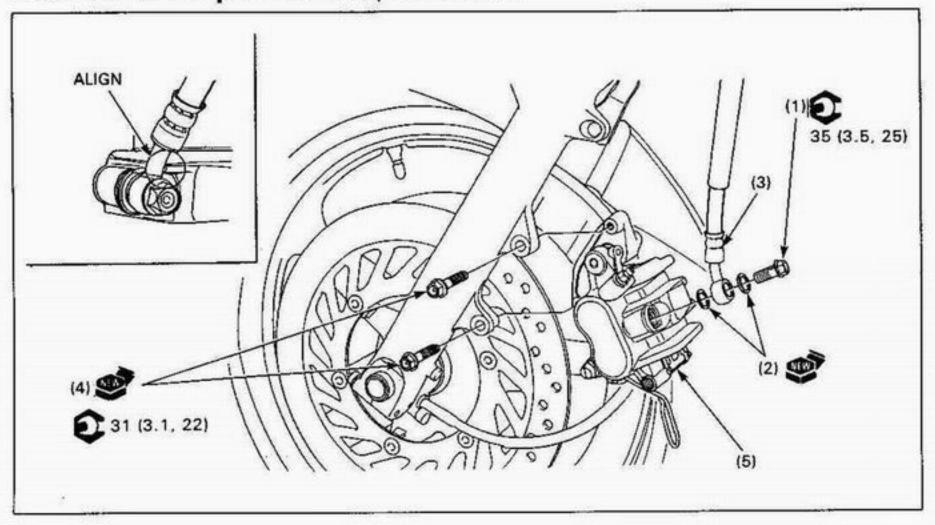
- · Replace the master piston, spring, cups, snap ring and boot as a set.
- · The master piston, cups and spring must be installed as a set.

Requisite Service

- Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)
- Rear master cylinder removal/installation (page 12-6)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1)	Disassembly Order Snap ring	. 1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. CAUTION Be certain the snap ring is fully seated in the groove. Install the snap ring with the chamfered side facing the master piston.
(2)	Push rod assembly	1	
(3)	Master piston assembly	1	
(4)	Spring	1	Install the spring with the tapered side facing the master piston.
(5)	Spring pin	1	
(6)	Push rod joint	1	
(7)	Lock nut	1	
(8)	Rubber boot	1	
(9)	Push rod	1	

Front Brake Caliper Removal/Installation



AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

CAUTION

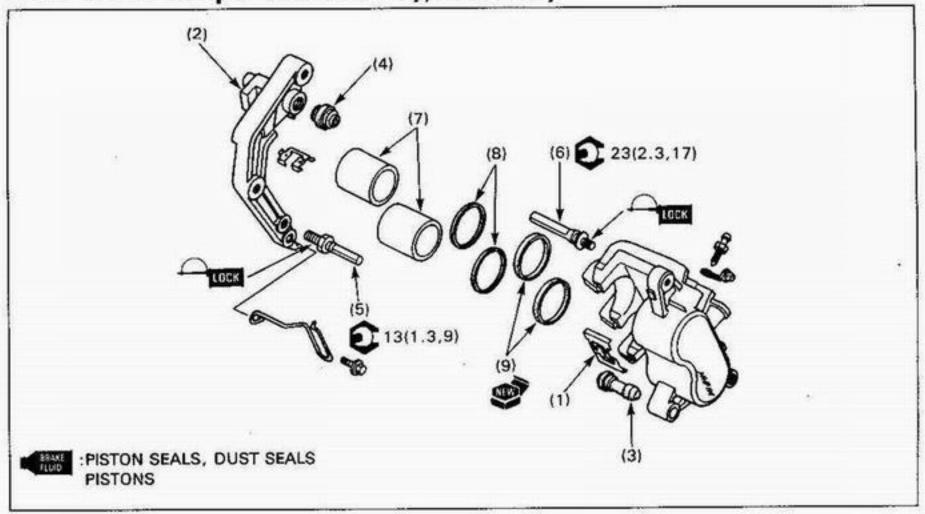
 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

- Brake pad removal/installation (page 12-2).
- · Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Brake hose bolt	1	The state of the s
(2)	Sealing washer	2	
(3)	Brake hose	1	At installation, press the hose end against the stopper while tightening the hose bolt.
(4)	Caliper bracket bolt	2	Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Care
(5)	Front brake caliper assembly	1	

Front Brake Caliper Disassembly/Assembly



AWARNING

 A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.

CAUTION

 Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

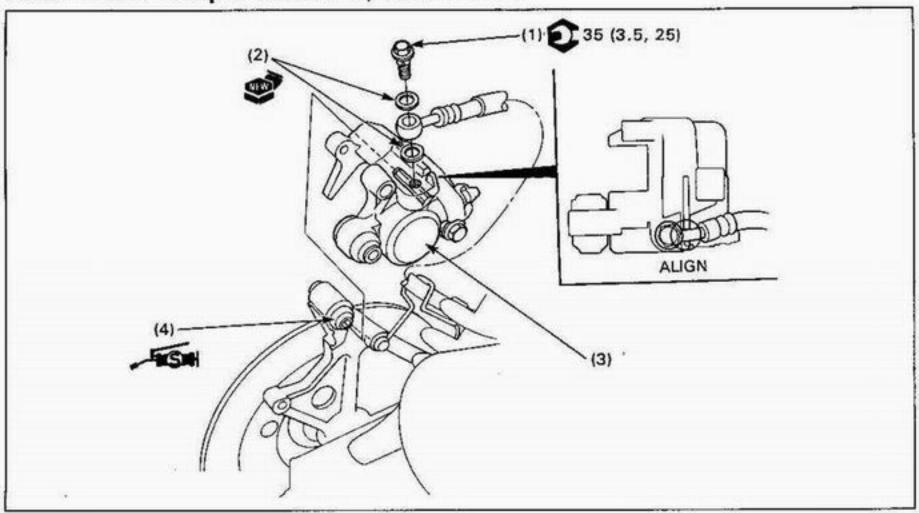
Requisite Service

Brake pad removal/installation (page 12-2)
 Front brake caliper removal/installation (page 12-8)

Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Disassembly Order (1) Pad spring (2) Caliper bracket (3) Bracket pin bolt boot (4) Caliper pin bolt boot (5) Bracket pin bolt (6) Caliper pin bolt (7) Caliper piston (8) Dust seal (9) Piston seal	1 1 1 1 1 — 1 — 2 2 — 2 —	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. Note the spring direction as shown. Install into the bracket groove securely. Apply a locking agent to the threads before torquing. Apply silicone grease to the pin. Install them with the concaved side away from the pads. CAUTION Be careful not to damage the piston sliding surface when removing seals.

Rear Brake Caliper Removal/Installation



CAUTION

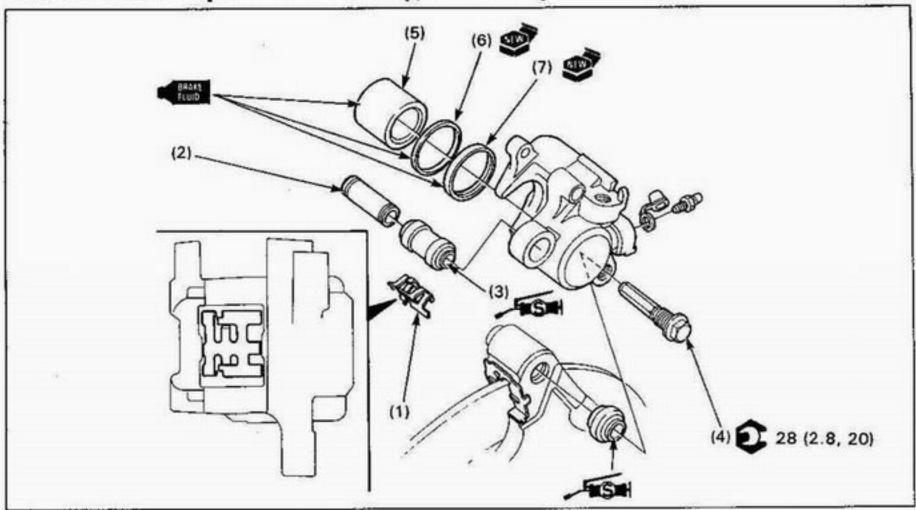
- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

- Brake pad removal/installation (page 12-3).
- Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure		Qty	Remarks	
Removal Order	***		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1) Brake hose bolt		1		
(2) Sealing washer		2		
(3) Rear brake caliper a	ssembly	1		
(4) Rubber boot		1	Install the boot into the bracket groove securely.	

Rear Brake Caliper Disassembly/Assembly



CAUTION

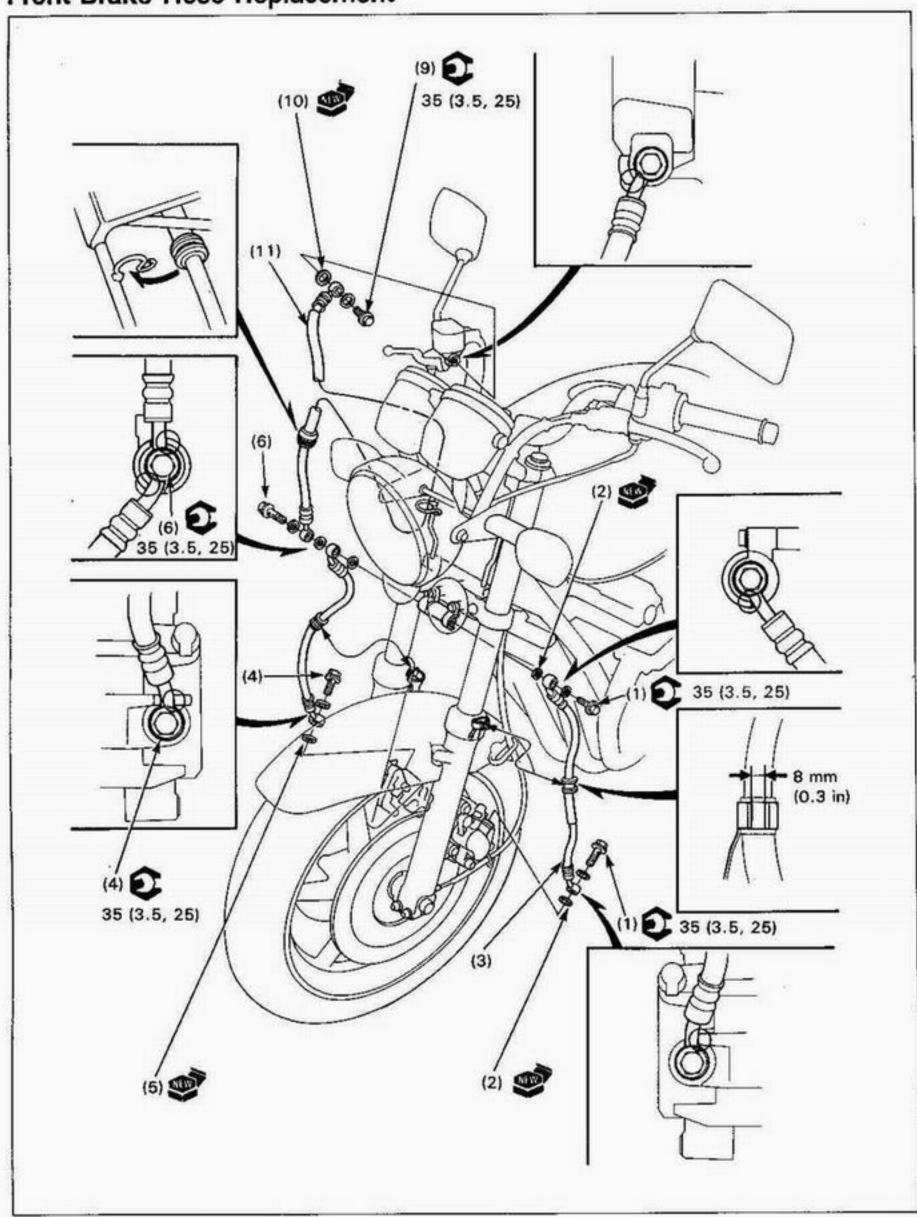
- A contaminated brake disc or pad reduces stopping power. Discard contaminated pads and clean a contaminated disc with a high quality brake degreasing agent.
- Spilled brake fluid will damage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

- Brake pad removal/installation (page 12-3)
 Rear brake caliper removal/installation (page 12-10)
- Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of the Common Service Manual)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.	
(1)	Pad spring *	1		
(2)	Pivot collar	1		
(3)	Pivot boot	1	The second secon	
(4)	Caliper pin bolt	1	Apply a locking agent to the threads and torque it. Apply silicone grease to the sliding surface of the pin.	
(5)	Caliper piston	1	Install the piston with the opening toward the pads.	
(6)	Dust seal	1 -	- CAUTION	
(7)	Piston seal	1 -	Be careful not to damage the piston sliding surface when removing the seals.	

Front Brake Hose Replacement



CAUTION

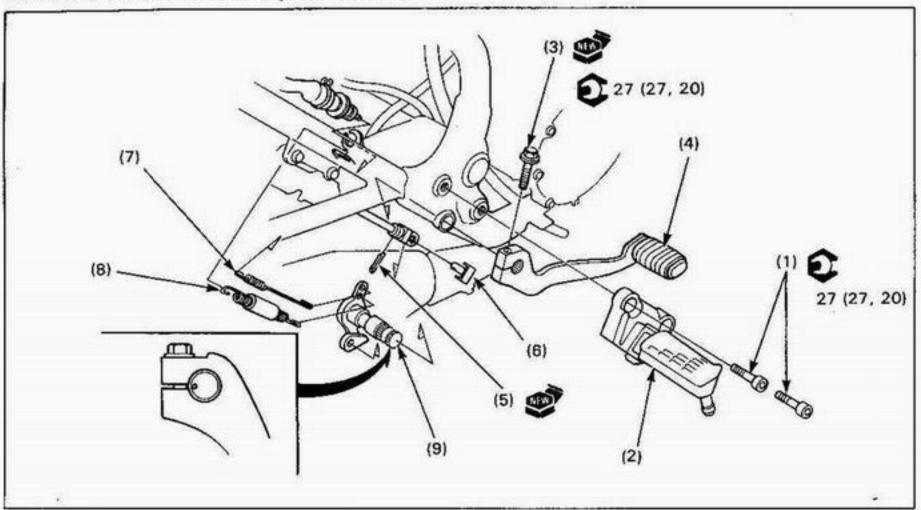
 Spilled brake fluid will demage painted, plastic or rubber parts. Cover these parts when servicing the brake system.

Requisite Service

Brake fluid replacement/air bleeding (section 17 of Common Service Manual)

	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
(1)	Removal Order Brake hose bolt	2	Install is in the reverse order of removal. At installation, press the hose end ageinst the stopper while tightening the hose bolt.
(2)	Sealing washer	4	
(3)	Left brake hose	1	
(4)	Brake hose bolt	1	At installation, press the hose end against the stopper while tightening the hose bolt.
(5)	Sealing washer	2	
(6)	Brake hose bolt	1	At installation, press the hose end against the stoppe while tightening the hose bolt.
(7)	Sealing washer	3	
(8)	Right brake hose	1	
(9)	Brake hose bolt	1	At installation, press the hose end against the stopper while tightening the hose bolt.
(10)	Sealing washer	2	
(11)	Brake hose	1	

Brake Pedal Removal/Installation



	Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Н	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Right footpeg mounting bolt	2	
(2)	Right footpeg	1	
(3)	Brake pedal pinch bolt	1	
(4)	Brake pedal	1	Align the punch mark on the shaft with the brake pedal slot.
(5)	Cotter pin	1	
(6)	Joint pin	1	
(7)	Brake switch spring	1	
(8)	Brake pedal return spring	1	
(9)	Brake finkage	1	Apply clean grease to the sliding surface of the shaft.

13

13. Charging System/Alternator

Service Information	13-1	Charging System Inspection	13-5
System Location	13-2	Regulator/Rectifier	13-6
Troubleshooting	13-3	Alternator	13-7
Battery Removal/Installation	13-4	Alternator Removal/Installation	13-8

Service Information

AWARNING

- The battery gives off explosive gases; keep sparks, flames, and cigarettes away. Provide adequate ventilation
 when charging or using the battery in an enclosed space.
- The battery contains sulfuric acid (electrolyte). Contact with skin or eyes may cause severe burns. Wear
 protective clothing and a face shield.
 - If electrolyte gets on your skin, flush with water.
 - If electrolyte gets in your eyes, flush with water for at least 15 minutes and call a physician immediately.
- Electrolyte is poisonous, If swallowed, drink large quantities of water or milk and follow with milk of magnesia
 or vegetable oil and call a physician.
- · KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- · For alternator shaft assembly removal/installation, refer to section 9.
- · Always turn off the ignition switch before disconnecting any electrical component.

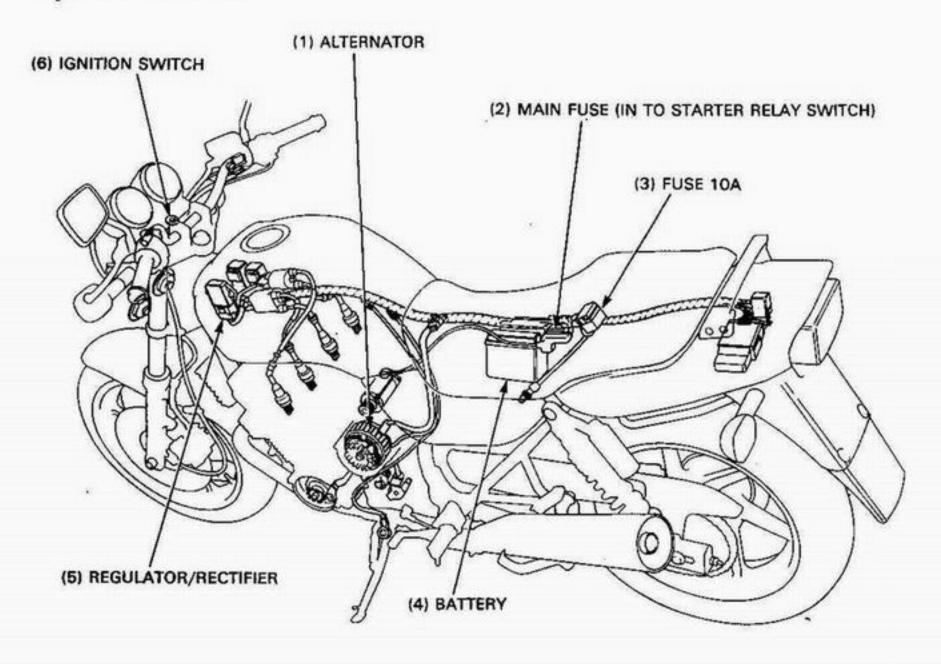
CAUTION

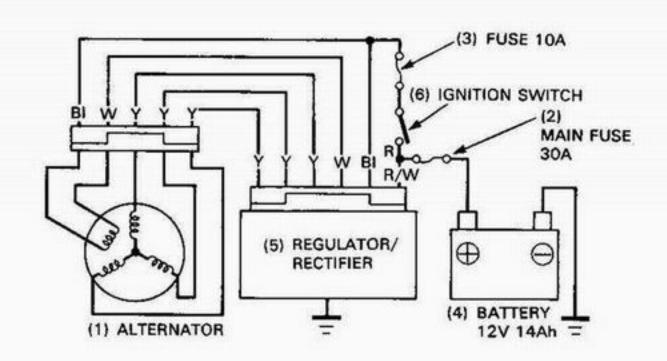
- Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the
 ignition switch is ON and current is present.
- For extended storage, remove the battery, give it a full charge, and store it in a cool, dry space. For maximum service
 life, charge the stored battery every two weeks.
- · For a battery remaining in a stored motorcycle, disconnect the negative battery cable from the battery terminal.

NOTE

- Refer to Section 22 of the Common Service Manual and the instructions in the Operation Manual for the HONDA Battery Tester for detailed battery charging steps.
- The battery can be damaged if overcharged or undercharged, or of left to discharge for long periods. These same
 conditions contribute to shortening the "life span" of the battery. Even under normal use, the performance of the battery
 deteriorates after 2-3 years.
- Battery voltage may recover after battery charging, but under heavy load, battery voltage will drop quickly and eventually
 die out. For this reason, the charging system is often suspected to be the problem. Battery overcharge often results from
 problems in the battery itself, which may appear to be an overcharge symptom. If one of the battery cells is shorted and
 battery voltage does not increase, the regulator/rectifier supplines excess voltage to the battery. Under these conditions,
 the electrolyte level goes down quickly.
- Before troubleshooting the charging system, check for proper use and maintenance of the battery. Check if the battery
 is frequently under heavy load, such as having the headlight and taillight ON for long periods of time without riding the
 motorcycle.
- The battery will self-discharge when the motorcycle is not in use. For this reason, charge the battery every two weeks to prevent sulfation from forming.
- Filling a new battery with electrolyte will produce some voltage, but in order to achieve its maximum performance, always
 charge the battery. Also, the battery life is lengthened when it is initial-charged.
- · When checking the charging system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting flow chart (page 13-3).
- For battery testing/charging, refer to section 22 of the Common Service Manual.
- For charging system component locations, see page 13-2.

System Location





R : Red W : White Y : Yellow BI : Black

Troubleshooting

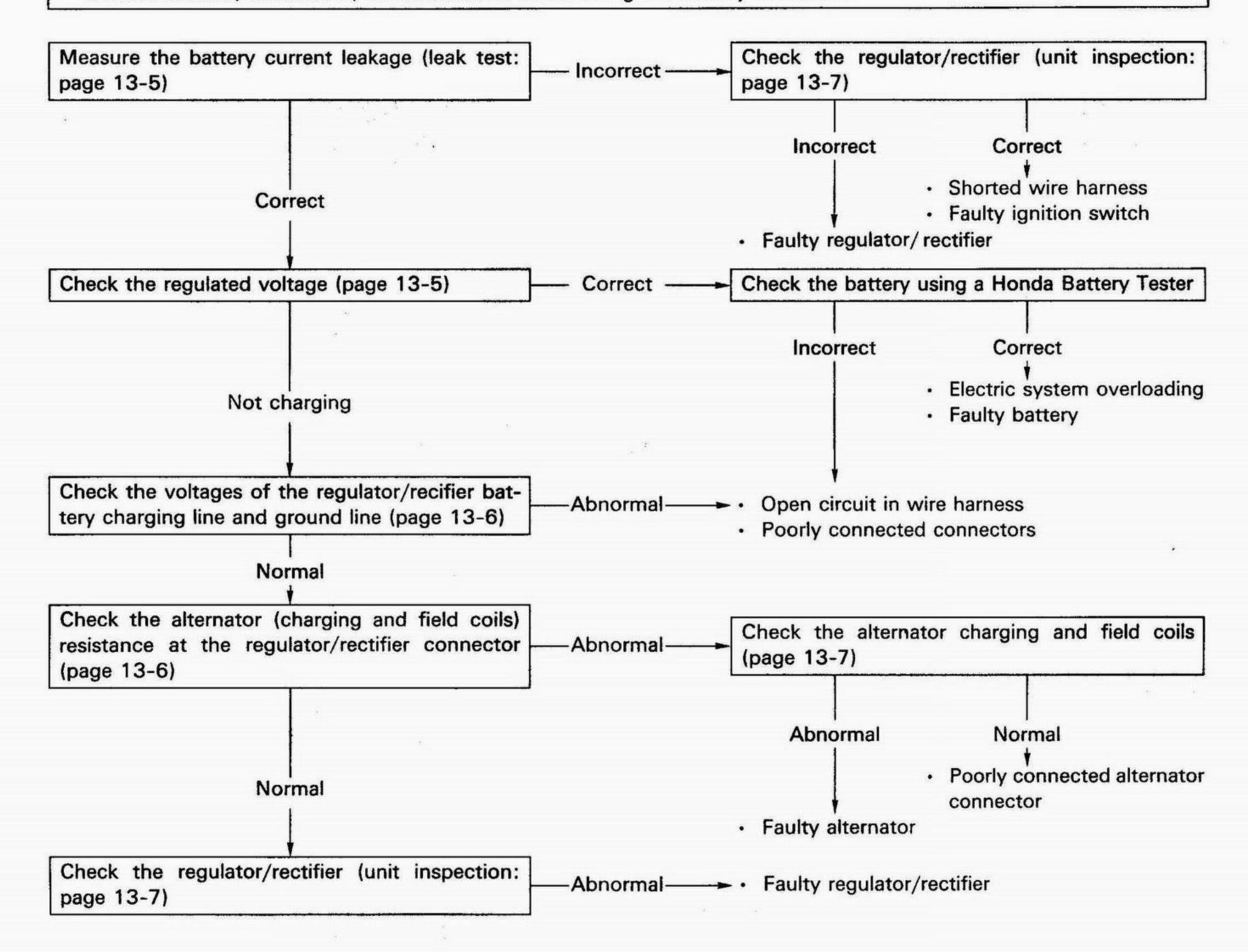
Battery Overcharging

· faulty regulator/rectifier

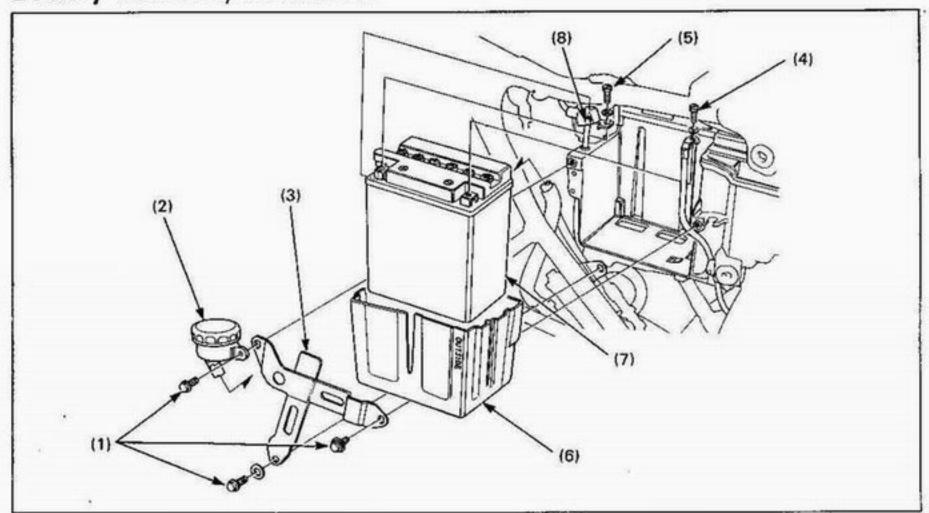
Battery Undercharging

NOTE

 In order to obtain accurate test readings, the battery must be fully charged and in good condition. Refer to the Common Service Manual, section 22, for instructions on checking the battery condition.



Battery Removal/Installation



NOTE

· With the ignition switch OFF, remove the negative terminal at the battery first, then remove the positive terminal.

Requisite Service

Right side cover removal/installation (page 2-2)

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Battery holder bolt	3	
(2)	Reservoir	1	
(3)	Battery holder	1	
(4)	Negative terminal	1	
(5)	Positive terminal	1	
(6)	Battery case	1	With the "OUTSIDE" mark facing up.
(7)	Battery	1	
(8)	Breather tube	1	

Charging System Inspection

Leakage Test

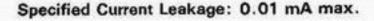
Turn the ignition switch off, and disconnect the ground (-) cable from the battery.

Connect the ammeter (+) probe to the ground cable and the ammeter (-) probe to the battery (-) terminal.

With the ignition switch off, check for current leakage.

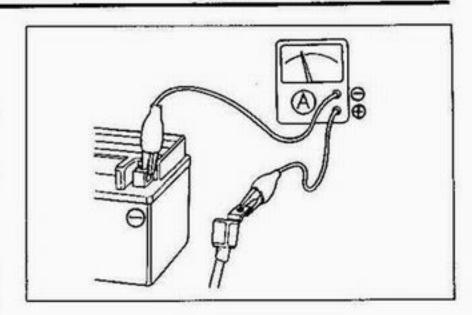
NOTE

- When measuring the current using a tester, set it to a high range, and then bring the range down to an appropriate level. Current flow larger than the range selected may blow out the fuse in the tester.
- While measuring current, do not turn the ignition switch ON. A sudden surge of current may blow out the fuse in the tester.



If current leakage exceeds the specified value, a shorted circuit is likely.

Locate the short by disconnecting connectors one by one and measuring the current.



Regulated Voltage/Amperage Inspection

NOTE

 Before performing this test, be sure the battery is fully charged and that the specific gravity is greater than 1.
 27 (20°C/68°F)

Start the engine and warm it up to operating temperature, then turn the ignition switch OFF.

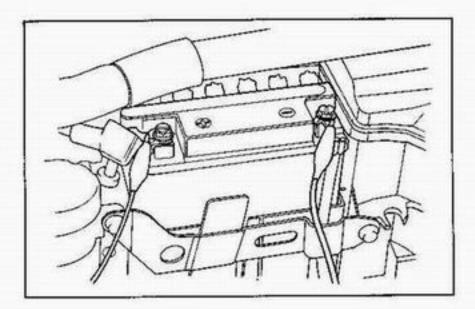
[Battery Regulated Voltage]

Connect the multimeter between the battery terminals.



Digital multimeter Analogue tester

07411-0020000 or 07308-0020001



AWARNING

- If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area.
- The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death.

Disconnect the starter relay switch connector and remove the main fuse (30A). Reconnect the connector onto the relay switch.

Connect the ammeter as shown.

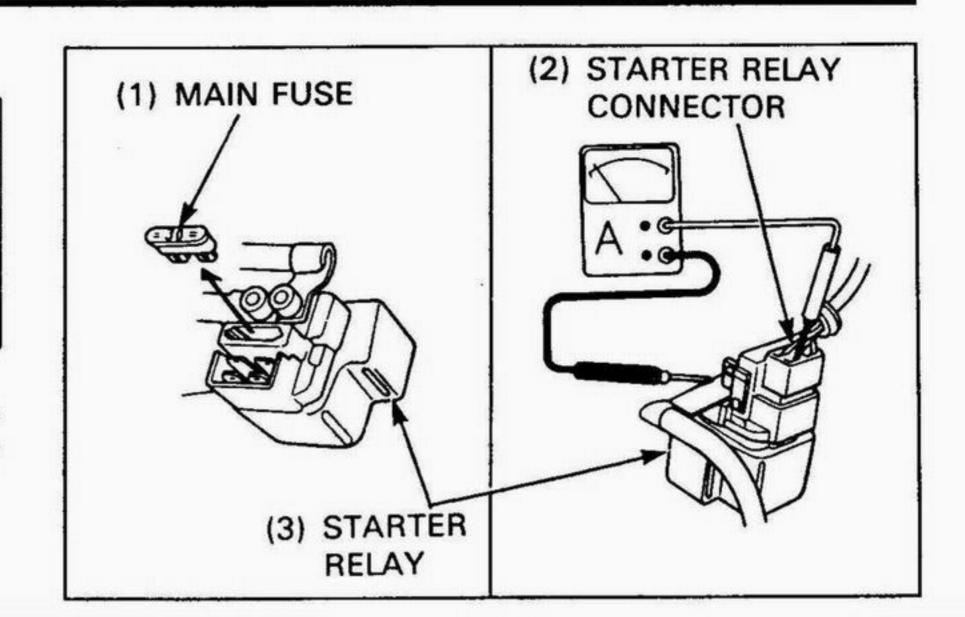
Start the engine and increase the engine speed gradually.

CAUTION

- Be careful not to short the tester probes.
- Although the current could be measured when the ammeter is connected between the battery positive terminal and the positive cable, a sudden surge of current to the starter motor could damage the ammeter.
- Always turn the ignition OFF when conducting the test. Disconnecting the ammeter or wires when current is flowing may damage the ammeter.

Regulated Voltage: 13.0-15.0V/2,000 min⁻¹(rpm)

Charging current : Below 0.5 A



Regulator/Rectifier

System Inspection

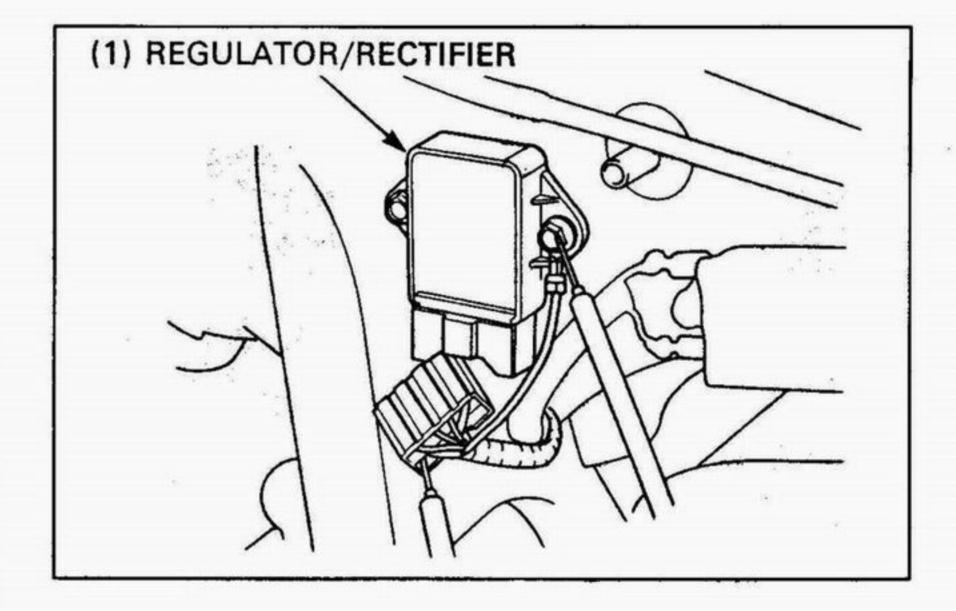
Disconnect the regulator/rectifier 6P connector.

Check the connectors for loose or corroded terminals.

Measure the following between the connector terminals of the wire harness side.

Item	Terminals	Specification
Battery charging line	Red/white (+) and ground (-)	Battery voltage should register.
Voltage detection line	Black (+) and ground (-)	When the ignition switch is ON, bat- tery voltage should register.
Charging coil line	Yellow and Yellow	0.4-0.6 Ω (20°C/68°F)
Field White and Bla		2.1-2.7 Ω (20°C/68°F)

If the charging coil line reading is out of specification, check the alternator (page 13-7).



Unit Inspection

Provided the circuit on the wire harness side is normal and there are no loose connections at the connector, inspect the regulator/rectifier unit by measuring the resistance between the terminals.

NOTE

- You'll get false readings if the probes touch your fingers.
- Use the specified multimeters. Using other equipment may not allow you to obtain the correct results. This is due to the characteristic of semiconductors, which have different values depending on the applied voltage.
 Specific Multimeter:

-07411-0020000

(KOWA Digital type)

-07308-0020001

(SANWA Analogue type)

-TH-5H

(KOWA Analogue type)

· Select the following range:

SANWA: ×kΩ KOWA: ×100Ω

- An old battery stored in the multimeter could cause inaccurate readings. Check the battery if the test results are not as expected.
- When using the KOWA multimeter, remember value that all readings should be multiplied by 100.

Replace the regulator/rectifier unit if the resistance value between the terminals is abnormal.

Removal/Installation

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Remove the fuel tank front cushion and left front side cover. Disconnect the regulator/rectifier connector.

Remove the mounting bolt and regulator/rectifier unit.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Alternator

NOTE

 It is not necessary to remove the stator to make this test.

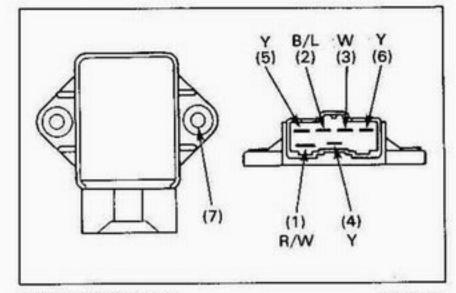
Disconnect the alternator 4P connector.

Measure the resistance between the two Yellow wire terminals, and between the White and Black wire terminals.

Standard:

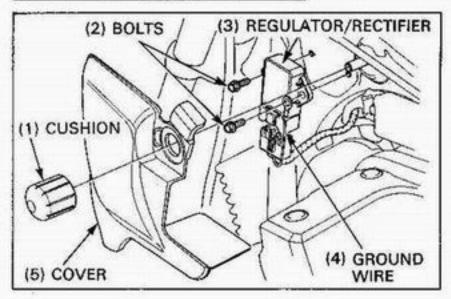
Yellow-Yellow: 0.4-0.6Ω (20°C/68°F) White-Black : 2.1-2.6Ω (20°C/68°F)

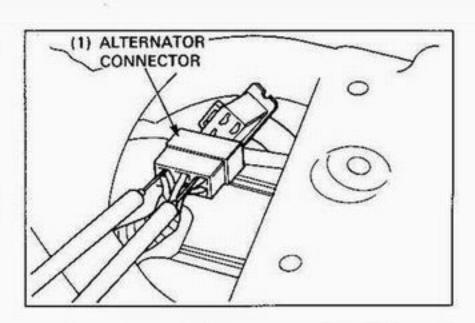
Replace the stator if the resistance is out of specification or if there is continuity between the Yellow or White wire terminal and ground.



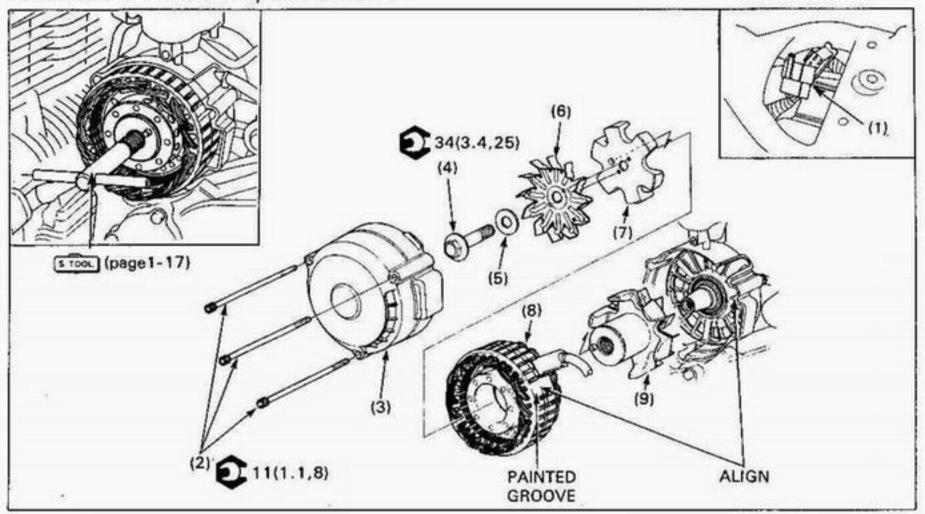
RECTIFIER	PORTION	1			Unit: kn
Probe⊕ Probe⊖	1	4	5	6	7
1	/	00	00	00	00
4	0.5-50	1	00	00	00
5	0.5-50	00	1	00	00
6	0.5-50	00	00	/	00
7	0.5-50	0.5-50	0.5-50	0.5-50	/

REGULATO	R PORTI	NO	Unit: kΩ
Probe⊕ Probe⊖	2	3	7
2	/	1-30	0.5-20
3	0.5-30	/	1-50
7	0.5-20	0.5-30	/





Alternator Removal/Installation



NOTE

· For alternator shaft/shaft bearing replacement, see page 9-12.

Requiste Service

Fuel tank removal/installation (page 2-3)

Procedure		Q ty	Remarks
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Alternator wire connector	1	Complete and a service and construction of the
(2)	Alternator cover bolt	3	
(3)	Alternator cover	1	
(4)	Alternator rotor bolt	1	When removing and installing, shift the transmission into gear and apply the rear brake.
(5)	Washer	1	
(6)	Fan B	1	To install, align the holes with the holes in rotor B.
(7)	Rotor B	1	Install with the hole aligned with the boss on rotor A.
(8)	Stator assembly	1	At installation, align the painted groove with upper right groove for the alternator cover mounting bolt.
(9)	Rotor A/fan A.	1	

14. Ignition System

Service Information	14-1	Ignition Coil	14-7
System Location	14-2	Pulse Generator	14-8
Troubleshooting	14-3	Pulse Generator Removal/Installation	14-9
Ignition System Inspection	14-6	Ignition Timing	14-10

Service Information

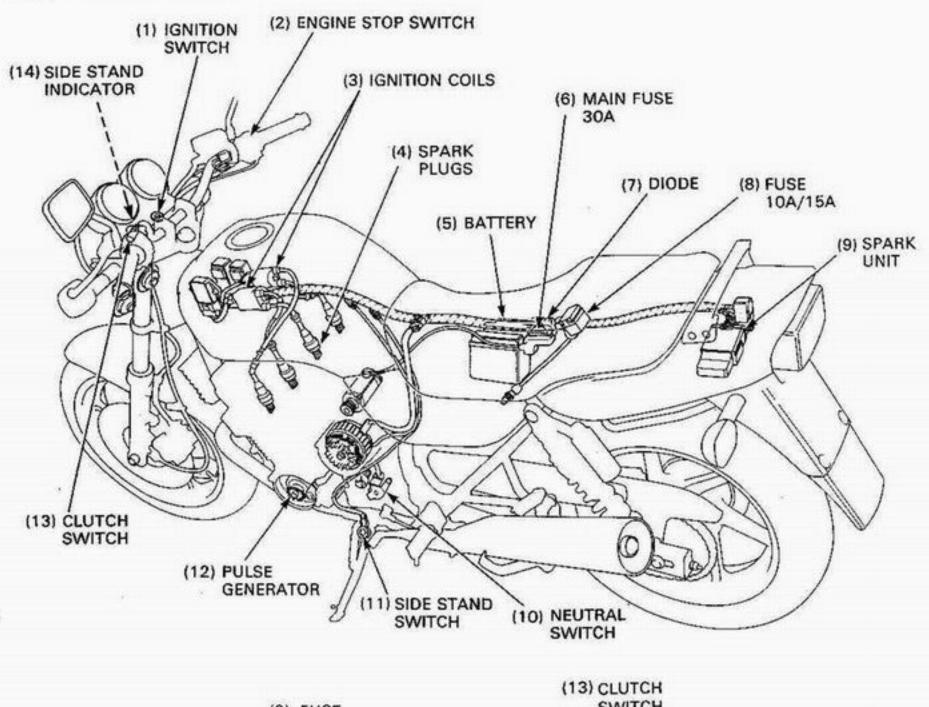
A WARNING

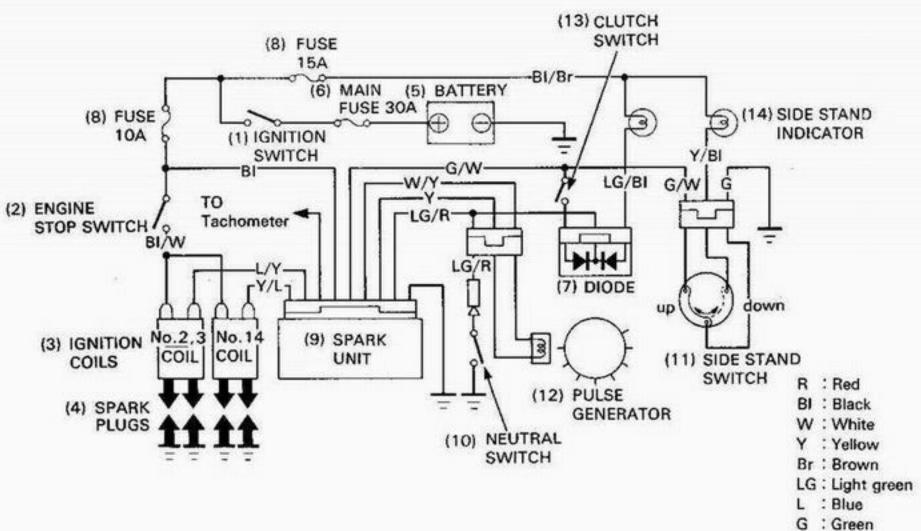
· If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well-ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death.

CAUTION

- · Some electrical components may be damaged if terminals or connectors are connected or disconnected while the ignition switch is ON and current is present.
- When checking the ignition system, always follow the steps in the troubleshooting flow chart (page 14-3).
- · The spark unit may be damaged if dropped. Also, if the connector is disconnected when current is present, the excessive voltage may damage the unit. Always turn off the ignition switch before servicing.
- · The transistorized ignition uses an electrically controlled ignition timing sytem. No adjustments can be made to the ignition timing.
- · A rough diagnosis can be made by identifying the cylinder whose spark timing is incorrect.
- · A faulty ignition system is often related to poorly connected or corroded connectors. Check those connections before proceeding.
- · Use spark plugs of the correct heat range. Using the wrong spark plugs can damage the engine. Refer to section 2 of the Common Service Manual.
- Make sure the battery is adequately charged. Using the starter motor with a weak battery results in a slower engine cranking speed as well as no spark at the spark plugs.
- · For side stand inspection, refer to section 25 of the Common Service Manual.
- For neutral switch inspection, refer to page 16-9.
- · For the ignition switch and engine stop switch inspection, check for continuity using the chart on the Wiring Diagram, page 17-1. Disconnect each switch connector inside the headlight case (page 1-21) and check it.

System Location



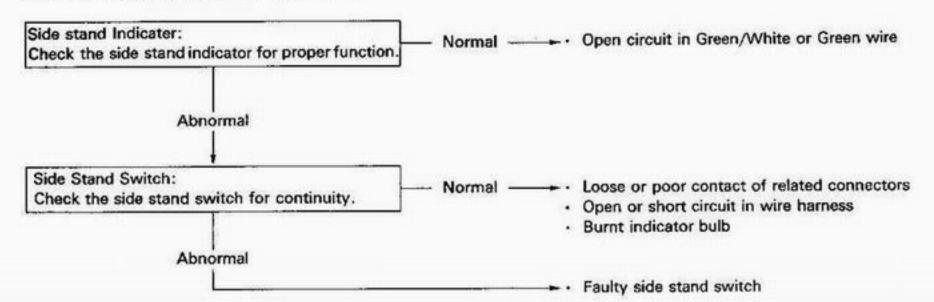


Troubleshooting

- · Inspect the followings before diagnosing the system.
 - Faulty spark plug.
 - -Loose spark plug cap or spark plug wire connections.
 - -Water got into the spark plug cap (Leaking the ignition coil secondary voltage).
- · Temporarily exchange the ignition coil with the other good one and perform the spark test. If there is spark, the exchanged ignition coil is faulty.
- · "Initial voltage" of the ignition primary coil is the battery voltage with the ignition switch ON and engine stop switch at RUN. (The engine is not cranked by the starter motor.)

	Unusual Condition	Probable Cause (Check in numerical order)
Ignition coil primary voltage	No initial voltage with ignition and engine stop switches ON. (Other electrical components are normal.)	 Faulty engine stop switch. An open circuit in BI/W wire between the ignition coil and engine stop switch. Loose primary terminal or an open circuit in primary coil. Faulty spark unit: in case when the initial voltage is normal while disconnecting spark unit connectors.
	Initial voltage is normal, but it drops down to 2-4 V while cranking the engine.	 Incorrect peak voltage adaptor connections. Undercharged battery. No voltage between the BI (+) and Body ground (- at the spark unit 6P-Black connector or loose spark unit connection. An open circuit or loose connection in G wire. Open circuits or loose connections in L/Y and Y/I wires between the ignition coils and spark unit. Short circuit in ignition primary coil. Faulty side stand switch or neutral switch. An open circuit or loose connection in No.7 related circuit wires. Side stand switch line: G/W wire Neutral switch line: Lg/R wire Faulty pulse generator (Measure the peak voltage).
	Initial voltage is normal, but no peak voltage while cranking the engine.	 10. Faulty spark unit (in case when above No.1-9 are normal). 1. Incorrect peak voltage adaptor connections. 2. Faulty peak voltage adaptor. 3. Faulty spark unit (in case when above No.1, 2 are
	Initial voltage is normal, but peak voltage is lower than standard value.	 normal). The multimeter impedance is too low; below10 MΩ DCV. Cranking speed is too slow (battery is undercharged) The sample timing of the tester and measured puls were not synchronized (System is normal if measure voltage is over the standard voltage at least once.) Faulty spark unit (in case that above No. 1-3 ar normal).
	Initial and voltage are normal, but does not spark.	 Faulty spark plug or leaking ignition coil secondar current ampere. Faulty ignition coils.
Pulse generator	Peak voltage is lower than standard value.	 The multimeter impedance is too low; below 10 M Ω DCV. Cranking speed is too slow (battery is undercharged) The sample timing of the tester and measured puls were not synchronized (System is normal if measure voltage is over the standard voltage at least once). Faulty spark unit (in case when above No. 1-3 ar normal).
	No peak voltage.	Faulty peak voltage adaptor. Faulty pulse generator.

Side Stand switch does not function at all.



Ignition System Inspection

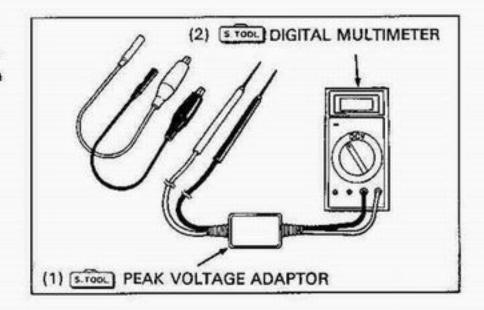
NOTE

- If no spark at all plugs, check all connections for loose or poor contact before measuring each peak voltage.
- Use genuine digital tester or commercially available digital multimeter or commercially available digital multimeter(impedance: 10M Ω/DCV minimum).
- The display value differs depending upon the internal impedanece of the multimeter.
- If using Imrie diagnostic tester (model 625), follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Connect the peak voltage adaptor to the digital multimeter.

S. TOOL

Imrie diagnostic tester (model 625) made in Austria or Peak voltage adaptor 07HGJ-0020100 with Digital multimeter 07411-0020000



Ignition Coil Primary Voltage Inspection

NOTE

- Check all system connections before this inspection.
 If the system is disconnected, incorrect peak voltage might be measured.
- Make sure that all cylinder compressions are normal and check that the spark plugs are installed correctly in all cylinders.

Place the motorcycle on its center stand and shift into neutral.

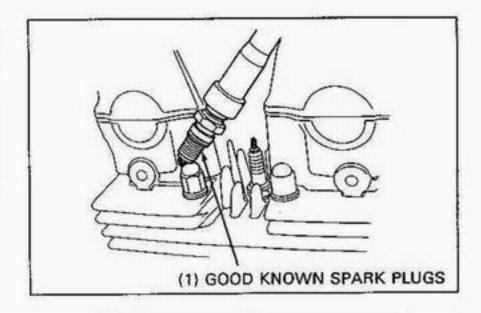
Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Disconnect all spark plug caps from the spark plugs.

Connect a good known spark plugs to all spark plug caps and ground the spark plugs to the cylinder as done in a spark test.

NOTE

 Measure the peak voltage with the cylinder compression applied and closed circuit of ignition coil secondary circuit.



Ignition System

Connect the peak voltage adaptor probes between the primary ignition coil terminal and body ground with the connectors remained connected.

Connection

No. 1, 4 ignition coil (Right)

Yellow/Blue terminal(+) -Body ground(-)

No. 2, 3 ignition coil (Left)

Blue/Yellow terminal(+) -Body ground(-)

Turn the ignition switch ON and engine stop switch to RUN. Check for the initial voltage at this time.

The battery voltage should be measured.

If the initial voltage is not measured, check the probable cause described in troubleshooting.

Crank the engine with the starter motor and read each ignition coil primary peak voltage.

Peak voltage: 100 V minimum

AWARNING

 Avoid touching the spark plugs and tester probes to prevent electric shock.

NOTE

 Although measured values are different for each ignition coil, they are normal as long as each voltage is higher than the specified voltage.

Pulse Generator Peak Voltage Inspection

NOTE

Measure the peak voltage with the cylinder compression is applied. Leave all spark plugs in the cylinder head.

Remove the rear fairing (page 2-3).

Disconnect the spark unit connector.

Connect the peak voltage adaptor on the harness side connector.

Measure the pulse generator peak voltage while cranking the engine with the starter motor.

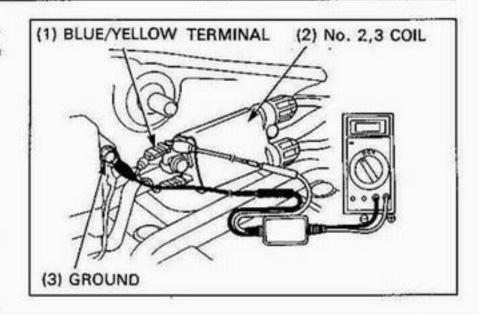
Connection

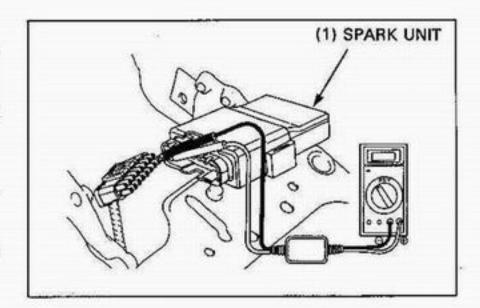
Yellow terminal(+) -White/Yellow terminal(-)

Peak voltage: 0.7 V minimum

AWARNING

 Avoid touching the tester probes while measuring the voltage to prevent electric shock.





If the measurement is out of the specification, perform the following procedures:

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Remove the breather tank (page 5-4).

Disconnect the pulse generator 4P mini connector.

Measure the peak voltage at the pulse generator side connector and record it.

Connection:

Yellow terminal(+) -White/Yellow terminal(-)

Peak voltage: 0.7V minimum

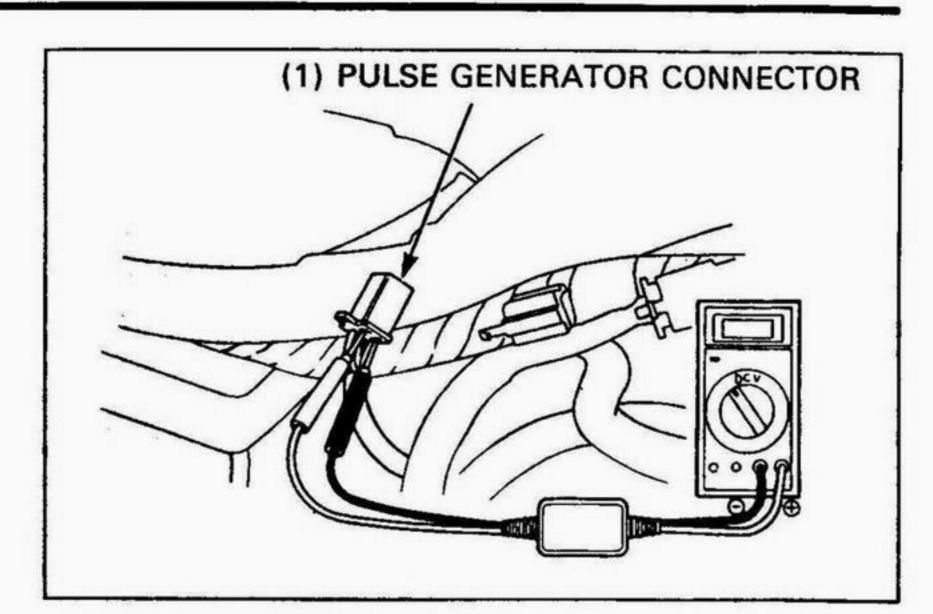
Compare their values (at the spark unit connector and at the pulse generator 4P mini connector (black).

If the voltage at the pulse generator is normal, but at the spark unit is abnormal:

- · An open circuit in Y or W/Y wires.
- Loose connection in pulse generator side connector.

Both values are abnormal:

 Pulse generator is likely to be fault. Check each items refering to the troubleshooting (page 14-3).



Ignition Coil

Removal/Installation

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Remove the fuel tank front cushions and front side covers (page 13-7).

Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs.

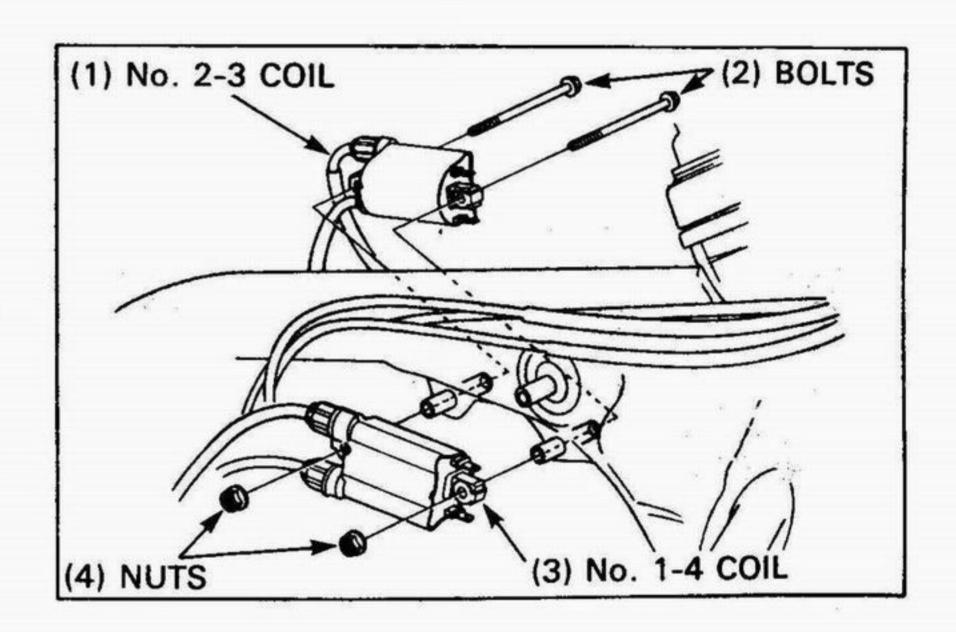
Disconnect the ignition primary terminals from the coils and remove the mounting bolts and nuts.

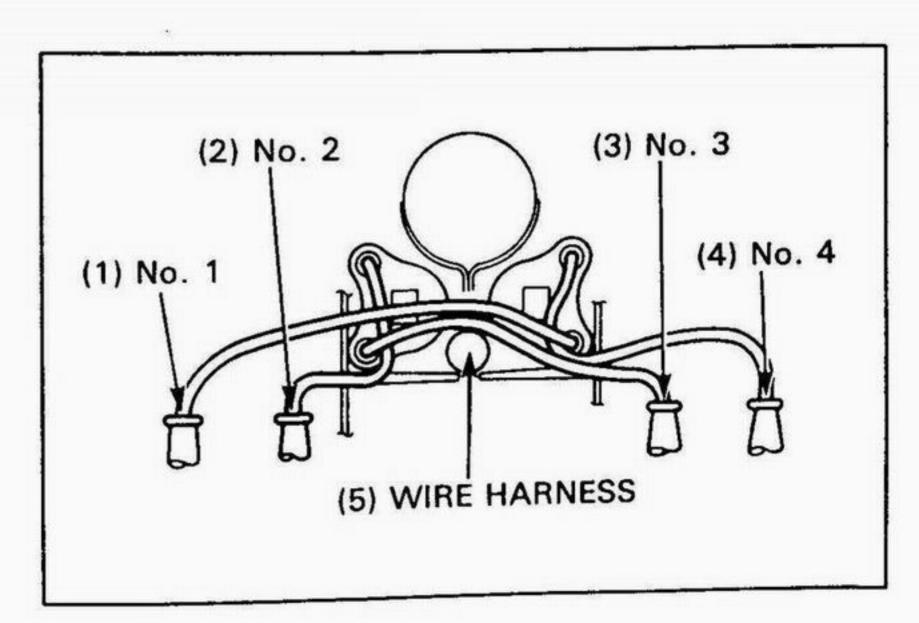
Remove the ignition coils.

Install the ignition coils in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE

Route the spark plug wires properly as shown.



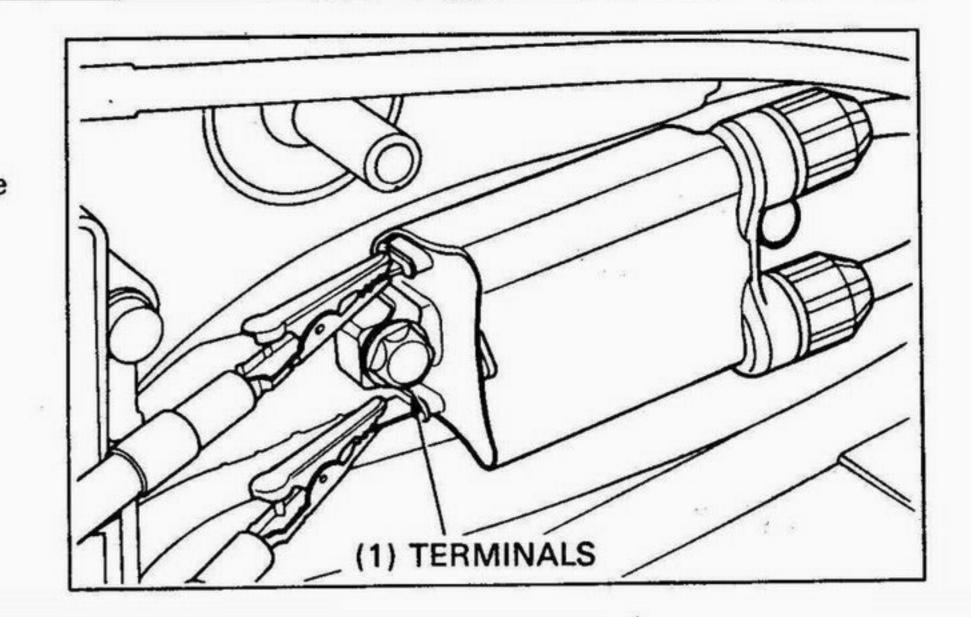


Inspection

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Disconnect the ignition coil primary terminals and measure the primary coil resistance of the ignition coil.

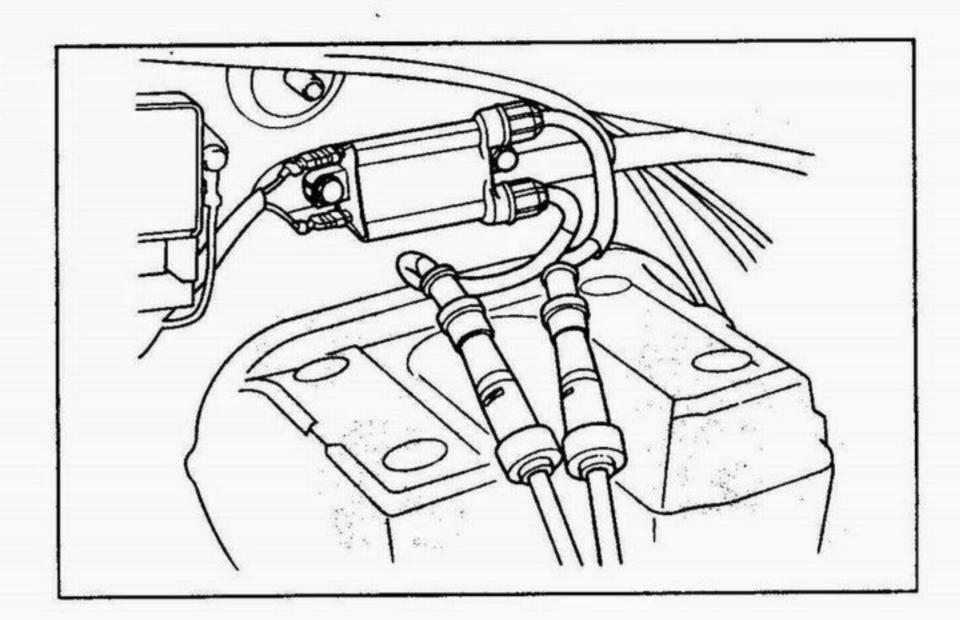
Standard: 2.6-3.2Ω (20°C/68°F)



Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plug and measure the secondary coil resistance with the spark plug wire at each ignition pair:

No.1/4 secondary coil: between cylinders 1 and 4 wire No.2/3 secondary coil: between cylinders 2 and 3 wire

Standard: 18-22 kΩ (20°C/68°F)

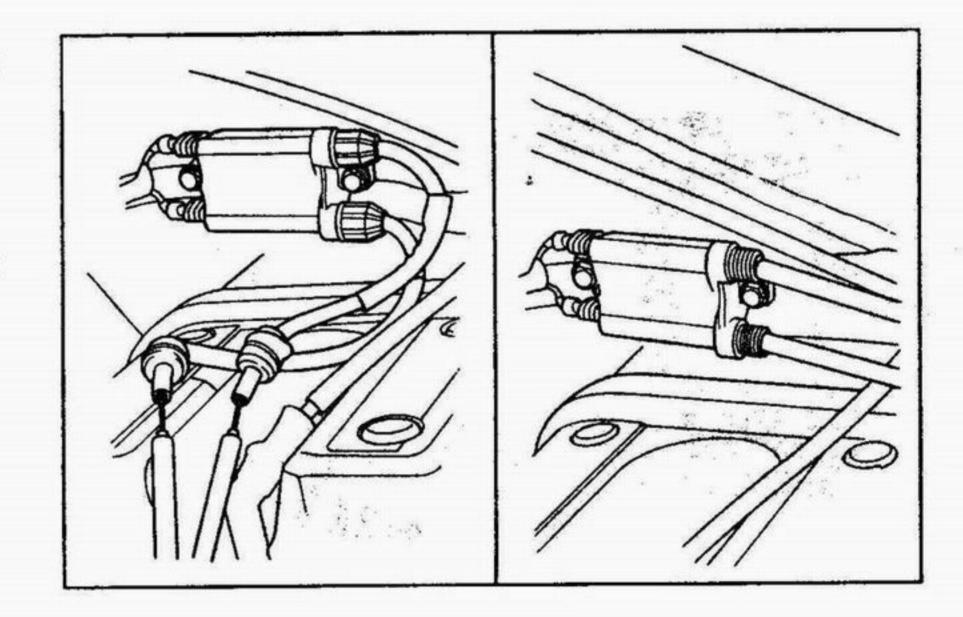


If the resistance is ∞ (open wire), disconnect the spark plug cap and measure the secondary coil resistance as shown.

Standard: 13-17 kΩ (20°C/68°F)

If the resistance is ∞ (open wire), disconnect the spark plug wire and measure the secondary coil resistance as shown.

Standard: 13-17 kΩ (20°C/68°F)



Pulse Generator

Inspection

NOTE

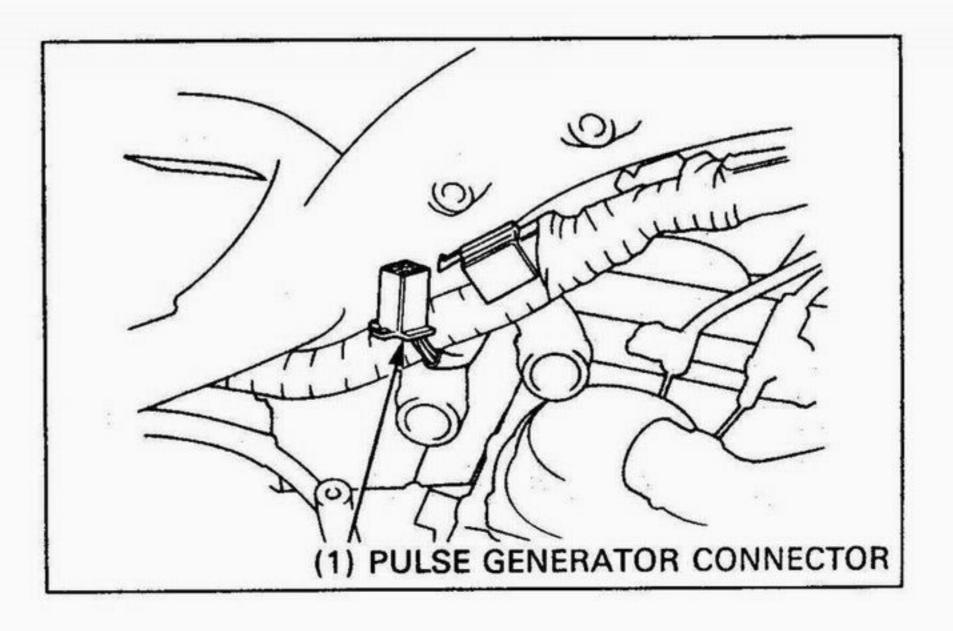
 It is not necessary to remove the pulse generator from the engine.

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3). Remove the breather tank (page 5-4).

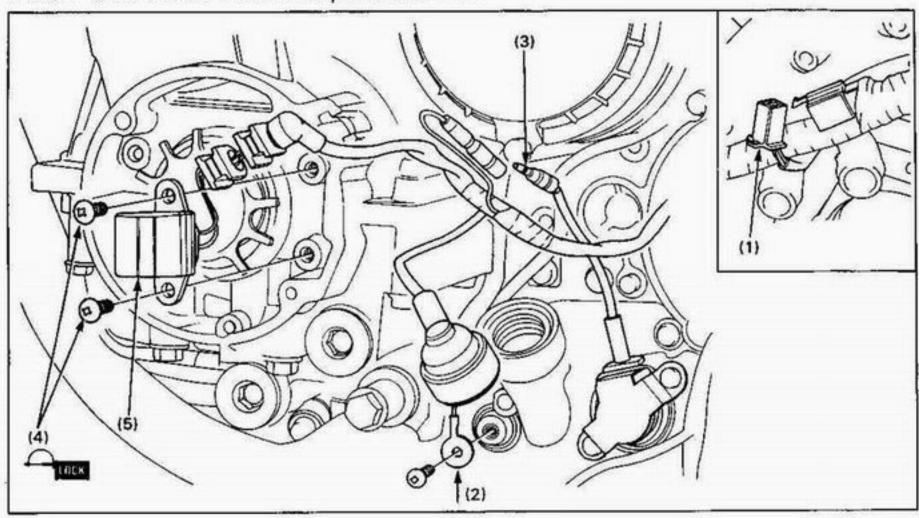
Disconnect the pulse generator 4P mini connector.

Measure the resistance between the Yellow and White/Yellow terminals.

Standard: 297-363 Ω (20°C/68°F)



Pulse Generator Removal/Installation



CAUTION

Be careful not to damage the wire harnesses by pinching them between the sprocket cover and engine.

NOTE

Route the wire harnesses properly (page 1-25).

Requisite Service

- Left crankcase cover removal/installation (page 14-10)
 Fuel tank removal/installation (page 2-3)
- Drive sprocket cover removal/installation (page 8-9)

Procedure	Otty	Remarks
Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1) Pulse generator connector	1	
(2) Oil pressure switch terminal	1	
(3) Neutral switch connector	j 1	
(4) Pulse generator screw	2	
(5) Pulse generator	1 1	

Ignition Timing

Warm up the engine.

Stop the engine and connect a timing light to the No.1 cylinder spark plug wire.

NOTE

· Read the instructions for timing light for operating.

Remove the left crankcase cover.

AWARNING

 If the engine must be running to do some work, make sure the area is well ventilated. Never run the engine in an enclosed area. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that may cause loss of consciousness and lead to death.

Start the engine and allow it to idle.

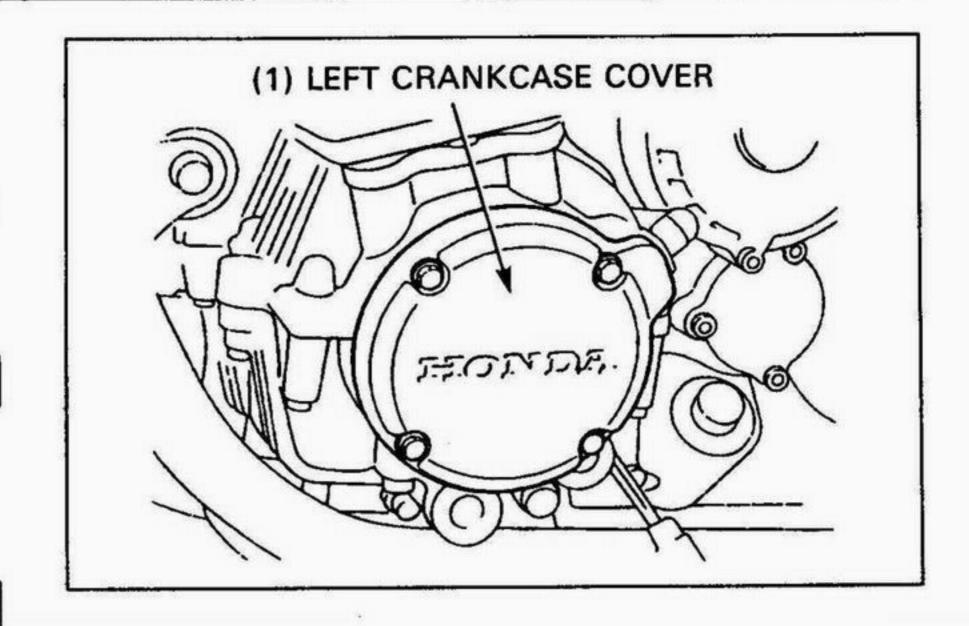
Inspect the ignition timing.

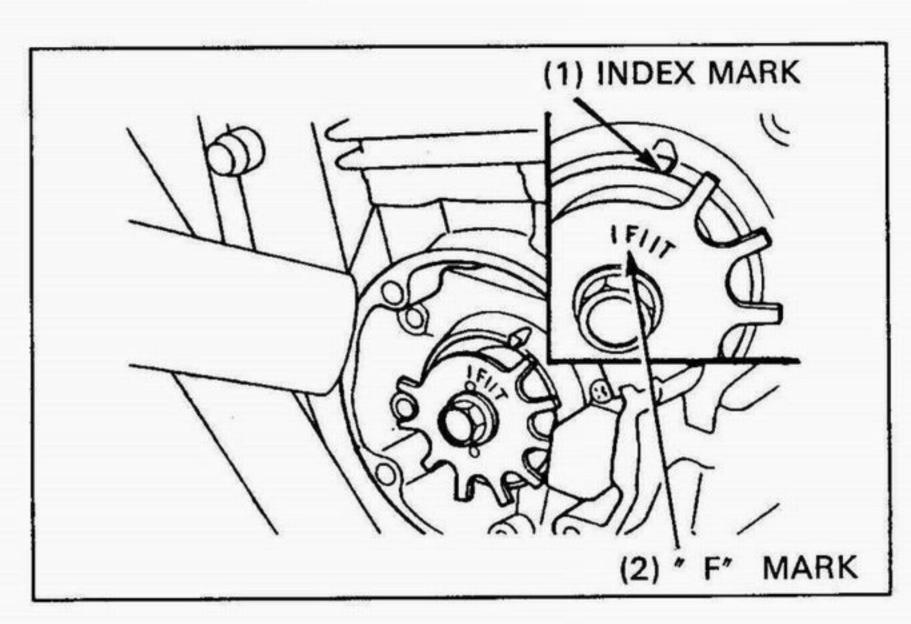
The timing is correct if the "F" mark aligns with the index mark on the crankcase at idle speed.

Idle Speed: Except SW type: 1,200 ± 100 rpm

SW type: 1,200 ± 50 rpm

Increase the engine speed, make sure the "F" mark begins to move counterclockwise at approximately 1,500 min⁻¹(rpm).





15

15. Electric Starter/Starter Clutch

Service Information	15-1	Starter Moter Removal/Installation	15-5
System Location	15-2	Starter Motor Disassembly/Assembly	15-6
Troubleshooting	15-3	Starter Clutch Disassembly/Assembly	15-8

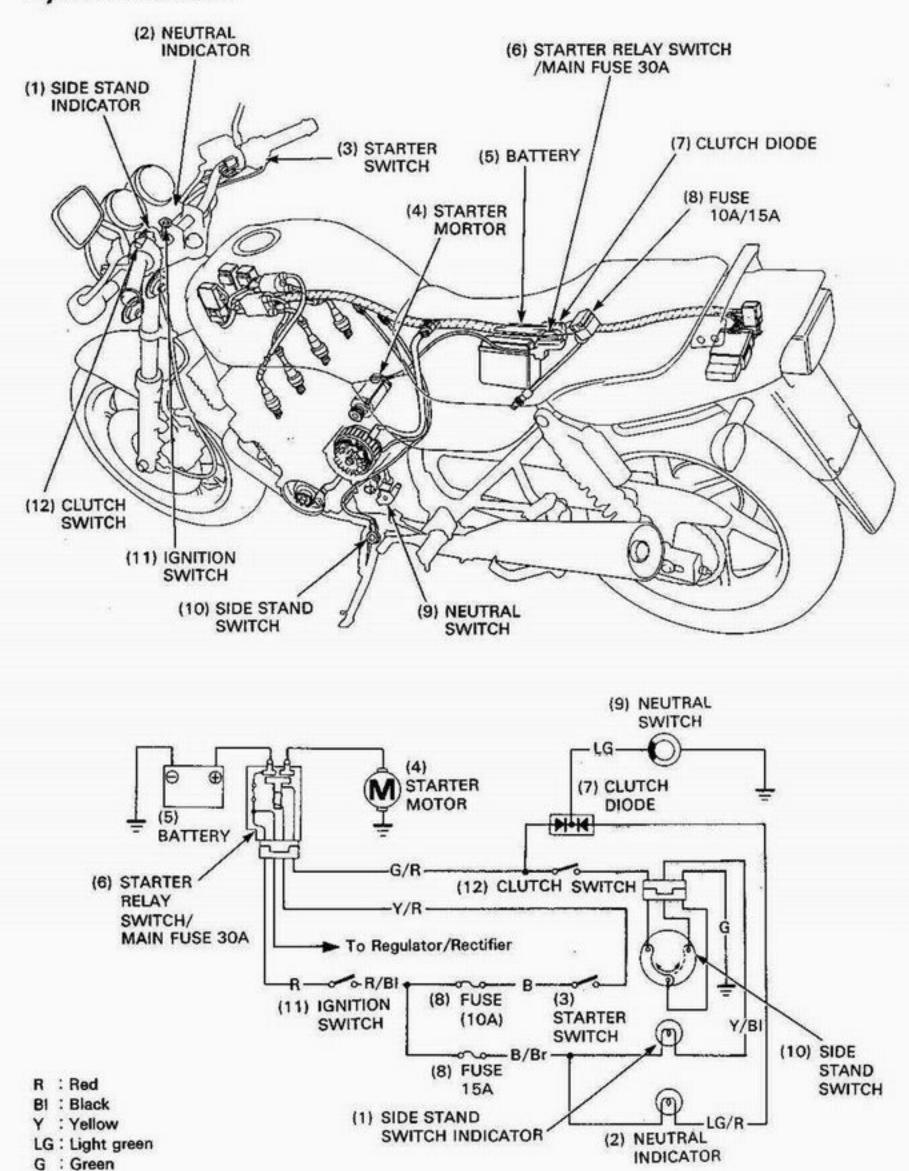
Service Information

AWARNING

- Always turn the ignition switch "OFF" before servicing the starter motor. The motor could suddenly start, causing serious injury.
- · A week battery may be unable to turn the starter motor quickly enough, or supply adequate ignition current.
- If the current is kept flowing through the starter motor to turn it while the engine is not cranking over, the starter motor may be damaged.
- For the following component inspections, refer to the following pages; for the parts locations, see page 15-2 of this manual (System Location).

Clutch switch diode	Section 24 of the Common Service Manual		
Starter motor	Section 24 of the Common Service Manual		
Starter relay switch	Section 24 of the Common Service Manual ("A" circuit type)		
Clutch switch	Section 24 of the Common Service Manual		
Neutral switch (page 16-9)			
Ignition switch	Check for continuity on the continuity chart of the Wiring Diagram, page 17-1. Disconnect the switch connector inside the headlight case (page 1-21) and check it.		
Side stand switch	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual		

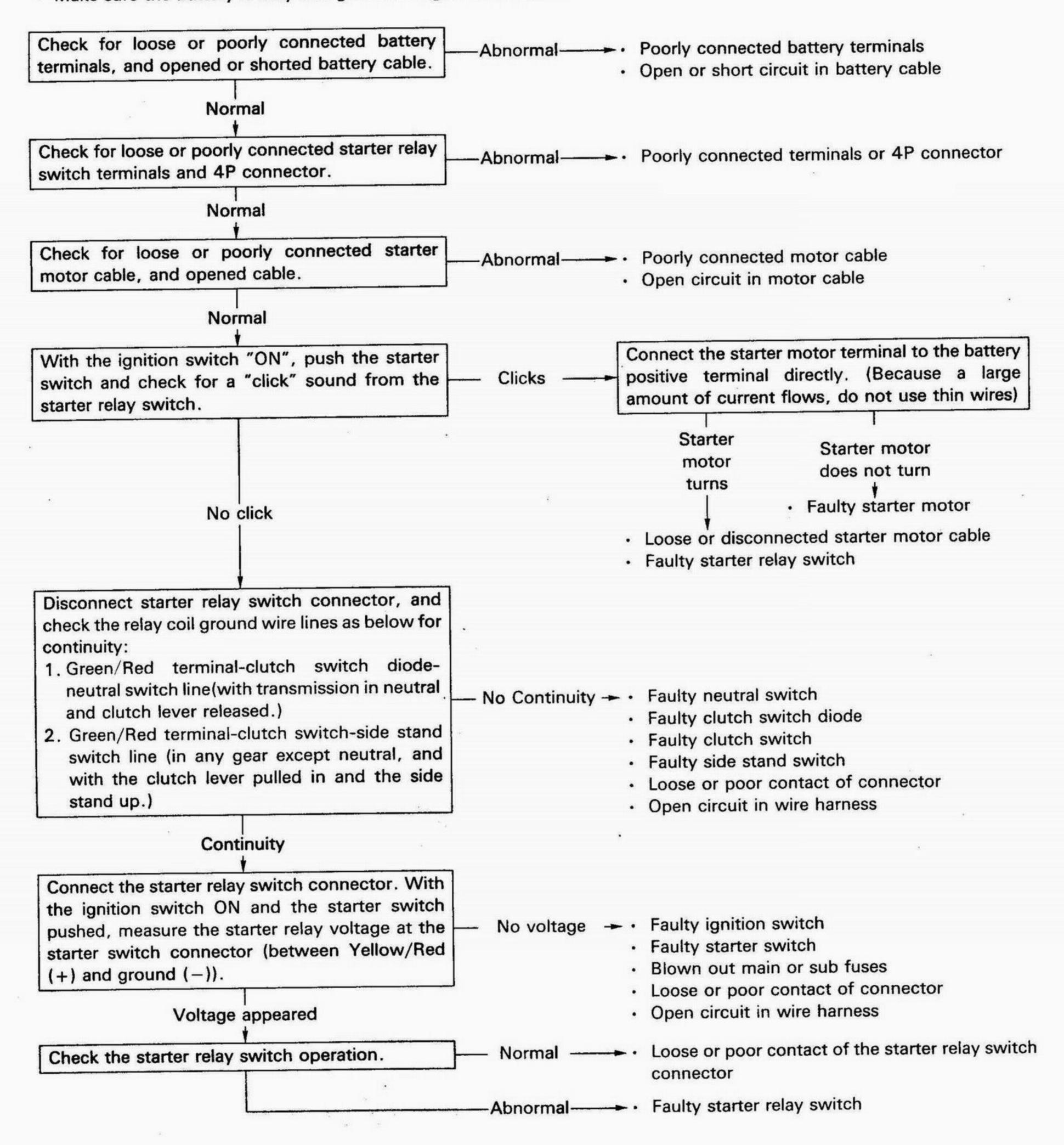
System Location



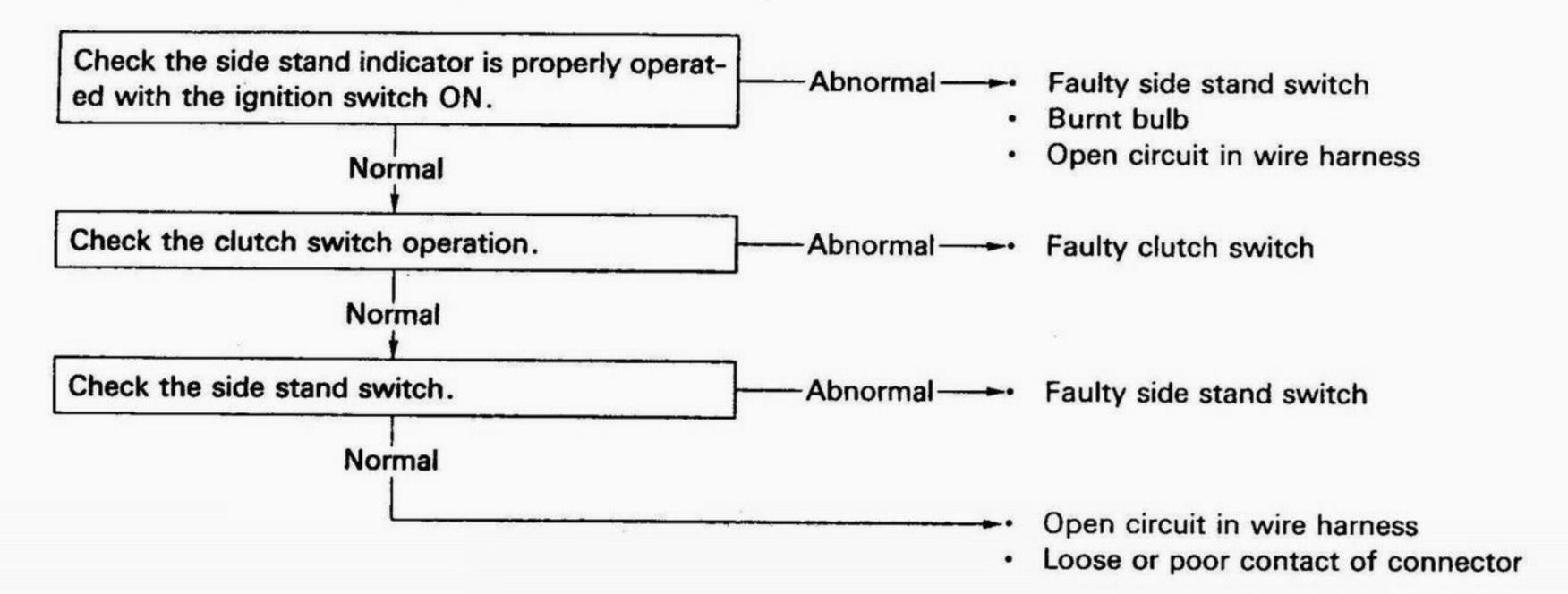
Troubleshooting

Starter Motor Will Not Turn

- · Check for a blown out main or sub fuses before servicing.
- · Make sure the battery is fully charged and in good condition.



The starter motor turns when the transmission is in neutral, but does not turn with the transmission in any position except neutral, with the side stand up and the clutch lever pulled in.



Starter Motor Turns Slowly

- Low specific gravity in battery (or dead battery)
- Poorly connected battery terminal cable
- Poorly connected starter motor cable
- Faulty starter motor
- Poorly connected battery ground cable

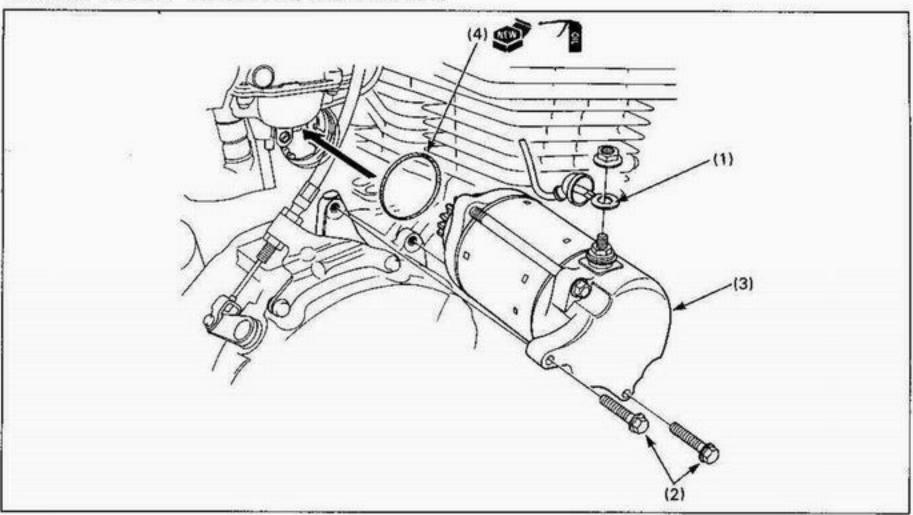
Starter Motor Turns, But Engine Does Not Turn

- Starter motor is runnning backwards
 - Case assembled improperly
 - Terminals connected improperly
- · Faulty starter clutch
- Damaged or faulty starter pinion
- Damaged pinion gears

Starter Relay Switch "Clicks", But Engine Does Not Turn Over

- Crankshaft does not turn due to engine problems
- Excessive pinion gear friction

Starter Motor Removal/Installation

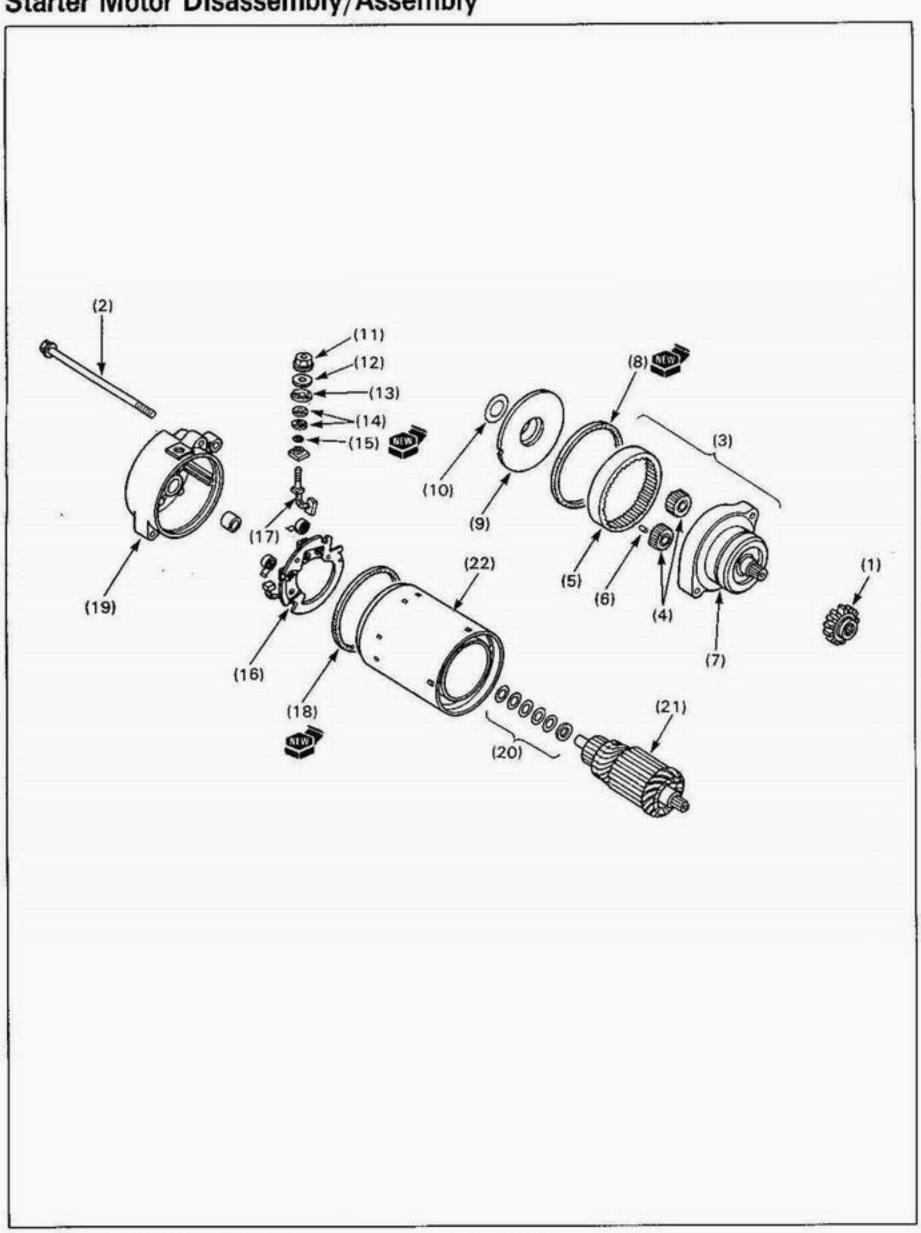


AWARNING

· Always turn the ignition switch OFF.

Procedure		Q'ty	Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Starter motor cable	1		
(2)	Starter motor mounting bolt	2		
(3)	Starter motor	1		
(4)	O-ring	1		

Starter Motor Disassembly/Assembly

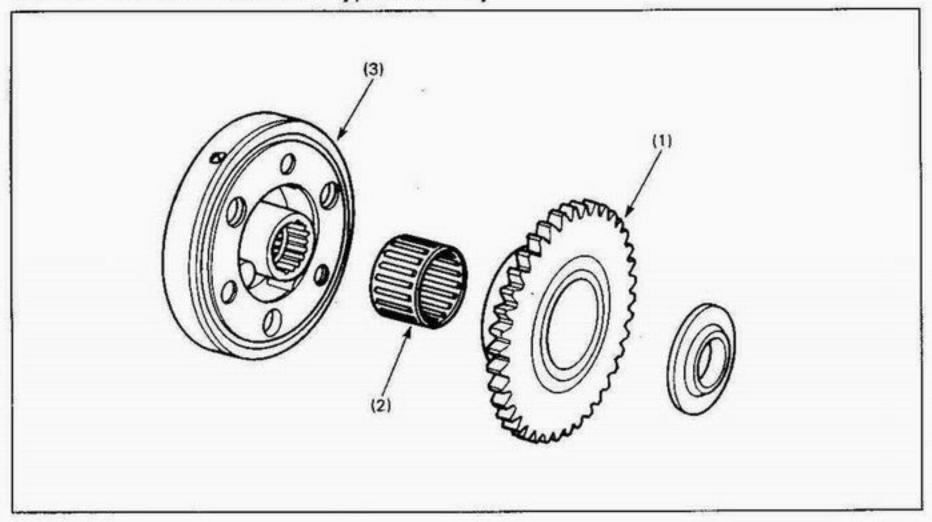


Requisite Service

Starter motor removal/installation (page 15-5)

	Procedure	Oty	Remarks
(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)	Disassembly Order Starter motor pinion gear Set bolt Front cover assembly - idle pinion ring gear	1 2 - 2 1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(6)	-pin	1 1	
(7) (8)	-front cover	1	
(9)	O-ring Separator	1 1	
U-300000000	Washer	1	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Brush terminal holding nut	1	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Washer	1	
The second secon	Insulated washer (larger)	1	
PACKET SHOW	Insulated washer (smaller)	2	
(15)	O-ring	1	
(16)	Brush holder assembly	-	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY OF TAXABLE PARTY.
(17)	Brush and terminal	1	Align the holder tab with the rear cover groove.
(18)	O-ring	1	
(19)	Rear cover	1	
(20)	Shims	-	Record and store the shims in the same order they were installed in the original positions.
(21)	Armature	1	
(22)	Motor case	1	

Starter Clutch Disassembly/Assembly



Requisite Service

· Crankshaft, connecting rod removal/installation (page 9-10, 16)

Procedure	Qty	Remarks
Disassembly Order (1) Starter driven gear (2) Needle bearing (3) Starter clutch	1 1 1	Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly. At installation, make sure the starter clutch roller is installed properly into the clutch housing.

16. Lights/Meters/Switches

Service Information	16-1	Meter Disassembly/Assembly	16-6
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Tail/Brake Light	16-4	Neutral Switch	16-9
Turn Signal Bulb	16-4	Ignition Switch Removal/Installation	16-10
Meter Removal/Installation	16-5		

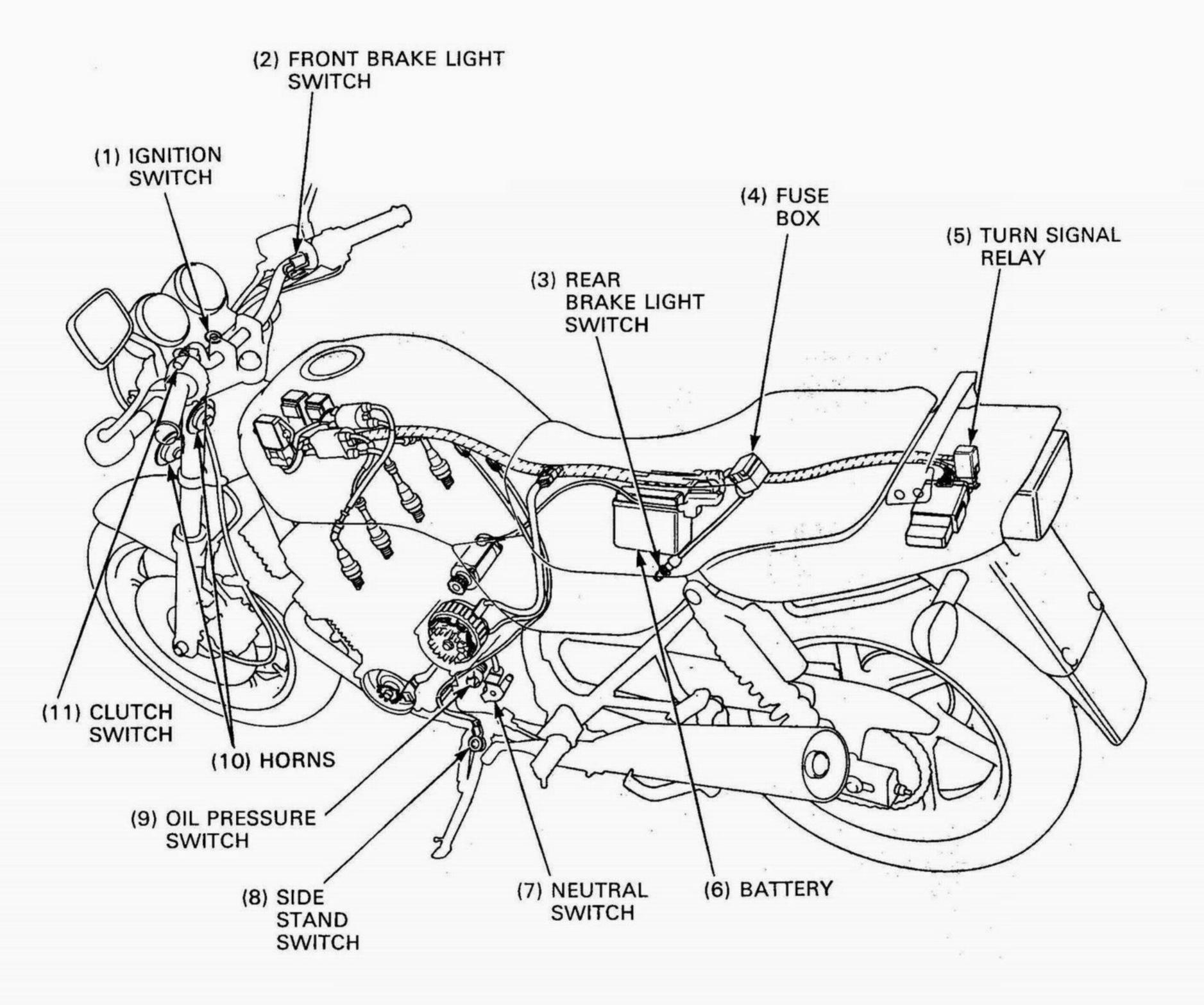
Service Information

AWARNING

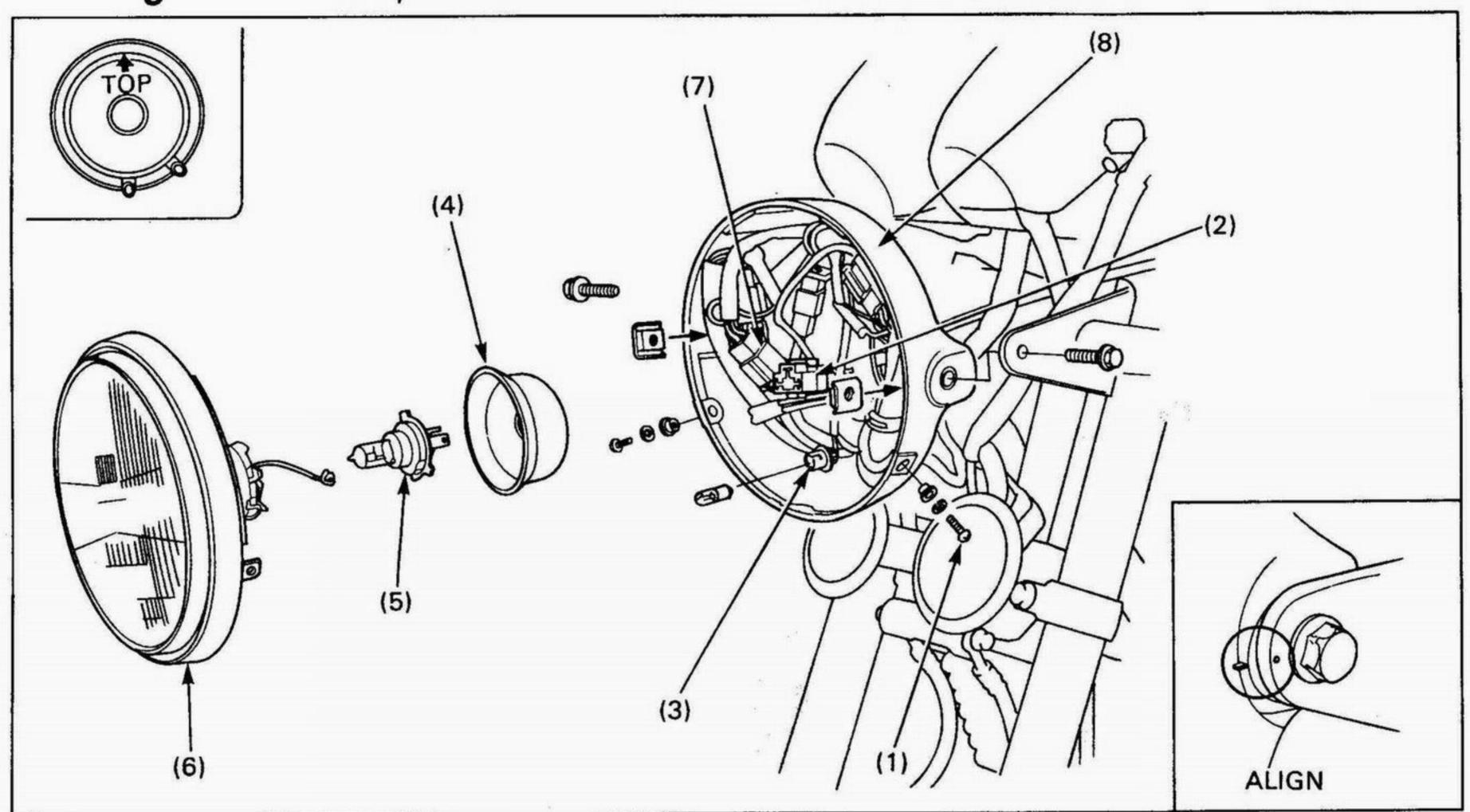
- · The halogen headlight bulb becomes very hot while the headlight is ON, and remains hot for a while after it is turned OFF. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.
- · Note the following when replacing the halogen headlight bulb.
 - -Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create hot spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
 - If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
 - Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.
- · Check the battery condition before performing any inspection that requires proper battery voltage.
- A continuity test can be made with the switches installed on the motorcycle.
 For the following component locations, See page 16-2 of this manual (System Location); for inspections, refer to the applicable pages.

Component	Inspection method	Remarks	
Clutch switch	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual		
Front brake light switch	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual		
Horn	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual		
Handlebar switches	Check for continuity on the continuity chart of	Switch connectors are located inside	
Ignition switch	the Wiring Diagram, page 17-1.	the headlight case (page 1-21).	
Oil pressure switch/warning light	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual	Oil pressure check: Section 4 of the Common Service Manual Oil pressure switch torque: 12 N·m (1.2 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)	
Rear brake light switch	Section 25 of the Comon Service Manual		
Turn signal lights	Section 25 of the Common Service Manual	3 terminal relay.	

System Location



Headlight Removal/Installation



A WARNING

 The halogen headlight bulb becomes very hot while the headlight is ON, and remains hot for a while after it is turned OFF. Be sure to let it cool down before servicing.

CAUTION

- Wear clean gloves while replacing the bulb. Do not put finger prints on the headlight bulb, as they may create
 hot spots on the bulb and cause it to break.
- · If you touch the bulb with your bare hands, clean it with a cloth moistened with alcohol to prevent its early failure.
- · Be sure to install the dust cover after replacing the bulb.

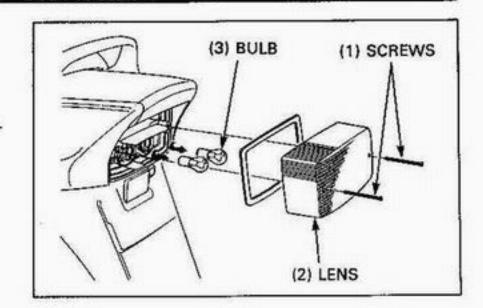
	Procedure		Remarks	
	Removal Order		Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
(1)	Screw	2		
(2)	Headlight bulb socket	1		
(3)	Position light bulb socket	1	Except U type.	
(4)	Dust cover	1	Install with the "TOP" mark facing up.	
(5)	Headlight bulb	1		
(6)	Headlight assembly	1		
(7)	Connectors	-	Connection (page 1-21)	
(8)	Headlight case	1	Align the index marks on the case and bracket.	

Tail/Brake Light

Remove the mounting screws and tail/brake light lens.

Remove the bulb from the socket by turning it counterclockwise and replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

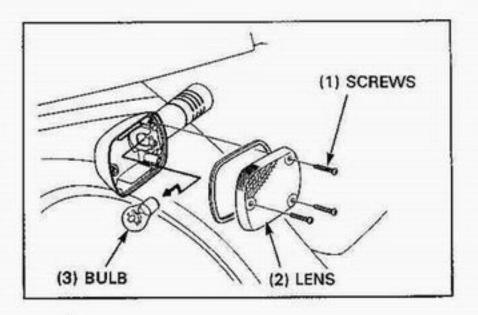


Turn Signal Bulb

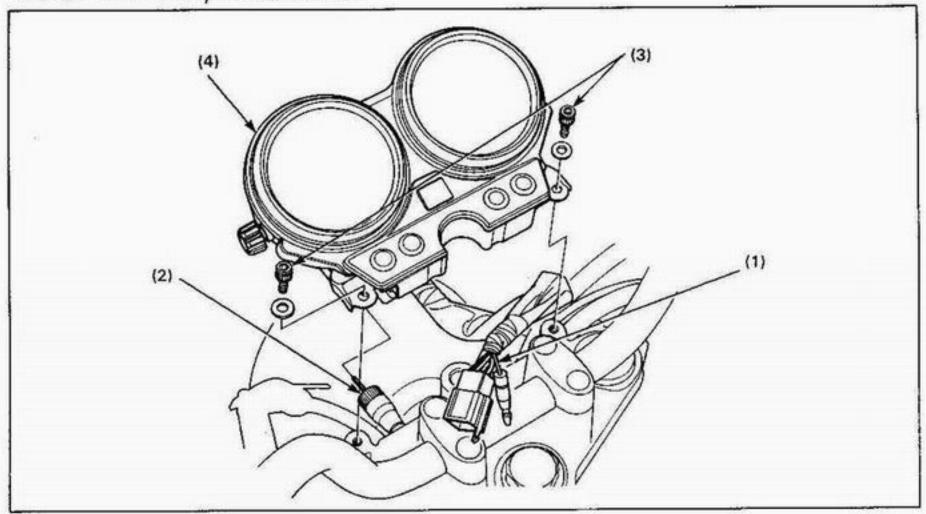
Remove the mounting screws and turn signal lens.

Remove the bulb from the socket by turning it counterclockwise and replace with a new one.

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Meter Removal/Installation

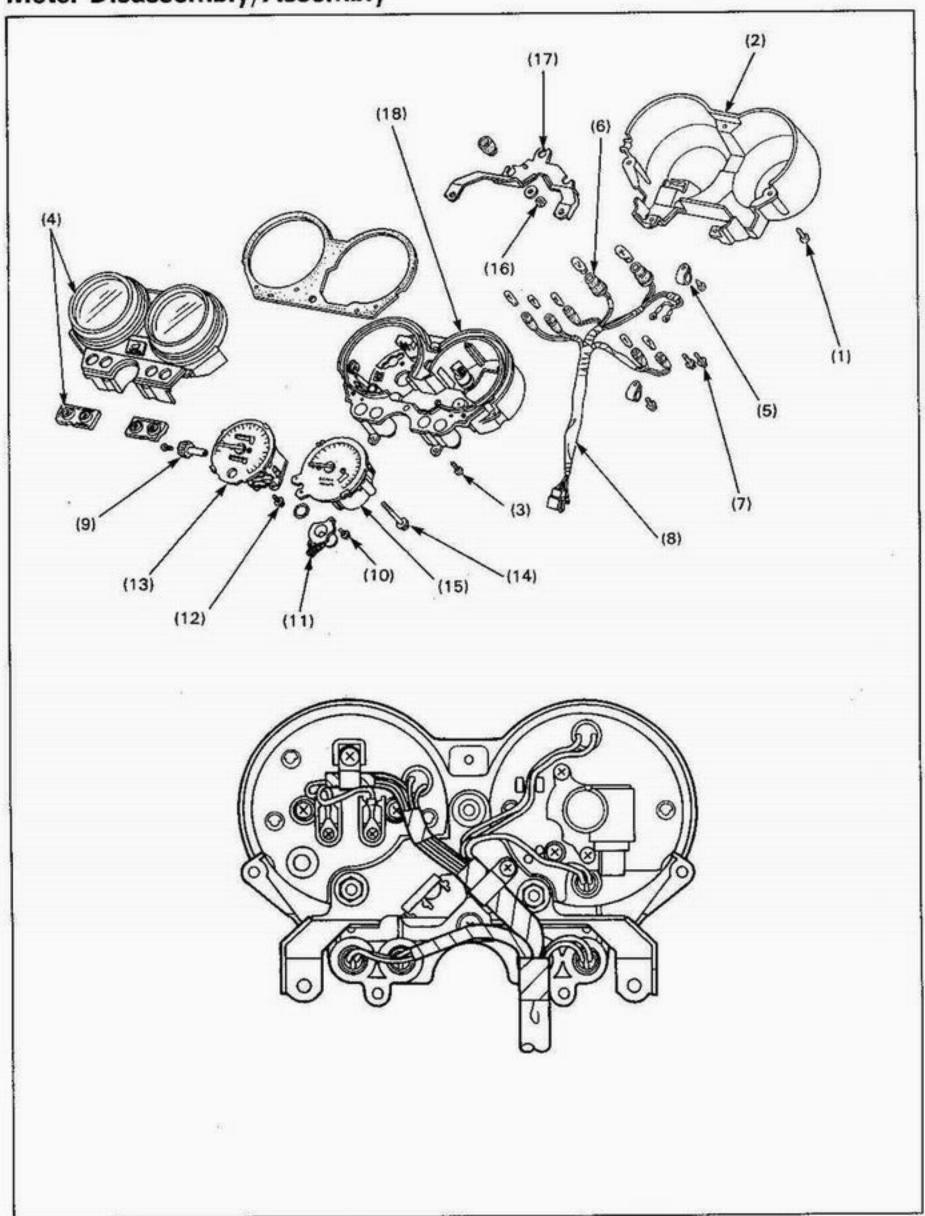


Requisite service

Headlight removal/installation (page 16-3)

Procedure	Crty	Remarks
Removal Order (1) Meter connector (2) Speedometer cable (3) Speedometer mounting bolt (4) Speedometer assembly	2 1 2	Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Connection (page 1-21)

Meter Disassembly/Assembly



NOTE

- · Connect the terminals and install the sockets according to the color codes indicated on the inner case.
- · Route the sub-harness as illustration shown.

Requisite Servce

Meter removal/installation (page 16-5)

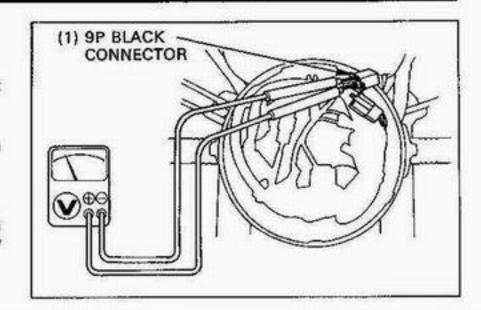
Procedure	Q'ty	Remarks
Disassembly Order		Assembly is in the reverse order of disassembly.
(1) Rear cover mounting screw	5	
(2) Rear cover	1	
(3) Front cover mounting screw	1	
(4) Front cover	1	
(5) Wire clamp	2	
(6) Indicator/meter light socket	7	
(7) Wire eyelet screw	2	
(8) Combination meter sub-harness	1	
(9) Trip meter reset knob	1	
10) Speedometer gearbox mounting screw	2	
11) Speedometer gearbox	1	
12) Speedometer mounting screw	2	
13) Speedometer	1	
14) Tachometer mounting screw	2	
15) Tachometer	1	
16) Meter stay mounting nut	3	
17) Meter stay	1	
18) Inner case	1	

Tachometer Inspection

Remove the headlight assembly (page 16-3), and disconnect the 9P mini Black connector.

Connect a voltmeter across the Yellow/Green(+) and Green (-) terminals of the main wire harness side.

Turn the ignition switch ON; battery voltage should register. If battey voltage does not register, the electric tachometer is not getting power. Trace and repair the related wiring and/or connectors.



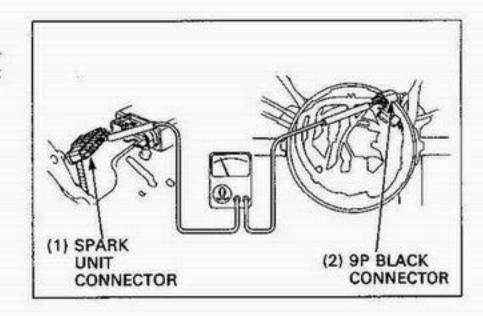
Disconnect the spark unit connector.

Check for continuity between the Yellow/Green wire terminals of the 9P mini Black connector and the spark unit connector.

There should be continuity in all cases.

If there is no continuity, replace the main wire harness.

If all checks are O.K., replace the tachometer.

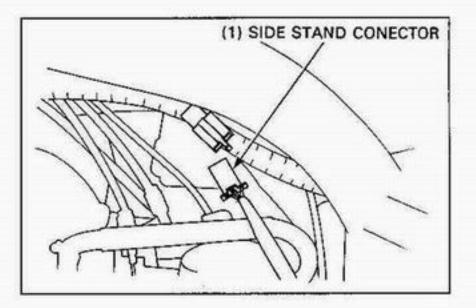


Side Stand Switch

Removal/Installation

Remove the fuel tank (page 2-3).

Disconnect the side stand switch 3P mini Black connector.



Remove the side stand switch mounting bolt and the side stand switch.

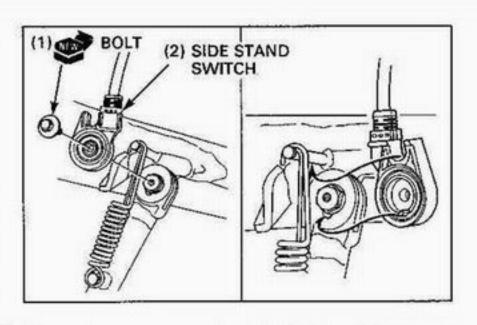
Install the switch in the reverse order of removal.

Torque: 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7.2 ft-lb)

NOTE

 Align the switch pin with the side stand hole and align the switch groove with the side stand return spring holding pin.

Route the side stand switch wire harness properly (page 1-21).

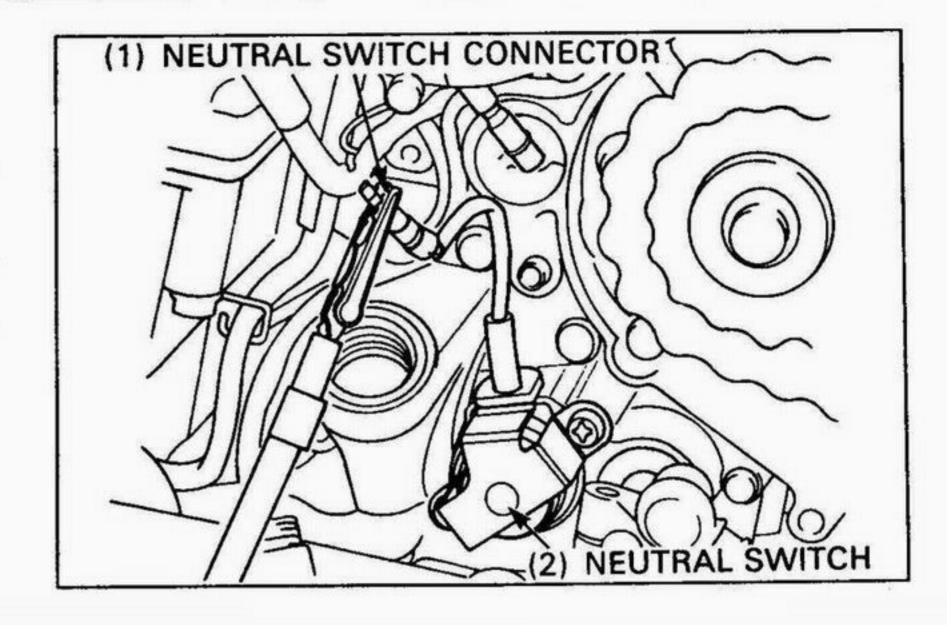


Neutral Switch

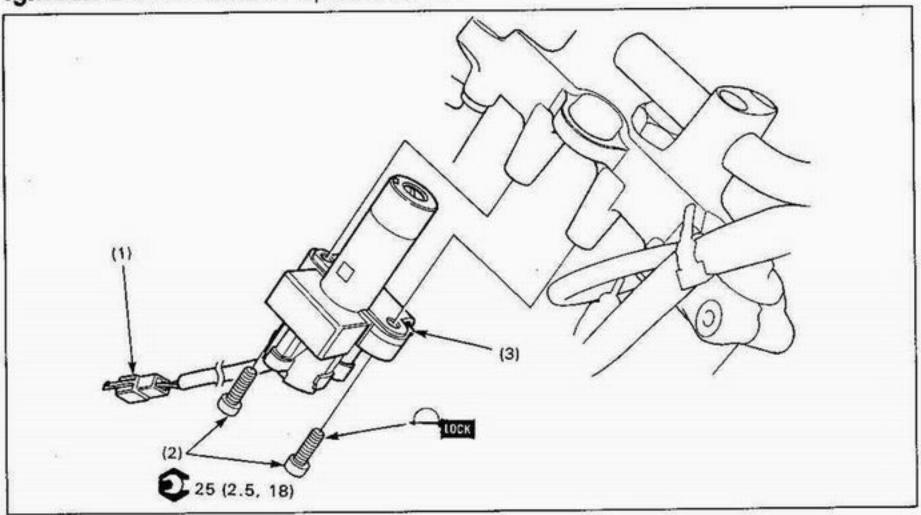
Remove the drive sprocket cover and disconnect the neutral switch connector.

Check the switch for continuity between the Light green/ Red wire terminal and ground first with the transmission in neutral and then with the transmission in any gear.

For neutral switch replacement, refer to page 8-10, 12.



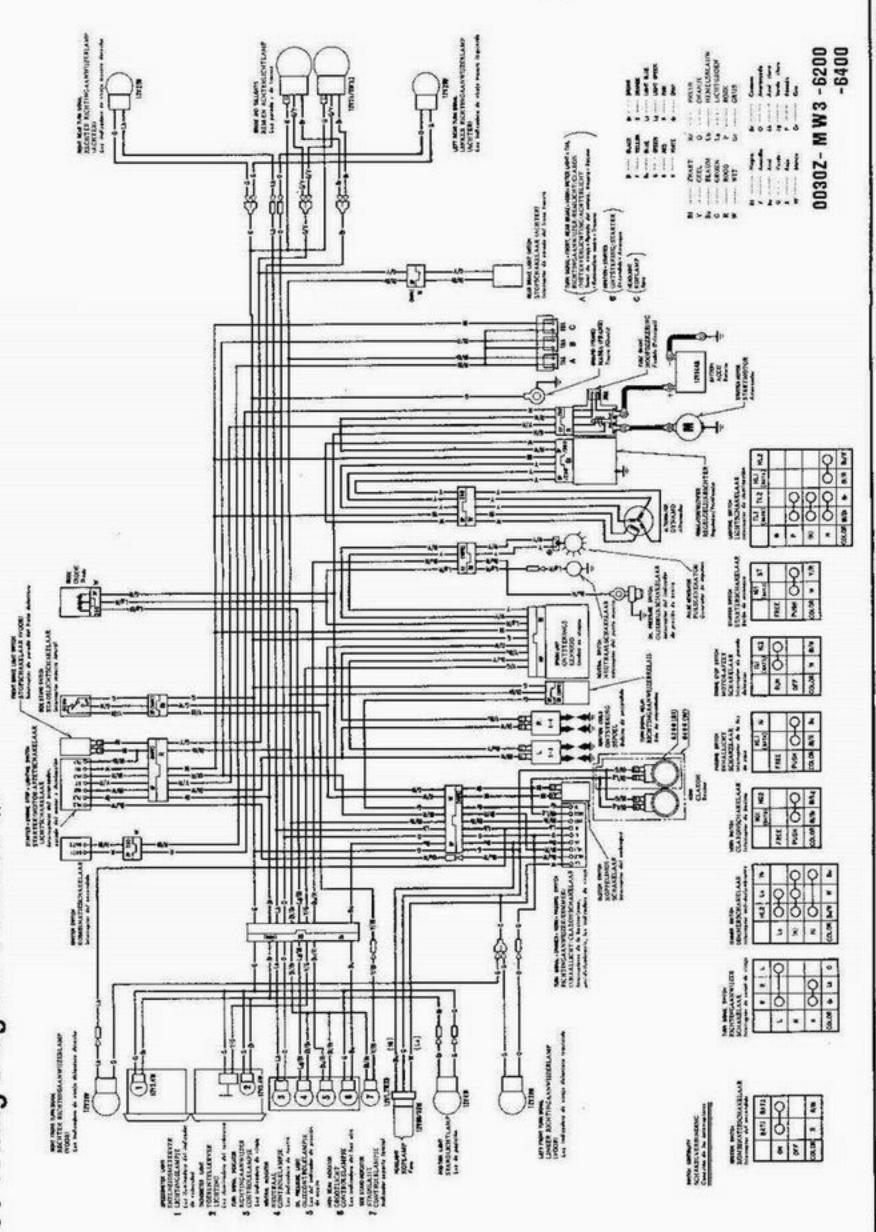
Ignition Switch Removal/Installation



Requisite Service

- Headlight removal/installation (page 16-3).
- Meter removal/installation (page 16-5)

	Procedure	Crty	Remarks
7	Removal Order	١,	Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
(1)	Ignition switch connector Ignition switch mounting bolt	2	· At installation, apply a locking agent to the threads.
(3)	Ignition switch	1	



17-1

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18. Troubleshooting

Possible Cause

Engine Does Not Start or is Hard

To start

Engine Lacks Power

Poor Perrormance at High Speed 18-3

Hydraulic Tappet

18-4

Poor Performance At Low and

Idle Speeds

Poor Perrormance at High Speed 18-3

Hydraulic Tappet

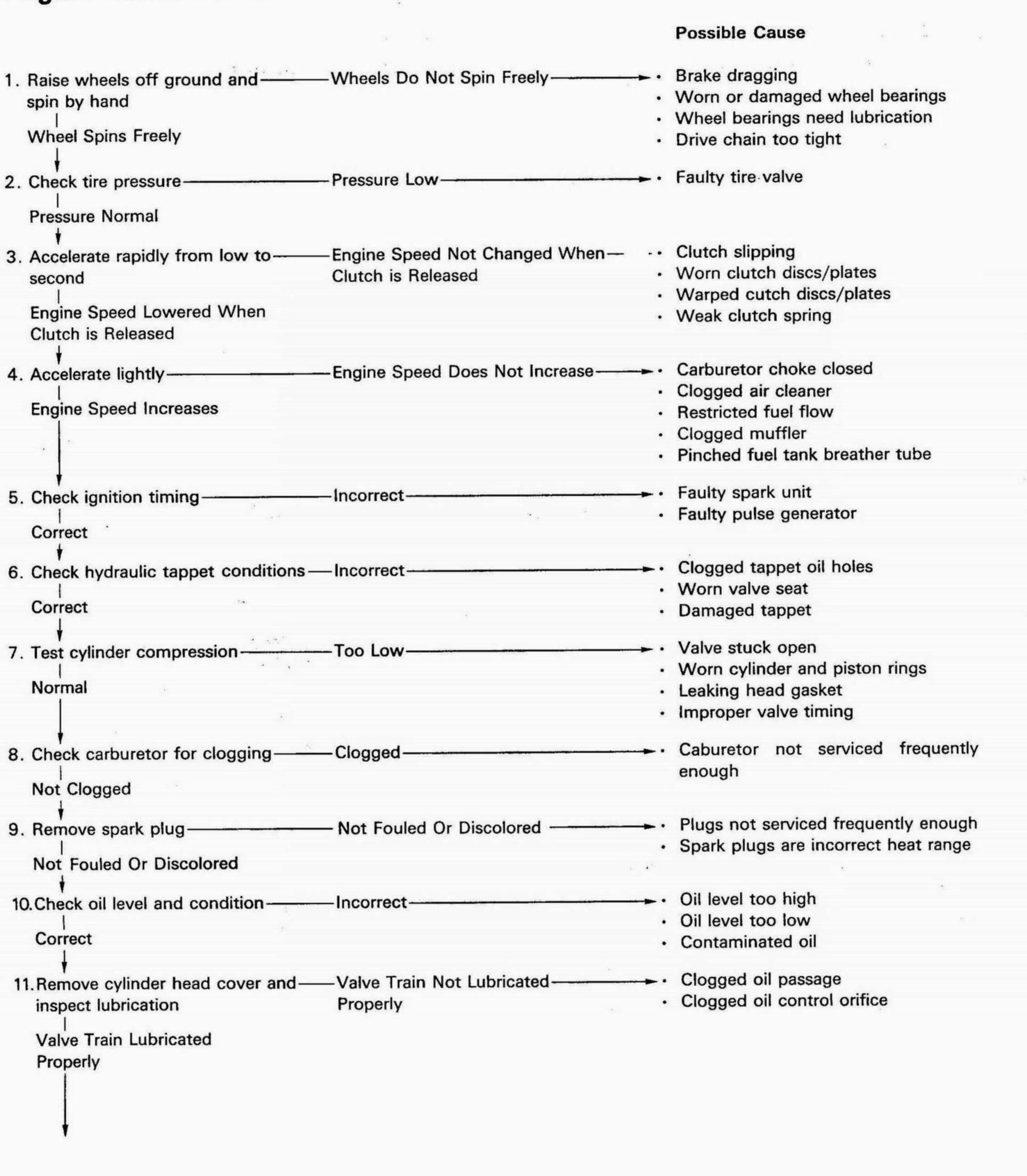
18-4

Engine Does Not Start Or Is Hard To Start

Clogged fuel tube or fuel strainer Not Reaching Carburetor-1. Check fuel flow to carburetor- Sticking float valve Reaching Carburetor Clogged fuel tank breather tube Disconnected or faulty auto fuel valve vacuum tube Faulty spark plugs -Weak Or No Spark-2. Perform a spark test- Fouled spark plugs Good Spark Faulty spark unit Broken or shorted spark plug wires Broken or shorted ignition coil Faulty ignition switch Faulty pulse generator Faulty engine stop switch Loose or disconnected ignition system wires Valve stuck open Low Compression-3. Test cylinder compression- Worn cylinder and piston rings Compression Normal Damaged cylinder head gasket Seized valve Improper valve timing Improper choke operation 4. Start by following normal procedure-Engine Starts But Stops- Carburetor incorrectly adjusted **Engine Does Not Fire** Intake pipe leaking Improper ignition timing (Faulty spark) unit or pulse generator) Fuel contaminated Carburetor flooded -Wet Plug-Remove and inspect spark plug— Choke closed Throttle valve open · Air cleaner dirty

18

Engine Lacks Power



Peossible Cause

Possible Cause

Possible Cause

Excessive carbon build-up in combus-12. Check for engine overheating--Overheatingtion chamber Not Overheating · Use of poor quality fuel Clutch slipping · Lean fuel mixture Wrong type of fuel Worn piston and cylinder 13. Accelerate or run at high speed ---- Engine Knocks-· Wrong type of fuel **Engine Does Not Knock** Excessive carbon build-up in combustion chamber · Ignition timing too advanced (Faulty spark unit) Lean fuel mixture

Poor Performance At Low And Idle Speeds

Tappet oil holes clogged -Incorrect- Check ignition timing and ———— Tappet damaged hydralic tappet condition · Improper ignition timing Correct (Faulty spark unit) See Fuel System Section -Incorrect-Check carburetor piot screw adjustment Correct

Loose insulator clamps Leaking -Check for leaking intake pipe— Damaged insulator No Leak

Faulty, carbon or wet fouled spark —Weak or Intermittent Spark – 4. Perform spark test-Good Spark See Ignition System Section

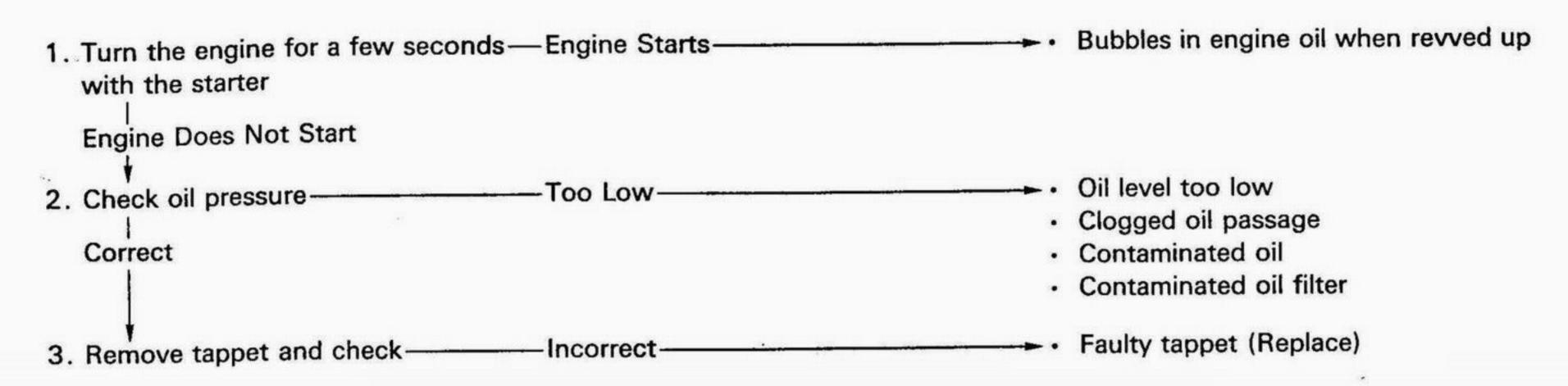
Poor Performance At High Speed

Damaged hydraulic tappet 1. Check ignition timing and-Faulty spark unit hydraulic tappet condition Faulty pulse generator Correct Clogged fuel line Fuel Flow Restricted-Disconnect fuel tube at— Clogged fuel tank breather carburetor Clogged fuel strainer Fuel Flows Freely

Troubleshoting	
	Possible Cause
- Clogged	
Remove carburetor and check for—Clogged— clogged jets	Clean
Not Clogged	
4. Check valve timing————Incorrect—	- Cam sprocket not installed properly
Correct	
	• Faulty spring
5. Check valve spring——— Week ——	
Not Weakened	
Poor Handling Check tire	pressure
	Possible Cause
1. If steering is heavy	Steering stem adjustment nut too tight
	Damaged steering head bearings
2. If either wheel is wobbling	Excessive wheel bearing play
	Bent rim Improperly installed wheel hub
	Swingarm pivot bearing excessively
	worn Bent frame
3. If the motorcycle pulls to one side	Front and rear wheels not aligned
	Bent fork
	Bent swingarm
	Bent front axle
Hydraulic Tappet	
Noisy Tappet	
	Possible Cause
1. Check for low oil level———Incorrect—	Contaminated oil
Ride for five minutes with the engine speed over 3,000 rpm	Contaminated oil filter
Check oil level and condition	
Correct	
2. Check oil pressure—————Too Low-	
1	Clogged oil control orifice
Not Clogged	Oil level too low
3. Remove cylinder head cover and——Not Lubric check lubrication	icated Properly
check lubrication	
Correct	
4. Remove hydraulic tappet and check-Incorrect-	Plunger sticking Faulty tappet
Correct	Faulty tappet Faulty one way valve

Engine Lacks Power

Possible Cause



MEMO

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